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[illegible] the effects of youth[illegible] or indiscretions, will do well to avail [illegible] of this, the greatest boon ever [illegible] altar of suffering humanity. Dr. SPIN[illegible] will guarantee to forfeit $500 for every [illegible] seminal weakness, or private disease of [illegible] or character which he undertakes [illegible] to cure. He would, therefore say to [illegible] unfortunate sufferer who may read this no[illegible] that you are treading upon dangerous [illegible] when you longer delay in seeking the [illegible] remedy for your complaint. You may [illegible] the first stage; remember you are ap[illegible]ing the last. If you are bordering upon [illegible], and are suffering some or all its ill ef[illegible] remember that if you persist in procrasti[illegible], the time must come when the most [illegible] physician can render you no assistance; [illegible] the door of hope will be closed against [illegible] when no angel of mercy can bring you re[illegible] In no case has the Doctor failed of suc[illegible] Then let not despair work upon your [illegible]ination, but avail yourself of the beneficial [illegible]s of his treatment before your case is be[illegible] the reach of medical skill, or before grim [illegible] hurries you to a premature grave. Full [illegible] of treatment $25.00. Send money by [illegible] Office order or Express with full descrip[illegible] of the case. Call, or address
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[illegible]ITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY ASSESSMENT.
[illegible]CE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE AS[illegible]ment roll of the city of Portland has been [illegible]ed and will remain open at the auditor's [illegible] until January 1, 1877, prior to which time ap[illegible]tions for corrections of errors must be filed. [illegible]cular attention is directed to the following [illegible] of Ordinance No. 1,113
[illegible] 3. Any person deeming himself aggrieved [illegible]sessment, valuation or listing of property, [illegible]ly to the Common Council for a revision of [illegible]e.
[illegible] application shall contain a list of all the prop[illegible] subject to taxation for city purposes, owned [illegible] the hands of, or under the control of the [illegible]t, and a concise statement of the particular [illegible] items claimed to be erroneous [illegible] [illegible] and application shall in all cases be verified [illegible] or affirmation of the applicant, and must be [illegible]th the Auditor before the 1st day of Janua[illegible]wing the date of the filing of the Assess[illegible]oll.
W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.
[illegible]nd, Dec. 1, 1876.

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[illegible]UNCED BY [illegible]OISSEURS [illegible] BE THE [illegible] GOOD [illegible]UCE,"
[illegible]plicable to [illegible] VARIETY [illegible] DISH.
EXTRACT of a Letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."
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Morning Oregonian.

VOL. X[illegible].—NO. 236. PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1876. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

[illegible] EASTERN NEWS.

The Electoral Colleges.

[illegible], Dec. 6.—The electors cast [illegible] and Hendricks. The pro[illegible] in due form. No objections [illegible]

[illegible] Dec. 6.—The electors cast the [illegible] and Hendricks.

[illegible] Nov. 6.—The electors cast [illegible] for Hayes and Wheeler.

[illegible] I., Dec. 6.—The Presidential [illegible] and cast four votes for [illegible]

[illegible] Dec. 6.—State electors voted [illegible]

[illegible] 6.—Electoral College voted [illegible]

[illegible] 6.—Electoral College voted [illegible] Frost was repre[illegible] and Conway, Republican [illegible] certificate, which was tabled.

[illegible] 6.—The electors voted for [illegible]

[illegible] Dec. 6.—The electors voted [illegible] and Wheeler to-day. The [illegible] certificates from McEnery [illegible] Hendricks. [illegible] himself duly elected, [illegible] people of Louisiana, [illegible] complimenting them on [illegible] expressing confidence in [illegible] truth and justice.

[illegible]—The Democratic elec[illegible] for Tilden and Hen[illegible] elected messenger.

[illegible] 7.—A Tallahassee special [illegible] Hayes electors [illegible] Drew by 24 votes, but [illegible] a majority of 5 on joint [illegible]. Cocke refused to [illegible] certificates and pro[illegible] action of the other two [illegible] issued certificates to the [illegible] who cast their votes for [illegible]

[illegible] South Carolina.

[illegible]—The Democratic electors [illegible] the vote of the State for [illegible] and entered a protest [illegible] Secretary of State [illegible] him not to deliver the [illegible] to Speaker Mackey, as the [illegible]. The Mackey house [illegible] reading, allowing the [illegible] any officer quali[illegible]. The law requires [illegible] to perform that duty. The [illegible] appointed a committee [illegible] referred the legality [illegible] of Edgefield and [illegible]

Victory in New Mexico.

[illegible] 6.—The official canvass of [illegible] New Mexico at the recent [illegible] for Congress, 0,591; [illegible]

[illegible] for Tilden.

[illegible] nearly all the journals [illegible] gone over to Tilden. [illegible] The Tribune's Albany [illegible] recent indications from [illegible] almost conclusively [illegible] to be waged in Con[illegible] succession, Tilden [illegible] from the action of [illegible] of West, that Conk[illegible] with this subject [illegible] significance from the [illegible] by a prominent [illegible] College, that the [illegible] of Seymour's ad[illegible] a preface to a [illegible] made by Conkling in [illegible]

[illegible] special says that [illegible] of the House, after [illegible] of the case, will [illegible] Bufford, member[illegible]. Thus far they find the [illegible] course entitled [illegible]

[illegible] Slander.

[illegible] Tribune's Washing[illegible] Cox and Holman, [illegible] the blunder of the [illegible] Colorado, and expect an [illegible] correct it by [illegible] House.

[illegible] Throat-Cutting.

[illegible] bitterly disappointed [illegible] had gone Republi[illegible] threatening and excited. [illegible] Morrison re[illegible] to Garfield in New [illegible] the people would be [illegible] inside of a hun[illegible] this to-day, and [illegible] of it than ever.

[illegible] of Missouri.

[illegible]—The report of the pro[illegible] electors of this [illegible] yesterday, shows that [illegible] Republican elector for the [illegible] letter to Gov. Hardin [illegible] on the ground that [illegible] elector, was ineligible, [illegible] received the highest [illegible] in that district. [illegible] by Gov. Hardin, [illegible] had already been [illegible] the session of the col[illegible] communication setting [illegible] eligibility, and claiming [illegible]. This the college de[illegible] quently George H. [illegible] the Republican State [illegible] protest to the college [illegible] any person to act [illegible] Frost as being illegal [illegible] State, also against Ger[illegible] allowed to vote or act [illegible] and not legally en[illegible] the refusal of the col[illegible] to act as an elector. The [illegible] the grounds on [illegible]. This protest was [illegible] vote of the college and [illegible] President and Vice [illegible]

[illegible] Talks of it.

[illegible]—The Journal pub[illegible] Gov. Hendricks on [illegible] thinks the action of the re[illegible] Florida, South Carolina and [illegible] with the law of [illegible] federal constitution, but [illegible] do justice and assert the [illegible]. He does not [illegible] can declare who is [illegible] two Houses of Congress are [illegible] the count, furnishing [illegible] correct reading of the bal[illegible] the 22d joint rule, which he [illegible] in operation since 1858. He [illegible] of the House declaring [illegible] and the Senate Hayes, and [illegible] would be of a most serious [illegible] upon all parties the [illegible]

[illegible] over Oregon News.

[illegible]—The Journal's Washington [illegible] Democrats as well as Repub[illegible] at the action of the Gov[illegible] certificate of election [illegible] Democratic electors. Democrats [illegible] know the inside object to be [illegible] don't expect this vote to be [illegible] to compel the Senate to con[illegible] the face of certificates of the [illegible] investigate the matter. By [illegible] hope to bring up the cases of [illegible] Florida and Louisiana. Lead[illegible] said they didn't believe any [illegible] from the action of Grover [illegible] take no notice of the pre[illegible] votes sent here by Cronin, [illegible] and count the votes returned [illegible] elected electors.

[illegible] Dec. 7.—The news from Ore[illegible] this morning, [illegible] the absorbing topic. Re[illegible] say, it is a great measure, [illegible] the alarm, and now the gen[illegible]. This altered tone is [illegible] presentation of facts and [illegible] made by Sargent's speech [illegible] Conkling's conversation [illegible] Senators, and his [illegible] thorough investigation to the matter by the Senate committee on privileges and elections. Sargent introduced this subject in the pending political debate by challenging the Democrats who had assailed the Southern returning boards to defend the action of Grover, who, he said, was the returning board in Oregon, in attempting to steal a vote for Tilden to destroy an entire electoral college to defeat the indisputed will of a sovereign State. He cited decisions of the New York Court of Appeals and California Supreme Court, that the ineligibility of a candidate cannot be held to elect another who received only a minority of the votes cast; and then, with marked effect referred to a decision of the U. S. Senate establishing the same principle in the case of Abbott vs. Vance, a decision in which every Democratic Senator concurred. He also argued that Grover had not complied with the plain requirements of the Oregon law to deliver certificates to the electors at their appointed hour of meeting. The general feeling of all disinterested persons here, however, is that all trouble and possible conflict concerning the electoral votes should be avoided by the speedy enactment by Congress, and prompt ratification by State legislatures, of Edmunds' proposition for a constitutional amendment authorizing the U. S. Supreme Court to count the vote and decide all controverted questions. This proposition will come up as the next business in the Senate, and no doubt is entertained of its passage by that body.

The Situation in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 7.—The Senate and Democratic House passed a bill authorizing any qualified officer to administer the oath to the governor. A few minutes after 1 o'clock the members of the Senate marched to the Republican House, where Chamberlain was inaugurated and sworn in by the probate judge, when he delivered a short inaugural. The Democratic House appointed a committee to inform the Senate and Gen. Ruger that it was a legal House under the decision of the Supreme court, and requested the latter to withdraw the troops from the State House.

Situation in Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Dec. 7.—A *quo warranto* was issued and served on the Hayes electors yesterday before they cast their votes; also a writ of injunction was obtained in behalf of Governor Drew against the members of the canvassing board, and an order granted restraining them from completing the canvass on the basis of the vote canvassed by a majority of the board for electors. Attorney General W. A. Cocke, a member of the canvassing board, protested against the action of the board in certifying to the majority of votes in favor of the Hayes electors, and denounced these as a criminal and gross falsification of the returns on file in the office of the Secretary of State. He also gave certificates of election to the Tilden electors, stating therein that the returns on file canvassed by the board showed a clear majority for the Tilden and Hendricks electors. The Democratic electors met at the capitol in the office of the Attorney General, and cast the vote of the State according to law. They also signed a petition to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, stating their legal election and praying that they be recognized as electors. The Republican electors cast their votes for Hayes and Wheeler. C. F. Pearse, colored, was selected as messenger to carry the returns to Washington.

Address of the Democratic Visitors.

LIVE OAK, Fla., Dec. 6.—The visiting Democrats to-day issued an address to S. J. Randall and the House of Representatives, saying that they have the grief of seeing the Tilden electors, who were chosen, counted out and Hayes counted in. They denounce it as a preconcerted fraud, well promulgated and understood at the polls, and finally carried out by the returning board. They say it is manifest, first, that Tilden had a majority of all the votes cast; second, that Tilden electors had a majority over and above the radical count after the fraudulent votes had increased it; third, that the majority declaring for Hayes is fictitious, fraudulent and manufactured, and a flagrant violation of the law. The board were shameless enough not to conceal their swindle. Congress must determine whether this assault upon the rights and liberties of freemen, protected by the federal administration hitherto, shall be allowed at the capital. They present a sad picture of the corruption and distress under carpet-bag rule in Florida.

The Florida Committee Go to Work.

Woodburn, of Nevada, at the request of his Republican colleagues, accepts the appointment on the Florida investigating committee, vice Garfield, resigned, and started for Tallahassee to-night. The House is unlikely to do any important business before the Christmas recess, when the committee is expected back.

Senator Jones will Stick to Business.

Senator Jones, in view of important matters pending before the Senate, has abandoned the intention of visiting Nevada this winter.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

On motion of Morton, it was ordered that the testimony taken by a special committee to examine into the question of Chinese immigration, be printed.

Withers called up his resolution asking the President to explain the presence of Federal soldiers in Petersburg on election day.

Logan moved its reference to the military committee.

A lengthy debate followed, Withers opposing referring, Logan asserting there was no evidence the troops were there improperly or that they committed any wrong. Might not the President send troops anywhere in the United States for a lawful purpose?

Withers said the purpose of the resolution was to discover whether the troops were sent lawfully or not.

Thurman read from the revised statutes to show that the burden of proof rested on the President as to the legality of sending.

Logan asserted the entire integrity of the proceeding and the troops in no wise interfered with the election.

Thurman referred to English laws, which forbid the stationing of troops within a mile of polling places on election day.

Logan ridiculed this doctrine and said the statute meant that troops should not be used for intimidation on election day.

Withers, at the request of Logan, modified his resolution, making it respectfully request the President to state whether the troops were stationed in Petersburg on election day, under what authority, and for what purpose.

Morton defended the President's action in the case.

Sargent, in his reply to Thurman's reference to English law, said elections in England furnished no parallel to elections in the Southern States. In England the rights of both sides were protected. What were the events which happened in the Southern States during the recent Presidential election? The air was full of reports and statements of intimidations and wrongs toward Republican voters. It was not well to be so sensitive about the use of the army when it was known rifle clubs had taken possession of the polls in the South. He regretted that the strong arm of the United States was not at Hamburg, S. C., last spring, and regretted there was not some power within striking distance when Eliza Pinkston's husband was killed in Louisiana before her eyes, her babe killed, she violated and cut so badly as to hardly resemble a human being. He argued that Republicans in the South had been prevented from voting, and there had been necessity for interference by the army. He commended the President of the United States for the action he had taken, and the Senate of the United States should not, by passing this resolution, throw out the implication that he acted improperly.

Johnson said his resolution related to Virginia, not to South Carolina or Louisiana. If the Senator from California or anyone else said there had been intimidation or fraud in Virginia which justified interference by U. S. troops, he labored under a great mistake. There had been no Kuklux, no rifle clubs in Virginia, and the only intimidation practised there had been by colored Republicans against colored Democrats. The troops were a menace.

Hogan made a brief argument, paying a tribute to the soldier.

Morton referred to the riot at Petersburg a few years ago. He presumed the President had good cause for sending troops there. He would, however, support the resolution though he opposed it at first.

Thurman said Logan intimated that those who favored the resolution were enemies of the army. He asserted the army's worst enemies were those who desired them to interfere in elections, and referred to the condition of Rome under Cæsar as a despotism whose liberty was overthrown by a military chieftain.

Edmunds claimed the U. S. army must support the courts when legally called on, and the President should always have sufficient force at his command to execute the laws. He believed the President had good reason for sending troops to Petersburg. The resolution was then agreed to.

The Chair presented the President's message and accompanying documents. It was moved to be printed and laid on the table.

Sherman objected to printing the documents, but not the message. Sherman explained that the communication was prepared at the request of the President, asking certain gentlemen to visit New Orleans and report. He explained the meeting and action of the two committees before the returning boards, and declared the canvass was open and public with every opportunity for the Democrats and candidates' counsel to inspect and object. This was the result of such action by the board and the report of testimony. He declared the testimony established both the legality of the count and its justice. Such was the terrorism, intimidation, etc., that the public would believe any other return by the canvassing board was a reproach to our civilization. He could not now say whether the board acted right in specific polling places, but the finding of the board was justified by law and the testimony and by the highest principles of justice and honor. Answering Eaton he said, all the published testimony taken by the Democratic committee accompanied the communication, with few exceptions, being unobtainable matter. He considered it the President's duty to submit this to Congress, and favored the publication of all the evidence. The board had been misrepresented.

Bogy said he believed the Louisiana election had been orderly and fair. The depositions sent by the President to the Senate violated the law of Louisiana, which provided that any evidence of fraud should be sent within 24 hours after the election. He referred to the Pinkston testimony, saying a grosser imposition never was practiced in this country. Her case had no reference to politics, and he was astonished that Sargent alluded to it. Had he been satisfied Louisiana voted for Hayes he would say so. He was fully convinced Tilden carried it.

Stevenson objected to printing this matter and moved its reference to committee on printing. It was a question of popular liberty now, not of the election of Hayes or Tilden. The latter carried Louisiana by 6,000 or 7,000 majority. Many negroes voted the Democratic ticket.

Sherman asserted if Mrs. Pinkston's evidence was true, her husband was murdered on account of his politics. He vindicated the action of the returning board and its personnel, which was honorable, dignified and courageous throughout.

West denied that the negroes voted the Democratic ticket. It was an absurd idea. There was 15,000 colored majority in Louisiana, which showed the State was not Democratic. He noticed that others had learned of the murders and outrages he had so long told to the Senate of in his State.

Stevenson said the Senate declared when refusing a seat to Pinchback, there was no legal government in Louisiana. How, then, was the returning board legal?

After further discussion the motion to print depositions was referred to the printing committee.

The Chair announced as new members of committee on elections: Howe, Boutwell and Kernan.

Edmunds moved to consider his constitutional amendments for counting the electoral vote.

Merrimon objected, as the 22d joint rule being in force, required resolutions, etc., not acted on at the close of the first session, to be taken up and acted on as if no adjournment had occurred. The proper order was unfinished business.

The chairman ruled the joint rules not in force. Merrimon appealed and addressed the Senate, but the Senate adjourned.

House.

Springer moved that the message be referred to the select committee on Louisiana.

Conger asked whether the testimony be read or printed for information of members.

Springer objected.

Pending action Woodburn was appointed on the Florida select committee, vice Garfield excused.

After discussion the Speaker decided that members could not be required to vote on a paper before being read, as it was in the nature of information and a step toward correct legislation. The reading of Sherman's report and others occupied nearly an hour.

Wood expressed surprise at such a message from the President. It was extraordinary and unprecedented. The President, in his eight years' experience, had seen proper to send to the House this unauthorized communication from persons of no official position. The President's only motive must be to suggest that the House had authority to institute careful inquiry into the Presidential election in advance of the regular presentation of the great subject. Wood objected to the message as partisan. His first impulse had been to move the document be returned to the President. He now moved it be laid on the table with accompanying documents.

Hoar said his side desired to debate the subject, but being undebatable, Wood's motion was adopted by 158 to 30, a party vote.

The House then adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The Chair presented Carl Schurz's communication praying that a constitutional amendment be presented which shall give the counting of the votes to the Supreme court. Laid on the table, the motion of Edmunds having been already reported.

Anthony, of the printing committee, reported in favor of printing the depositions accompanying Senator Sherman's report on the election.

Saulsbury dissented from the majority report, declaring ex parte testimony should not be disseminated.

McDonald favored printing all testimony of both sides concerning the South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida elections.

Sherman, answering Merrimon, said there were three classes of testimony presented with the communication. First, oral, taken before the board and proceedings of the board; second, papers and sworn statements; third, testimony taken legally on interrogatories and cross interrogatories.

Eaton opposed printing other testimony than what was taken by the regular Congressional committees in a regular way.

Thurman didn't wish to suppress any facts, but disliked to forestall public opinion, and would not object to the publication of this, together with the forthcoming testimony concerning the Louisiana returning board. This was the third time they had thwarted the will of the people of that State, and now the matter concerned the whole republic. He wanted to examine the testimony on which this extraordinary result has been reached. Sherman hadn't mentioned the secret sessions of the board, and the resolutions which converted 7,000 Democratic majority into 4,000 Republican majority. That was done in the worst form of secrecy. The very determination of the board not to fill the vacancy from the 83,000 Democrats who voted in the State showed there was a wrong purpose. A Democrat would have witnessed the secret work of the board. All the whitewashing could not conceal or hide this guilt. He protested against the majority of the Senate giving this one sided evidence to the country until all could be given.

Morton said the singular spectacle was presented of the Democrats denouncing the returning board as a fraud and yet objecting to the publication of the evidence which determined their action. The Democratic visiting committee at New Orleans had refused the invitation of the Republicans to publish jointly the evidence laid before the board. They wanted testimony to make up a case not before the board. They confessed they were dissatisfied with the town case, if the returning board acted unfairly, by bringing forward the proof.

Thurman said the Democratic committee in refusing to furnish their testimony to the Republicans. They were not invited to join Republicans in making up a verdict to return to the President, but merely to let Republicans do it. He hoped Congress would act circumspectly now; this form of government and the constitution was being tested.

Morton said the Democratic statement could not be straightened by any ingenuity of the other side. When the Republicans invited the Democrats to lay the whole case before the country, the latter refused, and when the Republicans offered to publish it the Democrats asked them not to do so.

Sherman defended his committee, which presented all the objectionable evidence. On this testimony the returning board made its decision.

Thurman reaffirmed this was the report of an official body, and this was not an authorized report. Where was the statute authorizing it?

Edmunds said the second article of the Federal constitution ordered the President to transmit from time to time information of the state of the Union. It was his bounden duty, and he obeyed it by inviting citizens to go to New Orleans and get such information and report. He then presented the result to Congress. It was unprecedented to refuse to print a message sent by the President.

House.

The resolution offered by McCrary for the appointment of a joint committee in reference to the decision of the question of the Presidential election, was referred to the judiciary committee.

Woods' resolution calling on the President for copies of his orders to the military officers in the South, was objected to by Kasson, and the House adjourned, the Democrats remaining for a caucus and acting on the report of the committee on the course to be pursued, pending the present political complication.

The appropriation committee will report a bill appropriating $21,000 for the expenses of the special committees on elections.

The post-office appropriation bill will be considered Saturday.

To-day Luttrell introduced a bill to quiet land claims in California.

McCrary introduced the following resolution:

WHEREAS, There are differences of opinion as to the proper mode of canvassing the electoral votes for President and Vice-President, and the manner of determining questions that may arise as to the legality or validity of returns made of such votes by the several States; and,

WHEREAS, It is of the utmost importance that all differences of opinion, all doubts or uncertainty on these questions should be removed, to the end that the votes may be counted and the result declared by a tribunal whose decision all will respect as final; therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to act in conjunction with any similar committee appointed by the Senate to prepare and report immediately such measure, either legislative or constitutional, as may, in their judgment, be best calculated to accomplish the desired end; that said committee have leave to report at any time.

After a short discussion the resolution was referred to the judiciary committee, with leave to report at any time.

Frye presented the protest of the Colorado legislature against the refusal of the House to admit to his seat the member elect from that State. Referred to the judiciary committee.

McCrary reported a bill to amend the Pacific Railroad act, by making the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad in Nebraska a branch of the Union Pacific Railway, and requiring both roads to be operated conjointly.

Frye made a point of order, that as such bill affected a land grant road, it must first be considered in committee of the whole.

The Speaker overruled the point, as the bill appropriated neither land nor money.

Frye said his only motive was to have a full discussion of the bill, which was a very important one as affecting the interests of the government and the U. P. R. R. He desired its consideration postponed.

Crounse opposed postponement, as only another means to defeat the bill.

McCrary proceeded to explain and advocate the measure. He contended that Congress had a clear right to pass the bill, first, under the general power to alter or amend the charter of the Union Pacific Railroad, and second, because the President might now exercise his prerogative to fix terms and conditions on which other lines should connect with the Union Pacific.

The morning hour expired, and the bill went over till next morning hour.

Atkins, member of the appropriation committee, reported the pension bill, appropriating $33,000,000. He would call it up to-morrow.

Monroe desired to make a motion concerning a bill of last session.

The Speaker decided it conflicted with joint rules, and was not admissible.

Mills offered a resolution calling on the President for information about the removal of the Sioux to Indian Territory; adopted. House adjourned.

THE BROOKLYN HOLOCAUST.

Heartrending Details.

Appalling Loss of Life—Estimated [illegible].

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

At 5 o'clock, 220 bodies were taken from Park Theater terribly burned, bruised and disfigured. A look into the pit at this time still showed a considerable pile of corpses lying crosswise like stacks of wood, and there were apparently still 50 or 60 corpses remaining. As night approached, two calcium lights were placed in position and the work of removing the ghastly forms of the dead continued. They were under the galleries but no estimate could be made of the number. The charred remains of the victims were taken out in front and rear of the theater and rapidly loaded in boxes and placed upon the undertaker's wagon, but the pile of bodies did not seem to diminish. Although the fire originated on the stage the loss of life to the theatrical company was not extensive. Two lives lost. Two young men in the flower of their professional life, Harry S. Murdoch and Claude Burroughs. These two were playing respectively, Pierre, the cripple, and Picard, valet to the chevalier. At the moment when fire was discovered Murdoch was before the curtain playing with Miss Kate Claxton. As soon as the panic occurred and a general rush was made to escape, Murdock and Burroughs ran to their dressing rooms to get clothes to wear on the street, their garments being very scanty in the play. Their dressing-rooms were on the same side of the stage, and on the right wing as viewed from the auditorium, and consequently farthest from the stage door, even had that means of exit not been locked by the panic stricken janitor. The dressing rooms were arranged in tiers, approached by a narrow stairway which led up to the painter's bridge, which spans the stage. Murdock's room was on the second tier, and Burroughs' on the third. Before they emerged the stairway was one sheet of flame, so eagerly and so rapidly did the fire do its work. All chance of retreat was cut off, and the unfortunate men were driven back by the roaring flames step by step. Still supposing, in the agony of their peril, that by some chance means of descent from the other side of the bridge might offer, they ascended the trembling structure. They were last seen by J. J. Study, a member of the company, who had left his dressing room a few seconds before them and fought his way through the flames to a place of comparative safety, from which he was enabled to make his escape. Once on the bridge, their position was hopeless; they could not descend by the way they came up and there was no other means of escape but to leap. At half-past 10 o'clock this evening the bodies of the two men were dragged from the ruins and both were identified by remnants of the dress worn on the stage. Only the trunk of Murdoch remained.

When the panic occurred on the main floor of the theater, Thos. Rockford, chief usher of the establishment, was in the lobby. The performance was almost over, and he was about making arrangements for departure of the audience. At the cries of fire, he rushed into the auditorium, and, taking in the terrible situation, endeavored to quiet the people about him; seeing they were too thoroughly alarmed, he ran to the doors leading into Flood's alley, which connects with Johnson street and Myrtle avenue, and opened them so the people might escape that way. This diverted many from seeking escape through the main entrance. All who were on the right hand side of the parquette and balcony escaped through these doors. The opening of the doors created a tremendous draught, which so increased the flames that the players were compelled to abandon the stage and escape as best they might. They had remained there to the last, but seeing that it was now a question of life and death, they retreated. The flames shot out on all sides of the stage, enveloped the proscenium, and smoke began pouring in volumes into the parquette. Burroughs and Murdoch were the last to leave. Probably not more than five minutes elapsed between the beginning of the panic and envelopment of the stage and parquette in flames. By this time nearly all of those in the lower part of the house had escaped. The crowd from above came pouring down into the lobbies which were soon densely crowded. The stairways were choked up, and there seemed to be no way in which they could be relieved. Many succeeded in escaping by the regular means of egress into Washington street, but that staircase was also soon crowded, and escape by that way was impossible. The greatest loss of life must have been among those in the family circle or top gallery. Those who happened to be seated near the doors succeeded in gaining the stairways and lower part of the house, but there were many who got no further than the second floor where the dead were. The flames made such rapid headway that the floors fell in before assistance could reach them. The shrieks of women, and shouts and imprecations of men, and pitiful cries of children were heard below, but there was no human relief for their heartrending situation. To have human beings perish almost in sight of their fellows is something terrible beyond description. There were two hundred persons in the theater, and five hundred in the galleries.

This evening notwithstanding the popularity of Miss Muller in the latest play at Union Square theater, the proprietors ordered that theater to be closed and a placard draped in mourning was placed at the entrance, stating that in consequence of the terrible disaster in Brooklyn there would be no performance this evening.

At a late hour last night 285 bodies had been recovered. Kate Claxton loses $10,000; Ida Vernon, $8,000 and Shook & Palmer, lessees of the theater, $30,000. The city authorities are in session to make arrangements for interment in Greenwood cemetery of the dead not identified.

The *Times* says Fire Marshal Kennedy, who has made an exhaustive examination of the circumstances attending the fire, is of opinion that at least 350 persons perished in the flames.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The fire at Brooklyn dwarfs the Presidential question. All the journals' pages are devoted to details, though scarcely anything is known not already telegraphed.

The *Sun* says E. B. Dickinson, secretary of the national committee, was the last man to leave Brooklyn theater.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The dimensions of the awful calamity which has befallen the city of Brooklyn and consequent loss of life have not yet been realized. Enough is known, however, to make it certain that the catastrophe ranks among the most fatal ever recorded. According to the statements of all parties who profess to know anything as to the origin of the fire, it began on the stage. The business manager says a piece of canvas of which trees were made was broken from its fastenings and hung from the flies immediately over one of the border lights near the center of the stage. The canvas had begun to smoulder and the paint on it to crackle, and the carpenter was directed to ascend to one of the grooves and remove the dangerous object. He could barely reach it with his hand, and he drew it hastily up, and the rapid motion through the air of the half ignited and highly inflammable canvas, caused it to burst into flame, which rapidly spread to the adjoining material, equally susceptible. All efforts to extinguish the flames were abortive, and the carpenter had to retire to save his own life.

The scene in the gallery after the alarm was raised was heartrending and horrible.

Vivid Description by an Eye-Witness.

Alfred A. Jones gives the following account of the scene: I was seated next to the front row, but seeing that something was wrong on the stage, I moved up to the entrance of the tier. While my back was turned shrieks were heard, and the mass of people in the gallery arose in wild confusion. I cannot describe the scene as it was. They were climbing over seats, gripping each other by the clothes and struggling frantically to get ahead of one another. I saw one man smash an elbow in the face who would not yield to him in the passage, and a big powerful woman tore her way through, and came towards me with scarcely any cloth on her back, and with blood streaming from her nostrils. Two decent looking boys sat together in the front row, and I saw them clambering over seats and squeezing their bodies through the crowd. One of them was thrown down and the other turned and called him wildly by name, [illegible] down among the fire that escaped, and did not wait to see what happened.

A tall stout man who said he was truckman, gave a very vivid description of the scene when the uproar began. He said: I was seated in the aisle about the middle of the gallery and three or four seats from the front. I never saw anything like it. All the people in the gallery seemed to be crowding on top of one another. There were men who seemed perfectly frantic. The cries and shrieks I shall never forget to my dying day. "My wife is down stairs!" One man cried out, "Let me get her out." "We are all safe if you'll only be orderly." At the same time, however, he was making most strenuous efforts to get through the throng. The weakest went down one after another and the strongest rushed recklessly over them. I could actually hear the flesh scrunching as men jumped on the writhing, struggling and helpless mass beneath them. The cries that ascended amid the uproar were heartrending. "My God, have mercy on me," I could hear repeated several times. One man managed to crawl from a heap of prostrate bodies, but the struggling throng rushed against him and he spun around toward me and fell almost at my feet. I tried to lift him, but he groaned once or twice and gave a few gasps and it was over. When I saw it was to be life or death I made for the door. I have been telling how it took place in a few seconds, but there's a picture on my mind I cannot paint. When I got out I walked over bodies three or four deep.

Emile Munser was among the very last to get out of the gallery. He gives the following account of the calamity: I was in front row near the stage. I saw the fire from the very first. As I looked at the gallery, the scene was the most terrific one could conceive. Men and women were tearing one over another, and the shrieks and oaths were awful. One man clambered up the heap and was spun round and round on the heads of the throng, and he was flung with a crash I could distinctly hear against the back of the gallery. Every one was for himself, and men seemed to become wild beasts. They were thrusting and tearing one another with their hands, and worse than that, as I will tell you directly. Seats were filled with prostrate human beings, and as successful strugglers forced their way over gasping forms that lay all around, others, who had been rushed to insensibility fell as they lost foothold upon the living. There was nothing for it but for myself and some others who had waited to walk over the piles of bodies on the floor. They were slippery with blood. Hands and feet were protruded here and there, which showed that life was still in some of them. By this time the smoke was dense, and the rising and shouting from the lower part of the house were terrible. I and some others managed to get to the stairway, and we went down in a mass—how I could not tell you. This I have seen described took place in less than two minutes. One man who got out in the crowd just before me showed me his arm, which had been bitten almost to the bone.

What are accepted as the relics of the two actors are simply two black cinders. Around the trunk of one was a sooted and scorched buckskin undershirt, and beside the other was a piece of braid, apparently portions of a stage dress. It is feared that when a careful search is made in the ashes, that the bodies of a good many men who lost their lives in the frenzy from the gallery will be discovered.

Identification of the Bodies.

The *Eagle* publishes the following list of names identified: Richard Curran, Hugh O'Berney, [illegible] Russell, Mary Mulvaney, John Turner, August Ambern, H. Smith, Steven P. Ran, Jos. Looney, [illegible] G. Lee, J. Hecht, Abram [illegible], L. O. Strande, Abraham Dietz, Heron Dietz, S. Dempsey, Thomas [illegible], Mrs. Ann Martin, [illegible] Jos. Rogers, John Maginnis, Isaac [illegible], Mrs. [illegible], Robt. Jackson, A. [illegible], Wm. [illegible] Barret, Geo. F. Freel, John [illegible], Matilda Ward, Wm. Hartman, Geo. Lott, F. D. [illegible], Jas. J. Cullen, [illegible] Jacob, James Cassidy, Joseph Farrel, [illegible], John Tracy, Jas. [illegible] Garvey, [illegible] McNally, Louis [illegible] Becker, P. J. Gray, Thomas Courcy, Wm. A. Gray, Sam'l Calhoun, [illegible] Kaley, Sam'l C. Davis, Geo. Humphry, Pat Gallagher, Henry [illegible] Bunce, W. W. [illegible], James L. Kinnan, Jno. W. Charles, Mr. Kramer, John [illegible] Otis, Chas. [illegible] Larden, Larry B. Murdoch, Wm. Pryatt, E. [illegible], Francis McGill.

The coroner's jury was impaneled this morning and held a private session in the station house near the burned theater. They took no evidence, and at noon adjourned to meet at the coroner's office Saturday evening.

A. M. Palmer, one of the lessees of the theater, gives the following: "The number of persons in the theater Tuesday evening was 405 persons in the upper gallery, 800 persons in the dress circle, 430 in parquette, 25 actors, 12 musicians; total, including dressers and other subordinates, in all about 1,400 persons. A fault in the construction of the building, and one to which there is reason to believe the dreadful loss of life in the gallery is in a large measure due, was the use of painted cloth for the ceiling. The canvas caught early and burned rapidly overhead. The fire followed it, the vent lately at the top making sort of funnel for the fire right over the heads of the people in the gallery. It seems more than probable that the smoke and fire in the midst of which they were thus placed, destroyed the lives of many persons who might otherwise have escaped, even by the inadequate stairway provided for them.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The official report of the official committee states that 285 bodies were taken from the ruins of the Brooklyn theater.

Fire Marshal Keady resumed investigation this afternoon. G. A. Weisnear testified he was in the theater. He saw the flame burn near the scenery and rushed forward, opened the doors. The actors quieted the audience a moment; he waited at the doors till the spectators were all out; then closed the doors to keep the draught out; people were coming down from the gallery, but suddenly stopped; he saw what the matter was; got to the first flight of stairs. In his own words: There was a lady who got her leg caught in the balluster; a man fell over her. Others falling over him made a heap while those in the rear were unable to pass. There were 5 or 60 persons in the heap at the foot of the second flight of stairs. The stairs were open all the way down from that point and the above stairs were vacant four or five steps. At this time the smoke was very dense. It was not three minutes after the fire broke out till the curtain was lowered and took fire, and his hat [illegible] sends the flames up to the gallery. I looked at it for three seconds, and then closed the door of the parquette. Persons were piled up in a heap, and cried to me to help them. [illegible] I got a man out. [illegible] got out, they all rushed [illegible]. I backed again and boarded the passage. I tried to extricate a woman whose leg was caught in the [illegible], but she was held fast. An usher came up [illegible]. We made a space among them. We [illegible] some, but we got them out. Then went to the dress circle and found a woman there, took her out. There must have been other persons there, for I heard cries, but could not see them on account of the smoke. I knew there must be several others in the dress circle, who were overcome by the fire. I was then getting weak. I dropped to the floor to get fresh air. The smoke was black smoke, and had a very suffocating smell. I am an old fireman and never experienced one so suffocating. I was not in the smoke more than a minute, yet could not breathe. First and second galleries, [illegible] the stairs were all filled with suffocating smoke. No human being could live in that smoke two minutes. I heard a thumping noise as if some persons were jumping out of the windows. At the time it was utterly impossible to get to the top of the gallery. I was nearly suffocated when I got out. I knew the people were all taken from the dress circle. I then heard cries and I called out, "Who are you?" but got no answer. Even when I got down on the floor, I heard thumping noise as if persons jumping out of the upper gallery. If they attempted from the gallery to the dress circle, I would have seen them. There was no [illegible] on the stairs while I was there. I am pretty sure all in the dress circle did not get out alive.

The evidence of this officer is the earliest description of the terrible struggle by the audience to escape from the burning building yet given. There was even a larger crowd around the morgue this morning than yesterday. The mass of people completely blocked the sidewalk in front of the dead house. There was a spirit of levity perceptible. The fire was now two days old. Permits for admission were demanded from persons who could satisfy officers they had lost friends or relations by the fire. They were allowed to enter from time to time, passing the front door through the room second on the right, which contained 30 bodies lying on the floor. None were identified.

Liberality of Boucicault.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Dion Boucicault gives $5,000 to the Brooklyn sufferers. All other popular actors freely to give.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Revival in the Iron Trade.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The York *Herald* says there is an unexpected revival in the iron trade.

Spanish Affairs.

A telegram from Bilboa says the requirements of the government are causing considerable excitement. It's believed the deputies of the municipalities throughout the Basque provinces will resign. Several deputies and senators have returned to Bilboa recently from Madrid.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Bullion in the Bank of England decreased £50,000 the past week; amount withdrawn from bank on balance, £53,000; proportion of bank reserve to liability, 52¼ per cent.

Extradition.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—There is very little doubt that Brent will be extradited at the end of 15 days. Winslow and Gray are supposed to have gone where they cannot be extradited, but English detectives and J. S. representatives are still trying to trace them.

[illegible] CONCEDED!

The Times on the General Result.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Times* prints the following prominently: Hayes and Wheeler have received the 185 votes necessary to election. Several attempts were made to defeat the will of the people, notably in Louisiana, South Carolina and Oregon. Bribery was the method employed in the two former States, and a conspiracy, which has failed of its object, was the method resorted to in the last named State. In Florida the concurrence of the Democratic member of the board seems to have been something of a surprise to visiting Democrats. In South Carolina the two chief events of yesterday were the meeting of the Republican electors and the decision of the supreme court that Wallace was the [illegible] speaker of the lower House of the legislature. What the Democrats propose to do is not known. Our dispatch from Washington shows the mistake they made in trying to set up a separate [illegible]. [illegible] can do not [illegible] now in conformity of law. In New Orleans the chief event was the meeting of the electoral college. The statement was [illegible] made by one of its members that he had been offered $100,000 to vote for Tilden. An attempt was also made to buy one of the Republican electors of South Carolina for $100,000. Both attempts failed, and the votes of the men who had been thus approached were cast for the man they had been elected to vote for.

The [illegible] editorial says: Hayes has received a majority of the electoral votes of the United States. The choice of the electoral colleges will be concurred in, as it has always been by the people of the United States. Disappointed partisans, [illegible] and place hunters, who undertake to question the decision [illegible] must accept the responsibility for disregard of the constitution, [illegible] of the public credit and disturbance of business which their action will involve. The long and [illegible] wrangle over a question which should have been set at rest within 24 hours after the close of the polls on 7th of November, ought now to cease. [illegible]

[illegible]

The [illegible] Decision [illegible].

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The *Herald's* editorial: The regular certificates which will be forwarded to the President of the Senate, authenticated by the governors of the several States, give 185 votes for Hayes and Wheeler, and 184 for Tilden and Hendricks. On the face of the certificates Hayes is therefore elected. We judge it probable that this result will stand. At all events, the burden of proof is now on the side of the Democrats, with the *prima facie* case against them, but whatever may come afterward, it is altogether probable Mr. Hayes will be the next President.

The *Herald* says further, editorially, the Democrats may gain party advantage by agitating the subject and seeking evidences of fraud, but it is against all probability that they will succeed in making Tilden the next President of the United States. They may lay the foundation for breaking up the Republican party, but they are not likely to prevent the inauguration of Hayes. However strongly the Democrats may be convinced they have been cheated out of the election, they will not go to the length of violence or revolution, but after resorting to every constitutional and peaceful means of remonstrance they will at last accept the situation and attempt to make political capital out of the frauds which have been practiced upon them. The Democratic party is better prepared for ruling the country in future, than it would have been if Tilden had been declared elected, and had come into office with a hostile Senate, and embarrassed by the [illegible] split in the Democratic party on the currency question. If the country shall be convinced the Democratic candidate is defeated by fraud, the Republican party will find that it has dug its own grave.

The Tribune on the Oregon Fraud.

The *Tribune* editorial, reviewing the political situation in which Hayes was fully elected, says in Oregon there is danger of an amusing kind. One Democratic elector having been counted in on the ground of the ineligibility of a Republican postmaster, the Republicans refused to sit with him, when he began in solitary grandeur to fill the vacancies. The dispatches do not state whether the Republicans joined in the ballot in which Tilden received one vote, or whether the Democratic elector, in the goodness of his heart, filled the vacancies with Republicans. One fact of importance is that the Democratic elector has the Governor's certificate. It is not likely, however, to be of much service to him. In Vermont there was a Democratic [illegible] loose. He wanted Sollace's place, filed his protest, voted for Tilden, signed his certificate, appointed himself his own messenger to Washington, and is probably wending his way with the charitable design of [illegible] it [illegible] for Congress. This episode has some of the serious character of the Democratic maneuver in Oregon. That attempt to defeat the clearly expressed will of the people of the party which only claims that it will be allowed expression elsewhere, lays bare its rasping and unscrupulous business policy.

The Sun Names the Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The *Sun* intimates that if Hayes is elected the following will be his cabinet: Secretary of State, Evarts; Secretary of the Treasury, Bristow; Secretary of the Interior, Blaine; Attorney General, Settle; Secretary of the Navy, Carl Schurz; Secretary of War, Don Cameron; Postmaster General, Jewell.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—N. Con. Va. 75c, Ophir 43¼, G & C 13, B & B [illegible], Mexican [illegible], California 40, Chollar 81, Jacket 16½, Potosi [illegible], Con Va 47, H & N 7¼, Savage 10½, Imperial 2[illegible]5, Alpha 35, S Nevada 12, Belcher 1[illegible], Utah 1[illegible], Exchequer 2½, Seg Belcher [illegible], Overman 114½, Justice 29½, Buckeye 2, Union 12, Caledonia 12½, Knickerbocker 45c, Globe 20c, Baltimore 3, S Hill 1[illegible], New York 1[illegible], Challenge 2[illegible], Dayton 3[illegible], Rising Star [illegible], Alta 3[illegible], L Washington 3[illegible], Kossuth 1[illegible], [illegible] 2, Ward 75c, Leviathan [illegible], Trojan 75c.

EVENING BOARD—Valley 60c, [illegible] Belmont 2[illegible], K K Con 3, Leopard [illegible], N Bel [illegible], Gila 75c, Panther 35c, Humboldt 40c, [illegible], G Thomas 1[illegible], Manhattan 34, Grand Prize [illegible], Modoc 6[illegible], N Coso 5, Coso Con [illegible], [illegible] 1[illegible], S Chariot [illegible], Leeds [illegible], Overman [illegible], C 123, Justice 26[illegible], [illegible], Con Va [illegible], Jacket 17, California [illegible], [illegible], Caledonia [illegible], [illegible], Julia 6[illegible], Mexican [illegible].

Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. [illegible].—Dr. [illegible] J. [illegible], a German, aged 38, [illegible] this evening at six o'clock [illegible] taking morphine. [illegible] Deceased was secretary of the [illegible] Aid Society, [illegible] street. He leaves a wife and one child.

Pool Selling [illegible].

Pool selling on the [illegible] began this evening. [illegible] bidding lively. Mollie McCarthy had the call from the first, [illegible] $75; Josie C [illegible] Skaggs $12; Lois Ledi [illegible] Subsequently Mollie sold at [illegible]. Interest in the race [illegible] strong. [illegible]

The P. M. S. S. Co. [illegible] legal proceedings [illegible] the [illegible] steamship [illegible]

The Mexican [illegible] there is any truth in [illegible] from New York via [illegible] that [illegible] captured the city of [illegible] President Lerdo and governor [illegible] considers the story a canard.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] McCarthy, [illegible] this morning, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] NEW YORK, Dec. [illegible]

An Idiot Kills [illegible]

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. [illegible] belonging to the family of [illegible] Gorham, was left in [illegible] dragged the body [illegible]

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—[illegible]

WASHINGTON [illegible].

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The President [illegible] Knowles, associate [illegible] Montana; Chas. [illegible] moneys at Colfax, W. T. [illegible]

Democratic Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Democratic [illegible] House met in caucus to-day [illegible] political situation [illegible] indignation at the President's [illegible] ern States [illegible] were especially severe [illegible] committee to resort [illegible] morrow [illegible] that should [illegible] prospective political [illegible] to the suggestion for the [illegible] dent. The committee [illegible] gentlemen: Representatives [illegible] Holman, Scales and Warren and [illegible]

The House committee [illegible] ing to-day on the [illegible] investigation of the recent election in [illegible] Mississippi, South Carolina, Florida and Louisiana. Sub committees of two members [illegible] report to the full committee [illegible]

NEW MARKET THEATER.
TRACY W. TITUS [illegible]
ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME
TO THE
Grand English and Comic
OPERA COMBINATION.
Third & Last [illegible] but Three!
THIS FRIDAY EVENING, [illegible]
The Charming and ever Popular English Opera, omitting the first act, the
BOHEMIAN GIRL.
To conclude with the Celebrated Act of
LA PERICHOLE!
SATURDAY MATINEE—MARITANA.
Saturday Evening—Girofle-Girofla.
Box Office at Gray's Music Store.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. E. C. [illegible], Portland.
A. P. HOTALING & CO.
Sole Agents for the
J. H. CUTTER
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FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
[illegible]41 Jackson St., San Francisco,
And 36 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

JAS. L. KING, Notary Public. EDW'D CHATTIN, Commissioner for Oregon.
KING & CHATTIN,
(Successors to F. J. Thibault, deceased.)
Notaries Public, Commissioner of Deeds
For all the States and Territories,
CONVEYANCERS,
REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENTS
Office—[illegible]
[illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 8, 1876.

A TIME FOR MODERATION.

Naturally there is much indignation felt by the public over the result of the contests and protests at Salem. Whatever may be the right of the matter, in a strictly legal view, the popular mind will not stand upon fine points of law but will take notice only of the general fact that advantage has been taken of their mistake in voting for a candidate who was legally ineligible, to cause an electoral vote from this State to be counted for Tilden in face of the fact that the people had declared against him by a large majority. This will be the shape popular sentiment will take, and from this it will not be turned by any amount of argument. Thus, grave as was the error into which the Governor and Secretary of State were betrayed, apparently by their dangerously strong party prejudices, they are likely to stand from this time forward in even a less favorable light than the real facts of the case justify. If it be once admitted that they had authority to inquire into the question of Dr. Watts' eligibility at all, the mind accustomed to legal reasoning and acquainted with the legal precedents bearing on the case, will admit that there is nothing in their decision which ought to excite indignation, though they have reached a conclusion which is not sustained by the preponderance of American precedent. The right to decide implies the right to consider all the precedents, and to follow that which most commends itself to the mind of the deciding tribunal. Looking at the case, therefore, simply as one of law, there is nothing in the action of the Governor and Secretary except the fact of their assuming jurisdiction of the question in the first instance. That they did assume such jurisdiction, we repeat, seems to us to prove they were so blinded by partisan feeling that they could not or would not understand the plain definition of their duties as laid down in the statutes of the State.

It is not our intention, however, to pursue this matter farther at present, nor to make any additional suggestion, except to say that moderation is much more desirable now than inflammatory declamation. The whole country, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, is in a state of excitement over events connected with the recent election, and thoughtful persons are more anxious about the safety of our institutions and the preservation of peace than they have been since the close of the great war. The call of patriotism at this time, in Oregon as well as at the East, is a call to moderate counsels and peaceful measures, not to threats and violence, to sobriety and not to the madness of excited passion.

After Oregon, Florida. The electoral vote of that State is quite as badly muddled as that of Oregon. The Hayes electors, with the certificate of a majority of the returning board, but in contempt of a restraining order from the Circuit Court, met on the 6th and cast their votes for Hayes. The Tilden electors, with a certificate of a minority of the returning board, but without the embarrassment of an injunction, met at the same time and cast their votes for Tilden. So there are two sets of electoral votes sent up from that State. What will be the end of all these complications, it would be rash to attempt to predict. It is becoming apparent, however, that all thought of electing a President at this time by a mere ministerial count by the President of the Senate of the votes certified to him, must be abandoned. There is something to be done before the certificates are counted, namely, to find out which among the contradictory certificates are the right ones; and that will hardly be left to any one man to decide. But the two branches of Congress are as sure to have antagonistic views of what ought to be done, as they are to be present when the time for counting arrives. What then is to be done? The question is unpleasantly suggestive. It is easy to see a dozen ways in which a most serious conflict may arise, but it is not so easy to see how it is to be avoided. Still we have faith that there is patriotism enough in Congress to secure some adjustment which will avert the threatened calamity. The Senate is Republican and partisan, the House partisan and Democratic. But when the members are brought face to face with the dangers of the situation, we can not but believe there will be enough found in both branches who are able to rise above partisanship, for the safety of the country, to devise and carry out some acceptable plan of accommodation and adjustment.

Events sometimes run together in a very awkward way. For example, a St. Louis dispatch, which will be found in this paper, shows the Republicans of Missouri demanded that the Democratic governor of that State should do for them exactly the same thing on account of the doing of which by the Democratic governor of Oregon for his friends the Republicans of Oregon are holding indignation meetings; and that, failing to get their request granted, they adopted all sorts of strategical tactics to get in the vote which stands on precisely the same ground as Cronin's. This does not prove that the thing is right, but it does show that it makes all the difference in the world whose ox is gored.

The Springfield *Republican* of November 24th has the following very just notice of the attack recently made upon Judge Deady through the columns of the Chicago *Times*, to which we have heretofore referred at length: "Judge Deady, the United States district judge in Oregon, has lately been grossly assailed in Washington dispatches to the Chicago *Times*, in connection with the trial and conviction and subsequent pardon of mail robbers in that State. Only an Eastern audience, ignorant of the judge, could lend credence to any such charges for a moment. On the Pacific coast, he is known, as he is, as one of the most accomplished and cultivated of gentlemen, and one of the most impartial, intelligent and just of judges. The attack upon him seems to have been simply the slopping over of some of the dirty politics of Oregon whose scum is apt to rise to the surface at Washington."

The Philadelphia *Times* says, "the Democracy of Vermont may attract public attention for a moment" by their efforts to get in a Democratic vote in place of that of the Postmaster Sollace, but that "no electoral vote from Vermont will be counted for Tilden." The same may be said of Oregon.

Philadelphia is a growing city. Its taxes, its bonded loans, and its annual deficiencies are all reported in a growing condition.

The rash German who has been attempting to translate Eli Perkins' book into his vernacular, has perished miserably.

OREGON'S ELECTORAL VOTE.

The Proceedings in the College.

Cronin's Outrageously Illegal Part in the Programme, and how he Carried it out.

He Refuses to show Cartwright and Odell their Certificates, and Declares they never shall see them.

Cronin Withdraws from the College and forms his Rump Concern with Klippel and Parker.

In the confusion and excitement attendant upon the political transactions at Salem yesterday, we failed to obtain a full report of the proceedings which took place in the room where the electoral college assembled. From the electors themselves we get full particulars of all that occurred. Our former report was only incorrect in reference to the statement that Cartwright and Odell refused to act with Cronin. What was done will be told below.

On Wednesday morning the electors Messrs. Cartwright, Odell and Watts called upon Governor Grover and also upon Secretary Chadwick, in reference to certificates. They were shown into the room by Governor Grover, who said to them: "This room is assigned to you for the meeting of the College," an assertion which was repeated by Mr. Chadwick. The electors asked Mr. Chadwick if it was not the custom to hold the College in private. He replied that it was, that he had once served as an elector, and it was held in private. He further told them that there was the key in the door, and they could lock it if they desired. He also assured them that their certificates would be delivered to them at noon precisely, it being then about half past eleven, and they not yet knowing that the governor had decided to deny Watts the certificate and give it to Cronin. The Secretary withdrew from the room. Mr. Odell spoke to Mr. John Minto and requested him to act as messenger for the college and told him to take charge of the door, which Minto did, the door not yet being locked. Minto was not there as United States Marshal or in any other official capacity, but only upon the request of Odell. While the half hour before noon was passing Cronin came in and soon following him came Klippel and Laswell; and then the door was locked. The hour of noon having arrived, and the alleged certificates having been handed through the door to Cronin as before stated by Mr. Chadwick. The document Cronin immediately placed in the inside pocket of his coat, saying that it was the electors' certificates. Cartwright, Odell and Watts each first requested and then demanded that they be allowed to see the alleged certificates. The request and demand were utterly refused by Cronin. When the demand was made, Cronin said, "You might as well have this understood first as last, you never will get them." Cronin then proceeded to read from the document which he said was the certificate, stating that W. H. Odell, J. C. Cartwright and E. A. Cronin had received the following number of votes at the election for Presidential electors held Nov. 7, 1876, to wit: W. H. Odell 15,206 votes, J. C. Cartwright 15,214, and E. A. Cronin 14,157, and that they were duly elected Presidential electors for the State of Oregon. At this juncture Mr. Cartwright arose from his seat and moved around toward where Cronin was standing, as if to take the paper from Cronin's hand, though he made no motion except to step toward Cronin. The latter stepped further back, quit reading and put the document in his pocket. Neither Cartwright, Odell or Watts read a word from the certificate, if such it was, or even were near enough to it to read it at any time. After Cronin had put the paper into his pocket, Cartwright moved that the college organize and that W. H. Odell be elected President thereof. The motion was put and carried and Mr. Odell took the chair and appointed John C. Cartwright Secretary. The President of the college then made another formal demand on Cronin to produce and lay before the college the papers alleged to be certificates. Cronin again peremptorily refused to comply. Here Watts arose and requested a hearing before the college, which was granted. He stated that he was present on the State canvass by the Governor and Secretary of State on the 4th inst., as were also Messrs. Odell, Cartwright, Cronin, Klippel and Laswell, that the Secretary of State at the conclusion of the canvass said that at the late election W. H. Odell received for elector 15,206, J. W. Watts 15,206, J. C. Cartwright 15,214 and E. A. Cronin 14,157, and that he was the J. W. Watts referred to as being one of the three persons having received the highest number of votes cast, and did receive 1,049 votes more than E. A. Cronin, who was now sitting as a member of the college, and that said Cronin, as he well knew, did not receive more votes than he (Watts) received, but received 1,049 less, and that he (Watts), therefore, claimed to be elected as one of the electors. Watts then tendered his resignation as a member of the college, and it was accepted. The president then stated that there was a vacancy in the college, as Oregon was entitled to three electors. Here Cronin asked Cartwright and Odell if they refused to recognize him. They said "No" positively; they refused nothing, but demanded to know by what authority he assumed the right to act as a member of the college. He said "by virtue of a certificate of election." The president demanded to see the certificate, and was refused by Cronin. The president then again stated that there was a vacancy in the college, when Cronin arose from the seat with the college and retired to another part of the room.

The vacancy was then filled by the election of Dr. Watts, and the college proceeded to cast the vote for Hayes and Wheeler, as has been reported. Cronin, after a consultation with his defeated colleagues—Klippel and Laswell—had Parker and Miller called in and went on with the Democratic programme. What was said and done by this rump college, formed by Cronin, has already been given. The electors having made a full and correct record of their proceedings, and procured certified copies of the official vote of the State as shown by the Governor's canvass, together with certified copies of the returns from each, all attested with the seal of the State, attached them to their vote for President and Vice President, and forwarded them to the president of the U. S. Senate at Washington, D. C.

The above is a full and particular account of all that took place in the room bearing on the case. When the vacancy in the college was declared, Watts offered to withdraw but as Klippel and Laswell were present and declined to go out, he remained also. Laswell and Klippel apparently took no part in the proceedings except as spectators, and were present without any color of right, considering that the college was private, and the room certainly under control of the majority who had given them no invitation to be there. We suppose they went as a sort of body guard for Cronin; the very disgracefulness of the act he was about to perform making a coward of him. We apprehend, however, that there was no danger as the Republicans are law-abiding, and have full confidence in the legally constituted authorities to correct all abuses and to thwart even this attempted outrage on the people's rights.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to the *Daily News* from Berlin reports that the Russian war office has decided not to permit correspondents to join the army of occupation until it has crossed the frontier. A proposition to submit their reports to a species of censorship was rejected by the Czar himself.

Another diplomatic note from Gortschakoff, explaining the cause and object of military intervention, is expected soon.

The publication of the *Ruski Mir* has been suspended by the government on account of articles which have appeared in that journal on the composition of the army.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The *Standard's* Pesth correspondent says the Roumanian government has refused to allow the transmission by telegraph of political telegrams since Tuesday. The archives of Bucharest have been removed to Tirgovesti. Four regiments of Roumanian troops and eight batteries of artillery have been concentrated at Kalonat.

The *Standard's* special from Vienna announces that the Austrian minister of finance has concluded a loan of 50,000,000 florins with the Rothschilds.

A phrenologist says the principal bump on George Washington's head is adhesiveness. He alludes to George's head on a postage stamp.

NEW TO-DAY.

ENGLISH BEAVERS, BLACK and BLUE, for Ladies' Sacks, Boys' Overcoats, and for Gent's wear. For sale at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

FOR RENT.

A ROOM FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, with or without board, in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to business. Address J. A. P., Oregonian office.

GER. BK "WALTER SIEGFRIED."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE NAMED vessel must be presented in duplicate at the office of the undersigned consignees before 5 P. M. Friday, 8th inst, or they will not be allowed.

1t HENRY HEWETT & CO.

BRITISH SHIP "LOCH FLEET."

NEITHER CAPT. ROBERTSON NOR THE UNdersigned Consignees of the above named vessel, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

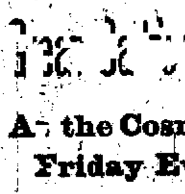
d8-3t HENRY HEWETT & CO.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, MY WIFE, HORTENSE SUTHERLAND, has left my bed and board without any cause or provocation, I do hereby warn the public against trusting her on my account from this date, Dec. 7th, 1876.

d8d6t JOSEPH SUTHERLAND.

FOR TILLAMOOK!

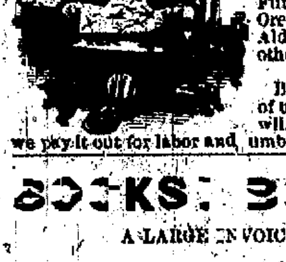


THE SCHOONER
KATIE L. HERON,

Will receive FREIGHT on and after to-day, Dec. 7th. For particulars apply to READING & FARRELL.

POOL SELLING
ON THE
[illegible]
At the Cosmopolitan Hotel
Friday Evening, Dec. 8.

Oregon Furniture M'f'g Co.
COR. FIRST AND YAMHILL STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
FURNITURE, BEDDING, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS.



Furniture for Parlor, Bedroom, Diningroom, Library, Kitchen.

Make a specialty of Furniture made in Oregon Ash, Maple, Alder, Spruce, and other Oregon Woods.

Buy your Furniture of us and your money will not be sent away; we pay it out for labor and lumber.

BOOKS! BOOKS!
A LARGE INVOICE OF
Standard and Miscellaneous Bound Books,
Ex Ajax will be sold on SATURDAY, Dec. 9th, at Salesroom, at 1 o'clock.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

NEW GOODS.
Condensed Coffee,
" Milk,
" Chocolate.
For sale by
HACHENEY & STEMME,
Dealers in First Class Groceries,
Corner Taylor and Fourth.

Special Auction Sales
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
SALE OF

Fine Watches and Jewelry, Ornamental and Fancy Goods, Paintings and Chromos, and a large variety of Goods suitable for the Holidays. Toys and Fancy Goods direct from the importers, will be sold in lots to suit. Dealers, Societies, Committees and Pater Familias can obtain their Holiday Goods at low rates.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY and others.—I have this day engaged Mr. C. B. FARLEMAN to act as my Agent in Washington Territory for the treatment of Hemorrhoids or Piles, by the "WIGHTMAN PROCESS." Persons suffering from the above terrible disease will do well to call and see him as he visits your towns and cities. Mr. Farleman will be at the Occidental Hotel, Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday, Dec. 12, and stop one week only, and then visit other towns on the Sound.

DR. C. F. WIGHTMAN.

N. B.—Mr. Farleman is perfectly competent, as he treats the disease under my direction. d8d3t

South Fourth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to establish the grade of South Fourth street, at the intersection with Sheridan street, at 158.5 feet above the base of grades.

By order of the Common Council.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.
Dec. 8, 1876. d8d10t

South Fourth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of South Fourth street lying between the south line of College street and the centre line of Sheridan street, by grading, planking the roadway full width between curbs and the construction of sidewalks, crosswalks, aprons and box gutters where necessary. That portion of the street lying six feet each side of the center line to be improved at the expense of the Oregon Central Railroad Company.

By order of the Common Council.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.
Dec. 8, 1876. d8d10t

DISTRICT OF OREGON, ss.—At Portland, Oregon, the seventh day of December, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of The Oregon Iron Works, of Albina, in the county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, within said district, which has been adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of its creditors, by the District Court of said District.

d8d1aw3tF GEO. WOODWARD, Assignee.

REMOVED.

T. RODGERS HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW Store on First Street, between Main and Madison, where he has opened a fresh Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and intends to sell them at prices to suit the times. Owing to the little expense I am under enables me to sell Goods at prices that will

DEFY COMPETITION.

I am also manufacturing Ladies' and Children's WORK to order, which I make a specialty, and will warrant a first class Shoe and a PERFECT FIT or no sale. Give me a call.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER, 8, 1876,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
Furniture, Carpets, Dry Goods, Clothing and Merchandise.
ALSO
40,000 Cigars assorted brands, in lots to suit.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

BY ORDER OF THE PROBATE COURT, MADE on the 29th day of November, 1876, I will sell at Public Auction on the place near Cathlamet, in Wahkiacum county, Washington Territory, on Tuesday, the 19th day of December 1876, at 11 A. M., all the personal property belonging to the estate of Charles McCall, deceased, consisting in part of: 1 horse, 9 steers, 4 cows, 4 heifers, 6 calves, 10 hogs, chickens, 6 stands bees, potatoes and other vegetables, farm tools, furniture, stoves, etc., etc. Terms of sale, Cash.

MARIA J. McCALL,
Cathlamet, Dec. 2, 1876. Administratrix.
d4d&w[illegible]

STOVES.
SOAP STONE STOVES.

A FEW OF THESE SUPERIOR STOVES, FOR sale by GEO. ABERNETHY,
2p Second st., bet. Salmon and Taylor.

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERsigned consignees of the Br. Ship "Horsa," will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel.

d7d6t ALLEN & LEWIS.

JUST RECEIVED
AT
J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO'S
NEW
[illegible]
Corner Salmon and First Streets.
A LARGE STOCK OF
DRESS GOODS!

In all the New Shades, at 25c per yd, and upwards.
FINE FRENCH BLACK CASHMERES 40 in. wide, $1 per yd.
FINE FRENCH COL'D CASHMERES, in all the new shades, at reduced rates.
BLACK ALPACAS, 25c per yd, and upw'ds
BLACK and COL'D EMPRESS CLOTHS.
A full Stock of Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS, in all widths.
COTTON and WOOL FLANNELS, at prices below competition.
WATERPROOFS, in Plaids and Plain colors, 75c to $1 25 per yd.
FELT SKIRTS, 75c and upwards.
COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY, all qualities.
A good quality Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 00 per pair.
Best quality French Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 50 per pair.
1000 Articles of FANCY GOODS, too numerous to mention.
Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, all prices.

We guarantee our Goods to be just as represented and we DEFY COMPETITION.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. First and Salmon sts.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Sugar Toys, Sugar Hearts,
Crystalized Toys and Hearts,
Glazed Toys and Figures,
Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias,
Wax Candles, Candle-holders,
Christmas Tree Ornaments,
Flower and Dove Baskets,
Gelatin Goods,
French and American Candies,
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, etc.,
Plain and Ornamental Cakes,
Lebkuchen and Pfeffernuesse,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION!
Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,
IN EVERY STYLE,
AT
ALISKY & REGELE'S
Premium Candy Factory,
No. 105 FIRST STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHRISTMAS BALL
The First Annual Ball, under the auspices of
Neomah Tribe No. [illegible], Imp. O. R. M.
Will be given at
TURN HALLE,
ON
MONDAY, DEC. 25, 1876.

Honorary Committee.
ELI MORRILL, Sachem, Multnomah No. 3.
A. SCHUMAN, Sachem, Willamette No. 6.
E. J. JEFFERY, Rep. Great Council U. S.
J. B. PILKINGTON, P. D. P. S.
Le F. A. SHAW, Past Great Sachem.
W. H. UTTER, Great District Deputy.
G. FRANZ, F. S.

Committee of Arrangements.
W. A. HART, S. S. M. C. BROWN, J. S.,
JAS. C. LIDDY, P. H. HYDE, at B.
WM. CHURCH, S.

Reception Committee.
W. H. UTTER, D. G. S. BEN. NORDEN,
E. MENDENHALL, G. KUDSCHER.

Floor Managers.
WM. CHURCH, H. HYDE,
C. C. PHILLIPS, JAS. C. LIDDY,
THEO. BAKKER,

No expense will be spared to make this the ball of the season.

TICKETS.....$1 50

Can be procured from Members of the Committee of Arrangements or at the Door.

DANCING SCHOOL.
Prof. I. K. HALPRUNER
Has opened his Dancing School, at
CITY RIFLES HALL.
Children's Classes Saturday afternoon.
GRAND SOIREES every SATURDAY Evening.

School Taxes for 1876.

IN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 MULTNOMAH county, are now due and payable, and I am commanded by a warrant from the Board of Directors of said District, dated November 1, 1876, to collect the same within sixty days from the date of said warrant, and a recent law of the Legislature, approved Oct 20, 1876, makes it my duty to return to the County Clerk the Delinquent List of all Taxes remaining unpaid at that time, and the law further authorizes the County Clerk to issue his warrant (together with the Delinquent List), to the Sheriff, commanding the said Sheriff to collect the same by seizure and sale of property, adding thereto his costs, besides costs of advertising.

Office—88 Front street, with Parrish & Cornell, Real Estate Brokers. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

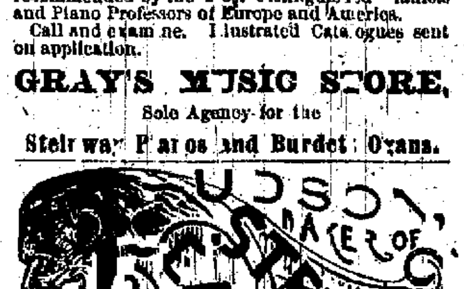
GEO. W. MURRAY,
Clerk of School District No. 1.

TO MUSIC TEACHERS.
I HAVE RECEIVED SAMPLES OF THE
Automatic Piano Hand Guide,

Invented by Mr William Bohrer, endorsed and recommended by the most distinguished Pianists and Piano Professors of Europe and America.

Call and examine. Illustrated Catalogues sent on application.

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE,
Sole Agency for the
Steinway Pianos and Burdett Organs.



45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

NOTICE.
Oregon Steamship Comp'y.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE NO PERSON will be allowed on the Company's Dock during the landing of passengers and baggage from the San Francisco steamers without a pass from this office. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

Portland, Ogn., Dec. 4, 1876. d5d6t

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES TO be indebted to the undersigned will call at my store, 73 First street, and settle within thirty days, as I am closing up my business.

d2d30t JENNIE MACNAMARA.

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

BRITISH BARK "VALE OF DOON," CAPTAIN R. E. Barber, from Callao. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned Consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

d2d6t FOLGERS, MEYER & CO.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

CITY OF PARIS STORE.
MRS. E. ACH

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISco with a New, Large and Well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
[illegible]
Of every description, and
WILL OPEN
The Stock for the inspection of the Public
Wednesday, November 22,
in the New and
FINE BRICK BUILDING,
Cor. Morrison and Second Sts.

MRS. ACH is prepared to undersell any other house—rent being low and Goods being purchased at lowest figures.

STAMPING, BRAIDING, EMBROIDERING
Done to order and in the best style.
Remember the Place and Day.

P. van FRIDAGE,
Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.
A Complete Stock in Every Department of
Fall and Winter Styles
LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDER CLOTHING.
s20d3m

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER
PORTLAND, OREGON.
[illegible]
12 FRONT STREET,
Jobbers & Wholesale Dealers
IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS.
A Very Large Assortment
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco.

PIONEER BAG FACTORY.
W. C. NOON,
FRONT AND VINE STREETS,
Bags, Sails and [illegible]
Made and Repaired.
Fishermen supplied with Boat Sails at lowest rates.
Large supply of Ship Duck and Canvas in store.

SOL'S RESTAURANT.
THE BEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with
Four Elegant Parlors Attached.
For the use of Families and Private Parties.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.
OPEN UNTIL 2 O'CLOCK A. M.

BOOTS & SHOES
AT COST!
For The Next 30 Days,
AT THE
City Boot and Shoe Store,
[illegible] FIRST STREET.

A. DEILSCHNEIDER is my authorized Agent to conduct and carry on for me said Business.
ELISABETH DIELSCHNEIDER.

HOLIDAY GOODS.
AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
BOOKS,
STATIONERY
And Fancy Goods
NOW ARRIVING AT
J. K. GILL & CO'S,
15 FIRST STREET.

RICHARD [illegible]
DEALER IN
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,
THIRD STREET,
Opposite Masonic Temple, Portland, Oregon.
A Specialty in J. Gundlach & Co's Celebrated Brands of Wines,
Also, WEINHARD'S BOTTLED BEER.

East Portland Assessment Roll.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll for the City of East Portland for the year 1876, has been returned to the Board of Trustees by the City Assessor, and will remain open for inspection at the office of the Recorder and Auditor until the first day of January, 1877. All applications for the correction of errors in the valuation and listing of property must be filed with the Recorder prior to that date.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
N. SANDERS, Recorder & Auditor.
East Portland, Dec. 6, 1876. d7d20t

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,
FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city. R. R. RILEY.

NOTICE.

WE CAUTION EVERYBODY NOT TO BUY a Wheat Receipt given by us to Doctor L. A. Davis, of 1,86 28/100 bushels, and dated October 24, 1876, as we have bought the Wheat.

E. & H. SELLER,
Harrisburg.
d6d6t

WANTS.

WANTED.

A NURSE GIRL. CALL AT CORNER OF MORrison and Sixth streets. 7d3t

WANTED.

2,000 TWO THOUSAND DRESSED LOGS, of the Best Grain Fed, heavy and light, for which the highest Market Price will be paid, in large or small lots, delivered at the Pork House of HARVEY & BARBER,
Portland, Nov 8, 1876. 180 Main street.

TO LET.

TO RENT.

ELEVEN ROOMS, IN SUITS or SINGLE rooms, corner of Ash and First streets. Apply to ALEX. W. ANTONY.

A HOUSE TO RENT,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS. Enquire at THOMPSON HOUSE, or to L. PARRISH, House Agent.

ROOM TO LET

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, WITH OR without Board, cor. Fifth and Jefferson streets, by MARY WETZOLE. n16d1m

TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT, BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE STORE AND DWELLING NOW OCCUPied by J. Beck, at Freeport, Cowlitz County, W. T., together with the Stock and fixtures. A person with small capital can do a safe and profitable business at this place. d7d&w1m

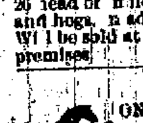
FOR SALE.

PARTIES ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS CAN find a well selected stock of Winter Hats, Bonnets and Trimmings, with a good assortment of Flowers and Fancy Notions. Also, Counters, Shelving and Cases will be offered for the next thirty days low for cash. Address [illegible] SONS, 10 Third street, or box 470.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED ON THE COLUMBIA RIVER, TWO miles below Sellers landing, opposite Vancouver, and only 7 miles from Portland. The farm consists of 324 acres, part in cultivation and a good stock range, besides an excellent orchard. On the Farm are a dwelling, barn and warehouse in good condition. Also, good water. The Stock includes 26 head of milch cows, a good work horse, sheep and hogs, in addition to farming utensils, is complete. Will be sold at a reasonable figure. Apply on the premises. n16d2m W. F. STEVENS.

FOR SALE.



ONE VERY FINE FAMILY HORSE; One Buggy and Harness; One Basket Phaeton, two seated; Two Saddles. Apply to D. N. & E. BRINSTON, at [illegible] Martin & Co's, 95 Front street.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ONE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Fixtures and Stock in Warehouse, at Chehalis Station, N. P. R.R. County Seat of Lewis county. 480 acres of Good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river; very light growth of timber. 120 acres of Land 1½ mile north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms enquire of Messrs. GOLDSMITH & CO., Portland, Ogn. or GEO. J. HOGUE, Chehalis, Lewis co., W.T.

Toys! Toys and Fancy Goods!
[illegible]
S. W. CORNER FRONT AND [illegible] STS.,
RESPECTFULLY INVITES ATTENTION TO HIS Large and well Selected Stock of
HOLIDAY GOODS
Consisting of
FANCY GOODS, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
SHELL [illegible] BOXES,
[illegible]
[illegible] TOYS,
OAK [illegible] of all kinds.
TOYS, [illegible]
All of which I am offering to the trade
AT REDUCED RATES.
Country Dealers are requested to examine my stock before purchasing.

RUMMELIN & [illegible]
56 First street, between Stark and Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON
Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURS.
Offer a Complete Stock of
Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,
a great variety from the costly RUSSIA SABLE down to the cheap French Coney.
An Extra Fine Quality of
SEAL & MINK SACQUES.
A Large Assortment of
FUR TRIMMINGS,
A Fine Lot of
BUGGY AND BUFFALO ROBES.
Every Article Guaranteed.
All of which will be sold at extremely LOW PRICES. o2d1m

KARL SEELIG & CO.,
Importers & Wholesale Dealers in
Fine Liquors, Wines & Cigars.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE this day been appointed Sole Agents for Jesse Moore & Co's Louisville, Kentucky, Celebrated

[illegible] WHISKIES,

which we import direct from the manufacturers, and are therefore able to offer them to the trade at Great Reduced Rates.

Jesse Moore & Co's Brands of Whiskies are considered to be the Purest and Best in the Market, and no Drug Store, Saloon or Family should be without them. KARL SEELIG & CO.
S. W. cor. Second and Morrison sts.

SANTA CLAUS EMPORIUM.
TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!
WILLIAM BECK & SON
Have just received the Finest Stock of
TOYS & FANCY GOODS
In the State, consisting of all the latest Novelties of '76.
Corner Front and Alder Streets.

JAPAN TEA.
THE CELEBRATED
BRAND

HAS THE MOST EXTENDED REPUTATION of any Tea consumed on the Pacific Coast.

For sale by all Tea Dealers in California, and at Wholesale in Portland, Oregon, by ALLEN & LEWIS and W. K. LEVERIDGE & CO.

C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
n6d1m3p&w3m Importers, San Francisco

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,
Successors to
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
Dealers in
Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Etc., Etc.,
Nos. 75 FRONT and 76 FIRST STREETS,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

DR. WILSON'S

OFFICE REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT his residence B and Fourth streets, entrance on B street.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 8, 18

CITY.

BRIEF NOTES.

Yesterday was somewhat Indian summer
Supreme Court will convene at Salem ne
Monday.
The Weekly Oregonian now ready—subs
for the new year.
The *Katie Heron* is receiving freight
Reading & Farrell's wharf.
The Waverly Club give their first party
the season at Turn Halle this evening.
Pool selling on the great California race th
(Friday) evening at Cosmopolitan Hotel.
Smallden, the hopeless female inebriat
is now confined in the city jail on a charge o
drunkenness.
A Mrs. Anderson, who arrived a short tim
since at Astoria has been adjudged insane a
committed to the asylum.
Next Friday will be the feast of the Imm
late Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mar
a holyday of obligation to hear mass. S
vices at the Cathedral at 7, 8 and 10 A.
and vespers at 7:30 in the evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

The fact that even the "Grand Duchess
Gerolstein" was produced by the opera trou
did not attract a larger attendance than
the first evening. The performance was rea
an enjoyable one. A communication el
where from a well known citizen, who
thoroughly alive to what is necessary
please amusement seekers, and is enthusias
over the performances of the troupe, p
cludes extended mention here.

Overcoats from $7 50 up, at Kohn's.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CITY.

[illegible] REPORT.—From the treasurer's [illegible] the following sums were [illegible] the Catholic Fair held last week in

[illegible] Mrs. Herman, Misses Annie [illegible]	$806 70
[illegible] Carrol, N. O'Neil [illegible] Raleigh	582 85
[illegible] Mary Maher, Ellen Ry[illegible]	651 10
[illegible] Burke	286 70
[illegible] Mrs. Cahen and Miss	213 90
[illegible] Raleigh, Mary Car[illegible] Smith	89 65
[illegible] Emma Showers and	108 60
[illegible] Mesdames Caslien, F.	350 00
[illegible] McCann	244 45
[illegible] the door	
	$3,229 45
	229 45
[illegible] of the fair	$3,000 00

[illegible] REPORT.—From the records of the [illegible] Station of Observation, Portland, [illegible] 7, 1876:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
[illegible]	30.270	30.240	30.240
[illegible]	30.296	30.260	30.260
[illegible]	32°	43°	38°
[illegible]	100	66	81
[illegible]	N.	N.W.	N.
[illegible]	3	4	8
[illegible]	Foggy.	Fair.	Clear.
[illegible]			45°
[illegible]			30°

[illegible]—We learn that Messrs. [illegible] of the board of canal com[illegible] sued out a writ of mandamus [illegible] River Transportation [illegible] requiring it to show [illegible] list of the tonnage pass[illegible] and locks should not [illegible]

[illegible] Wilcox, and a number of [illegible] order of Knights of Pythias [illegible] City this (Friday) evening [illegible] instituting a new lodge at [illegible] will proceed by the ex[illegible] City, and not by steamer [illegible]

[illegible]—During the past [illegible] treasure has been shipped [illegible] by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s ex[illegible] and gold notes, $7,214; gold [illegible]; bullion, $30,[illegible]

[illegible]—The three lodges of Good [illegible] have appointed joint [illegible] purpose of arranging for a [illegible] entertainment, on Sat[illegible]

[illegible] attending the Waverly [illegible] that arrangements [illegible] E. Corbett's stables for [illegible] all should be in [illegible] for.

[illegible] COURTS.

[illegible] COURT—DEADY, J.

[illegible] motion of U. S. attor[illegible] information against the [illegible] submitted.

[illegible] Ferree, U. S. commis[illegible] ending 31st September, [illegible]

[illegible] next Saturday at 1[illegible]

[illegible]—[illegible]TRUCK, J.

[illegible] THURSDAY, Dec. 7, 1876.

[illegible] vs Martin Stansbery;

[illegible] and Gleason;

[illegible] demurrer to com[illegible] plaintiff allowed ten

[illegible] Lee; motion for a new

[illegible] vs Peter Shalbinon

[illegible] Geo. A. Pease; cause dis[illegible]

[illegible] W. Lair Hill; cause dis[illegible]

[illegible] Ellis; decree of di[illegible]

[illegible] Loomis et al; re[illegible]

[illegible] C. M. Carter et al; sale [illegible]

[illegible] Multnomah county; peti[illegible] allowed.

[illegible] Mary Ann Pengally; sub[illegible] submit; brief by [illegible]

[illegible] vs C. H. Perkins et al; [illegible] confirmed.

[illegible] vs John Erpelding; mo[illegible] sustained.

[illegible] Gatens; appeal from [illegible] allowing fees.

[illegible] Mitchell; cause dis[illegible]

[illegible] vs Multnomah county; on [illegible] and submitted.

[illegible] vs Calvin M. Reed; cause [illegible]

[illegible] admitted to citizenship.

[illegible] HOSPITAL BOARD.

[illegible] recently held at the [illegible] church by the members of [illegible], for the purpose of electing [illegible] year, General J. E. [illegible] secretary, and Mr. George [illegible]

[illegible] the committees as ap[illegible]

[illegible] Rev. G. F. Plum[illegible] and Dr. E. Glisan.

[illegible] Mr. James Laidlaw, [illegible] Sanders, and Mr. George [illegible] Gen. J. H. Eaton, [illegible] J. Dawson.

[illegible] was appointed vice presi[illegible]

[illegible] by-laws of the board [illegible] action of twelve mem[illegible] Wednesday of November. [illegible] under two heads, [illegible] the jurisdiction; the [illegible] parish; and the heads [illegible] church guilds. These, [illegible] bers of the board, who [illegible] of the church. [illegible] who have paid the sum [illegible] within a year previous [illegible] electors elect the four [illegible] of the board. [illegible] all moneys belonging [illegible] pays the same upon the [illegible] signed by any one mem[illegible] committee. [illegible] meetings of the board are to be [illegible] quarterly, and special meetings [illegible] any three members of the [illegible] days' notice.

[illegible] NOTES.

[illegible] come that Indian summery.

[illegible] will convene at Salem next [illegible]

[illegible] OREGONIAN now ready—subscribe [illegible]

[illegible] receiving freight at [illegible] Ainsworth's wharf.

[illegible] Club give their first party of [illegible] Hall this evening.

[illegible] the great California race this [illegible] at Cosmopolitan Hotel.

[illegible] the hopeless female inebriate [illegible] in the city jail on a charge of [illegible]

[illegible] who arrived a short time [illegible] has been adjudged insane and [illegible] asylum.

[illegible] will be the feast of the Immac[illegible] of the Blessed Virgin Mary; [illegible] obligation to hear mass. Ser[illegible] Cathedral at 7, 8 and 10 A. M., [illegible] at 7:30 in the evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible] that even the "Grand Duchess of [illegible] was produced by the opera troupe [illegible] a larger attendance than on [illegible]. The performance was really [illegible] one. A communication else[illegible] well known citizen, who is [illegible] what is necessary to [illegible] seekers, and is enthusiastic [illegible] performances of the troupe, pre[illegible] mention here.

[illegible] $1 50 up, at Kohn's.

AN INDIGNANT PEOPLE.

MEETING TO EXPRESS CONDEMNATION OF THE ACTION OF GOVERNOR GROVER AND SECRETARY CHADWICK. STIRRING SPEECHES. AN ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD. THE GOVERNOR BURNED IN EFFIGY.

There was but very limited notice given late in the afternoon yesterday, of the purpose to hold a meeting of the people of this city, to express their opinion of the occurrence at Salem on Wednesday, by which it was attempted to defraud a majority of the people of this State of their choice of Presidential electors made at the ballot box one month ago.

At the hour appointed, however, Turn Verein Hall, the place chosen for holding the meeting, was filled with an enthusiastic crowd of men who felt that a wrongful act had been committed by the State officials upon their rights as American citizens.

The meeting having been called to order, W. S. Newbury was chosen chairman, and H. B. Oatman appointed secretary. On motion, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting upon the subject which had called it together.

THE SPEECHES

By Messrs. Gibbs, Williams, Watts, Caples, Dolph, Mallory, Yocum and Mason were earnest and enthusiastic, but, at the same time, were temperate in tone, and advised the people to submit the matter to the peaceful modes of redress, assuring them that if the Democracy anticipated any fruits from the attempted fraud they would find it a false hope, and while the acts of the Governor, Secretary of State and Mr. Cronin would fail to accomplish the object which was sought, the names of those who perpetrated the outrage would be handed down to the future in the history of Oregon covered with ignominy and infamy. Their act in other lands, and perpetrated upon a less patient people, would meet with the punishment which it deserved, but there was no legal way to reach them but by an everlasting condemnation of their acts and the consignment of their characters to political degradation forever hereafter. The questions of law touching the electoral vote were discussed by some of the speakers with great clearness, and the usurpation of judicial functions by the executive denounced in severe language.

Ex-Governor Gibbs recited a number of cases in point occurring in this State, where the courts, the constitutional convention and the legislative assembly had decided exactly to the reverse of Gov. Grover's decision, when he gave the certificate of election to a man who received a minority of the votes. And it has been held in a vast majority of cases that a minority could not elect and never held otherwise in case of a Presidential elector.

Dr. Watts gave a clear and detailed statement of all that occurred in the electoral college room at the Capitol, excoriated Senator Kelly and announced that he had been converted in reference to his opinion to Cronin, whom he had once regarded as having some sense of honor and fairness.

Williams denounced the act of the State officials and Cronin as an outrage upon the right of the people to choose their officers, subversive of the liberty of the country and revolutionary in its character.

Dolph felt that it was the most solemn occasion upon which he had ever addressed the citizens of Portland. The action of Grover, Chadwick and Cronin would put the kuklux of the [illegible] parishes to blush, for while the kuklux only tried to disfranchise a few parishes and defraud a few thousand Republicans of their votes these men had attempted to steal the vote of a whole State. Mallory was scathing in his denunciation of the greatest outrage ever attempted to be perpetrated upon any people in the United States, or a mob in the world. Caples asserted that the act was not the act of the Democratic party, that Grover was not a representative of that party, but had been foisted upon it by fraud and the use of the party machinery. His description of the manner in which Cronin assumed to be the electoral college of Oregon excited uproarious mirth. Yocum assured his hearers that they had no reason to fear that the act would result as the Democracy expected. Any man with a thimbleful of brains or a spark of patriotism could not but see the fraud of the whole thing, and when the votes were counted at Washington it would be found that Oregon had been cast as the people had voted they should be, for Hayes and Wheeler, and Mr. Cronin's rump vote would go to the waste basket.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

At the conclusion of the speaking the following resolutions were submitted and adopted by a rising vote, only two persons in the vast crowd, as far as our reporter could see, remaining seated when the question was put:

WHEREAS, L. F. Grover and S. F. Chadwick, entering into a conspiracy to rob the people of the State of Oregon of the rightful results of the late Presidential election, have criminally attempted to thwart the *will of the people* as expressed by them at such election, by attempting to *foist* upon them an *elector overwhelmingly defeated at the polls* for such office; therefore be it

Resolved, That by thus violating their respective oaths of office, and prostituting the high stations occupied by them, they have forfeited the confidence and respect of the people of the State of Oregon, *irrespective of party*, and deserve the condemnation of all honorable men everywhere.

THE EFFIGY

Was hung in the street, and as the crowd was emerging from the hall it was set on fire, and with various derisive exclamations concerning the State officials the crowd dispersed.

MILITARY NOTES.

Second Lieutenant Chas. H. Bonesteel, 21st infantry, having reported at these headquarters in compliance with paragraph 2, special orders No. 162, current series, from division headquarters, from graduating leave of absence, will join his company at Camp Harney, Oregon.

Second Lieutenant Wm. E. Miller, 1st cavalry, en route to join his station—Fort Lapwai—will report to the commanding officer, Fort Vancouver, to take charge of and conduct to Fort Walla Walla all enlisted men at Fort Vancouver belonging to companies of the 1st cavalry and 21st infantry stationed at Forts Walla Walla, Lapwai and Colville. The commanding officer, Fort Walla Walla, is authorized to send in charge of Lieutenant Miller any enlisted men at that post belonging to Fort Lapwai.

UP THE COLUMBIA.

Telegraphic reports from up the Columbia at 6:30 P. M. yesterday, indicate the following state of the weather:

Walla Walla—Cloudy and dense fog, thermometer 30°.

Wallula—Cloudy; snowing a little; thermometer 28°; river has fallen an inch since morning.

Celilo—Cloudy and snowing a little; wind from the East; thermometer 30°; looks more like winter than any day yet; river fell one inch to-day.

Dalles—Cloudy; trying to snow.

Umatilla—Snowing light; thermometer 29°;

Cascades—Clear and cool; wind blowing a gale from northeast; thermometer 32°.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Rodgers, the well known manufacturer of boots and shoes, has removed to First street, near Main, where he will be happy to wait on old patrons.

The reason why J. F. D. Wrinkle & Co. offer goods at such low figures, is that they pay a low rent and buy at lowest cash prices. We refer with pleasure to their latest announcement.

PERSONAL.

We acknowledge a call last evening from Hon. J. H. Laswell of Eastern Oregon.

Senator James K. Kelly will start for Washington this morning. He will go overland via The Dalles, Boise City and Kelton.

Buy your wife a beautiful set of silverware at B. L. Stone's.

Fashionable custom made suits of every variety at Kohn's Clothing Palace.

Pacific Boot and Shoe House have just received a large lot of new and stylish goods per steamer Ajax, comprising some of the best work ever brought to this city, and need only to be seen to be appreciated. Give them a call, and they will be most happy to show you their beautiful goods.

J. N. Crabb will sell pools on Friday, 8th December, at the Cosmopolitan Saloon, on the great four mile and repeat race, to be run at San Francisco December 9th. Will have the first dispatches of each heat run.

THE OPERA.

CITY EDITOR OREGONIAN:

Whether it is because the citizens of Portland have been so often deceived by one horse shows, claiming to be first-class, or whether it is because they are utterly lacking in appreciation of real merit, that they have not filled Ankeny's theater the past two nights, we will not attempt to discuss. Suffice it that when the Marston opera troupe (so-called) was here, the theater was on several nights—especially the first two—filled to its utmost capacity. Big posters, bigger promises and a great deal of brag preceded that opera (?) company, and our citizens, after witnessing their performances, without reserve confessed their disgust and disappointment. How is it now? Mr. Titus, famous as an operatic manager, brings hither, without any grand flourish—indeed without exerting himself to obtain a subscription list in advance, but depending solely on the good sense and judgment of Portlanders, having himself confidence in the ability of his company to please its audiences—a troupe of more than ordinary merit; indeed, as was proven by their first performance, a first-class operatic company, lacking only the chorus and a grand orchestra, and yet the citizens of Portland seem to be almost totally indifferent to their presence. In consequence of past disappointments it was perhaps excusable that there was not a crowded house on the opening night, but those who were present were agreeably surprised, and the writer ventures to say he never saw in a Portland theater a better pleased audience. After nearly every act the curtain was rung up again, and when the spectators departed, they did so fully believing that the next night would witness a crowded house. In this they erred, for last night saw no augmentation in the number present, the audience being in the main the same that was present on the opening night. Notwithstanding this fact, "La Grande Duchess" was capitally rendered, and lacking the choruses, was given entire. The company were in excellent spirits and in good voice, and it was really too bad that the house was not jam full. After the many promises that a good company would be patronized, it must be confessed that the promises have not been very sincere. Let no empty benches greet the performers from now on. The writer has reason for saying that if the present season is profitable, the agent, Mr. Titus, as also Mr. Gray, will be only too glad to furnish for a short season a complete opera company, including chorus and orchestra, but it can not be done with such encouragement as has been afforded thus far.

APPRECIATION.

Mr. J. B. Brouelette, Arcade saloon, has just received on the steamer *Ajax* a large assortment of fine cigars.

Ulsters and Overcoats at Kohn's.

Only one price at B. L. Stone's.

For gents' clothing go to Kohn's.

Monnastes has received a ship load of Fancy goods. China dinner sets, $25.

Great reduction in Clothing at Kohn's Clothing Palace, cor. First and Morrison streets.

No plated jewelry at B. L. Stone's.

Truly brilliant—the diamonds at B. L. Stone's.

The coffee served by Barnes is good for all. Try a cup at your leisure.

The young man who said it was [illegible] went and took a nip of Noble Whisky to learn the good result. Millard & [illegible], sole agents, 89 Front street.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cozy.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M. D. Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Having purchased the interest of W. H. Andrus, Esq., in the Occidental Hotel, I will be happy to meet my friends in future at this house. THOMAS SMITH.

Dr. Halpruner, chiropodist, is prepared to receive persons at his office, No. 105 First street, for the treatment of all complaints of the feet. Corns, bunions, etc., operated on; also feet treated by the month or year.

W. L. Adams, M. D., A. M., LL. D., corner of First and Salmon streets, is curing the most inveterate chronic diseases of all kinds at a low price, by medicated, electric lightning cream baths, and by combining the German and French with the American improved practice, mixed with a little common sense. His treatments is, in the main, entirely original, and works almost miracles, as his numerous patients will attest. Is extraordinarily successful in treating female complaints.

Sore eyes speedily relieved. The worst form of piles cured, and the most malignant cancers eradicated root and branch without the use of the knife, or the money refunded.

Know all people by these presents, that I, *Santa Claus*, arrived per steamer *Geo. W. Elder*, and have left my *Budget* of Toys and Christmas Presents with Wm. Beck & Son, for distribution in the city of Portland. SANTA CLAUS.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership existing between Joe Oppenheimer and Henry Ackerman, better known as Ackerman's Dollar Store, will be dissolved January 1, 1877. It is imperatively necessary that our stock be disposed of before that time. It being a very large and complete one, comprising in the main elegant Holiday Presents, Crockery, Glass and Fine Plated Ware, it will be readily seen that great sacrifices must be made to dispose of it all within the time set.

The attention of the public, and especially of dealers throughout the State, is called to the above.

ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.

RETURNED HOME

Dr. Halpruner has returned to the city from a professional trip up the valley. Persons suffering with any complaints of the feet can have the same treated on or about the 4th or 5th. The Doctor will have his office finished in Alisky & Hegele's new building, 105 First street.

Returned.

DR. WIGHTMAN has again returned to this city, where he can be seen at his rooms by those suffering from the Piles or Hemorrhoids, or other diseases of the rectum.

N. B. The "Wightman Process" gives immediate relief, and cures in a very short time without the use of the knife, caustic or ligature. Persons living at a distance and suffering, can receive the remedy by express, C. O. D. (Not Mail). All letters containing stamp for return postage will be promptly answered. Rooms on Third street between Washington and Alder. P. O. Box 241, Portland, Oregon.

DR. C. C. WIGHTMAN.

CHIROPODIST.

It has been long needed here to have a good chiropodist permanently located where the people can go and have their feet put in good repair. This city has one who has located himself permanently and who is undoubtedly one of the most skilled chiropodists we ever heard of. With his wonderful medical discoveries he always gives perfect satisfaction, and his prices are quite reasonable.

J. H. BRENNER
Will give the best references in the city as Teacher of
VIOLIN, PIANO & ORGAN.
Northwestern Brass and String Band
Plays the Latest and Best Music.
Prof. PARLISH [illegible] Prompter.
Office—At GRAY'S Music store. [illegible]

A. L. FRANCIS,
Dealer in
PIANO AND ORGANS,
Portland, Oregon.
Extra Inducements Offered.
First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.
Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.
Address P. O. Box 235.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same. [illegible] BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. T. HATCH.

LETTER FROM SALEM.

INDIGNATION MEETING AT REED'S OPERA HOUSE—SPEECHES—RESOLUTIONS DENOUNCING COURSE OF GOV. GROVER—MINOR MATTERS.

SALEM, Dec. 6, 1876.

No sooner had Governor Grover announced his decision in the Watts case to-day than posters were issued calling an indignation meeting to meet at the Opera House this evening. It was responded to much more generally than any one supposed it would be, and at 7:30 o'clock every available seat in the vast building was occupied, while hundreds were unable to secure them. The people turned out almost en masse, a large number of ladies being present with their escorts. Jacob Conser, Esq., was elected president, and Hon. Richard Williams, Hon. J. N. Dolph and others occupied seats upon the platform. Hon. Richard Williams, Congressman elect, was the first speaker introduced, and right lustily did he sail into Gov. Grover for the course he had taken in his national affair. U. S. District Attorney Coghlan, of California, in response to repeated calls, appeared, and with pleasing grace, although earnest disapprobation, did he review the Governor's action. Hon. J. W. Watts was then introduced, "which was postmaster" being the opening words of his address. This, of course, brought down the house, and he managed to keep his audience amused and interested during his remarks. Briefly and concisely he related the incidents connected with casting to-day's electoral vote, each of which was cast under peculiar circumstances. W. H. Odell was then called on and he added his mite to the intensity of feeling already manifested, and when at length Hon. J. N. Dolph was introduced, the crowd was in just the right mood to listen to his remarks, which cut like caustic. He assailed the Executive from and on all sides, announcing to-day's outrage, but the "cap sheaf" to others heaped upon Oregonians in the past. He made a hasty review of Grover's administration during the past six years, finding therein much to criticise and condemn. He showed no mercy and his remarks were seconded, or sanctioned rather, by almost the entire audience, judging by their frequent and enthusiastic applause.

The committee on resolutions consisting of Hon. J. N. Dolph, Judges Lawson and Joanson, presented the following, which were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, The conduct of Governor Grover in attempting to rob the people of Oregon of their choice of an elector to whom they had given over 1,100 majority of their votes is a glaring outrage upon their rights; is striking a blow at the fundamental principle upon which the government rests—the free suffrage of the citizens—is a direct violation of his oath to support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Oregon and his oath of office, and for which conduct he has rendered himself unworthy to set among honorable men as a Senator of the United States, and we request that he be, for criminal, dishonorable and unworthy conduct, refused a seat in that honorable body.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Oregon in attempting to steal the electoral vote of Dr. John W. Watts and transfer it to E. A. Cronin have proved themselves capable of as great frauds as their rebel confederates in Louisiana or Florida, and fully justify the charge made by President Grant in his message, that a large percentage of the people remaining in the Union sympathized with the rebellion and made an enemy in the rear almost as dangerous as the more honorable enemy in the front.

Hon. G. W. Lawson followed with a few well timed and characteristic remarks, which were favorably received, after which the meeting adjourned. It was a display of public indignation unparalleled, perhaps, in the history of our State, and indicated most forcibly the sentiment of the people regardless, perhaps we might say, of partisan feeling. It was with difficulty that the more sedate class of our citizens could restrain and prevent some of Grover's bitterest enemies from hanging his body in effigy in front of his own residence. Numerous threats were made that such a thing would be done, but we are inclined to believe this would have met the disapproval of by far the majority in this our fair city.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Another wedding in town to-day, the parties being Charles R. Coleman and Miss Eliza Miller, both well and favorably known in this city.

The weather is clear and the mornings decidedly frosty.

The Chemeketa Hotel has been literally overrun with politicians during the past few days, and now that the die is cast, they will no doubt migrate in hot haste.

The W. U. Telegraph Co. have occupied new and much more convenient quarters in the Chemeketa block. Gus Wheeler, who manipulates lightning, is one of the most efficient operators on the coast.

Master Willie G. Woodruff has accepted a situation in Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher, parents of our worthy "M." "Pap" Thatcher, arrived here from Illinois on the last steamer, and will probably remain in Oregon. The old gentleman is [illegible] years old and looks every inch an American.

Strong Nerves an Attainable Blessing.

There are many who have never known the blessings of strong nerves, having been born with weak ones. Those who have, and through disease, or some other cause, have suffered a loss of nerve power, can by contrast more fully appreciate the magnitude of that loss. The true way to repair it is to invigorate the system through the medium of improved digestion, secretion, and the establishment of a regular habit of body, three results invariably accomplished by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures the thorough conversion of the food into pure, nourishing blood, from which the nerves, in common with every other part of the bodily economy, gather vigor, the grand prerequisite of health. The great objection to sedatives and narcotics is that they not only exert no tonic influence, but are always followed by a hurtful reaction. Such is far from being the case with the Bitters, the primary action of which is most salutary, and whose after effects are beneficial in the extreme.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

PROGRESS CLUB ROOMS.
I have taken charge of the Progress Club Rooms, and cordially invite the former guests of the Club and my acquaintances. Lunch from 12 to 1 P. M. The fine Hall and Rooms will be rented to Clubs, also for Private Parties, Balls, etc.
H. BRENNER.

FINKLIN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.
Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
98 FIRST STREET.

OMNES PROBANT.
WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

August Flower.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for a bit; large size 75 cents. Try it—Two doses will relieve you. Agents Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

There is, probably, no way in which we can benefit our readers more than by recommending to them for general use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. It is adapted to almost all the purposes of a Family Medicine and as a specific for coughs, colds, whooping cough, soreness of the chest, lame stomach, rheumatism, spitting of blood, and all lung difficulties, it has no equal that we ever saw or heard of.

The propriety of giving condition medicine to horses, cattle and sheep, was discussed and admitted by many of the Agricultural Societies throughout the State last Fall, and we believe that every case but one they decided in favor of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*. Good judgment.

THROUGH MILLIONS OF MINUTE ORIFICES exudes the perspiration. If these become obstructed, skin diseases ensue or the general health suffers. Both these undesirable consequences are averted and the skin preserved or rendered clear and radiant by GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

Seeing is Believing.

If ladies who do not use the fragrant "Sozodont" will compare teeth with those who do, they will see in an instant, more reasons for adopting it than can be composed into a newspaper paragraph.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy, luxuriant hair, prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM preserves and restores the complexion; removes freckles, tan and sallowness; makes the skin soft, white and delicate. Its application cannot be detected.

[illegible] ESTABLISHED

NEW TERMS!

NEW [illegible]

NEW GOODS!

NEW STORE!

The Old Regime Upset!

[illegible]

[illegible] &

MACBETH,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers

[illegible]

IN [illegible]

New and Elegant Premises,

[illegible] N. W. CORNER [illegible]

[illegible] HILL AND [illegible] STREETS.

[illegible] has just returned from the Eastern and San Francisco markets, with a large and varied stock, consisting

The Most Recherche Novelties [illegible]

DRY & FANCY GOODS,

[illegible]

Fine & Fashionable Clothing,

NEWEST and DESIRABLE Styles

BOOTS & SHOES,

FRESHEST AND BEST

GROCERIES,

And Everything requisite in a First Class Establishment.

REMARKABLE, BUT TRUE!

[illegible] the above gives but a faint idea of

The Immense Stock

We have in Store, for we have spared no possible exertions to present those who favor us with their patronage, with the Most

Complete and Freshest Goods

that could be procured in the

Leading Markets of the World,

And feeling assured that our Display will be

EMINENTLY SUPERIOR

to any similar event in this city, we cordially invite THE PUBLIC to an inspection of our New Establishment.

OUR MOTTO

Is, that by strict attention to business and fair dealing with all our customers we will endeavor to secure the confidence and patronage of all; and the Public may feel certain that our prices will be always

BELOW COMPETITION.

Agents for

McDOUGALL BROS.' SLEEP DRESS [illegible]

[illegible]

We are now in receipt, per Steamer "Ajax," of an Elegant Lot of Seventy-five CLOAKS direct from New York consisting of all the Latest Styles and Novelties.

ALSO, TEN PIECES

[illegible]'s Unrivaled Black Cashmere.

A New Line of BLACK SILKS, of the Celebrated Make of Bonnet's, Ponson's & Guinet's, that we are offering at Very Low Figures.

A Beautiful Lot of NEW TIES, CARDINAL CUFFS and COLLARS, SLIPPER PATTERNS, Etc., Etc.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

[illegible] Astonishing Victories for 1876.

[illegible]

WHEELER & WILSON

HAS TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENTENNIAL Exposition—the Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the Oregon State Fair, given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine, and best series of Samples—First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at Walla Walla—First Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.

See the Machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who try to make the public believe the defects of the old Wheeler & Wilson are in the [illegible] with the Table, and patent Oil Globes, preventing the work from being [illegible] of [illegible] down the needle bar.

Send orders to

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.

[illegible]

THE FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE OFFICE

HAS REMOVED TO

SHERMAN & HYDE'S MUSIC STORE,

No. [illegible] First Street, near corner of [illegible]

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE INVOICE OF

NEW AND ELEGANT MACHINES

[illegible] Needles for all kinds of Sewing [illegible] Sewing Machine Attachment.

[illegible]

SMITH BROS' [illegible] & [illegible]

South Front Street, between [illegible]

[illegible]

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and [illegible] Machinery, Iron and Brass Castings, Forgings and Pattern Making.

[illegible]

[illegible] IRON WORKS

CORNER [illegible] NORTH FRONT [illegible]

[illegible]

Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, [illegible] And Engine Builders.

[illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible]

STOVES, RANGES, [illegible]

FORCE AND LIFT [illegible]

House [illegible]

Water Coolers, [illegible]

All the [illegible]

[illegible] SALOON.

And the Celebrated

"[illegible]" BEER

AT THE

[illegible],

FIRST & PINE STREETS.

[illegible]

Weinhard's and [illegible] Beer, [illegible] Wines and Liquors.

[illegible] and see me.

[illegible] HORN,
Opp. Pino Building.

Northern Pacific Railroad Co.,
Pacific Division.
Office of General Superintendent and Assistant Land Commissioner.
KALAMA, Washington Territory, Nov. 7, 1876.
CONSTRUCTION OF THE PUYALLUP COAL ROAD.
THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE [illegible] Cross Ties; 240 acres Grubbing and Clearing, and for Piles, Timber and Lumber required for the construction of a Railroad between New Tacoma and the Puyallup Coal Fields.
Full Particulars and [illegible], points of delivery, etc., will be furnished on application to
[illegible] SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

OREGON BAKERY.
LIESE & KOELBING,
(Successors to [illegible] Opitz,)
First street, next to cor. of Pine, Portland,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
CRACKERS, BREAD, CAKES & PASTRY.

[illegible] FISK,
ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,
No. 2[illegible] Stark Street,
ANALYSES OF [illegible] OF ORES AND [illegible]
Prompt attention paid to orders from all parts of the country.
Highest price paid for Gold Dust and Gold Bars.

The Pacific Boot & Shoe Store
HAVING CHANGED HANDS, ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to GEO. A. PEASE & CO., will see the necessity of immediate settlement. All bills must be paid to the new firm at the old stand, No. 77 First street.
GEO. A. PEASE & CO.

PIONEER WOOD YARD
FOOT OF [illegible] STREET.
[illegible] & TAYLOR.
[illegible] WOOD,
Sawed and unsawed constantly on hand and delivered in any part of the City.

LIVERY AND [illegible]
[illegible]
OFFICE AT [illegible]
S. W. Corner of Second and [illegible]
All business entrusted to [illegible]
ORDERS FOR [illegible]
[illegible]
Livery, Hack & Feed [illegible]
(FIRE PROOF),
COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STREETS.
[illegible]

CORRECT TASTE
IN THE OPINION OF THOSE WHO HAVE the ability to criticise, is [illegible] conspicuous
RED FRONT
that places every one in the [illegible]
[illegible]
However, this is simply a question of taste, and as all will admit that the chief use of advertising is to get one's name before the public,
HIMES, THE PRINTER,
after long and painful deliberation, [illegible] method of informing all the Oregonian readers that he has removed his extensive Book and Job Printing Office across the hall from his old place, where, with increased facilities, and a
BUSINESS OFFICE
level with the street, for the purpose of preventing his numerous customers from
LOSING BREATH
by climbing up a long flight of stairs, he is amply prepared to turn out exquisite specimens of all that is neat and artistic in Commercial, Legal and Society
JOB PRINTING.
(To be continued.)

WARRANTED.
The CUTLERY made by
LOUIS J. GEORGE.
First Street, between Salmon and Main.
All kinds of Cutlery and Surgical Instruments repaired or made to order.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 8, 1876.

AT SUNSET.

The shadows fall across the wall,
The lovely twilight shadows;
While fades away departing day
Along the slopes and meadows.
The cricket, shrill, chirps on the hill,
And in the peaceful valley
The homely kine within the shine
Of the last sun rays dally.

A softened light is on the height,
And with the gloaming blended,
The shine and shade together said
Tell that the day is ended.
The farewell ray that fades away
Touches the earth with glory,
And bids good night to vale and height.
So ends the day's short story.

O, hour divine! whose softened shine
Precedes the night and shadows,
Whose mellow light fades from our sight,
Creeping across the meadows!
How softly falls along the wall
The heart's ease of thy bringing.
While on the hill the whippoorwill
Its evening song is singing.

O, sunset hour! thy mystic power
Brings back old forms and faces,
And at the hearth our lost of earth
Fill up the vacant places.
While, childish feet adown the street
Come at thy gracious calling;
They gather here, our loved, our dear,
While sunset shades are falling.

Ah, dream in vain! O, bitter pain!
Our souls with sorrow stirring—
Along life's track they come not back
At sunset's hour recurring.
Beneath the cross we suffer loss,
Our hearts are sad and lonely—
Their endless day fades not away,
Ours is the sunset only.

—*E. Norman Gunnison.*

LOUISIANA.

Report of the Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The President's message to-day merely announces that he transmits the report of Sherman and others on Louisiana matters. Sherman's report, after relating the causes which took the committee to New Orleans, and mentioning the courtesy of the board in inviting their attendance at its sessions, and in giving every facility for investigation and scrutiny, gives a succinct history of the creation of the returning board committee, and says that after the whites of the South had, by rebellion, forfeited the right to participate in the government they had been compelled, as a condition of restored citizenship, to assent to constitutional amendments giving their late slaves rights of citizenship. The annals of the South specially show there was a wide spread and persistent determination to prevent the colored race from exercising the elective franchise except at their will. This was evidenced by outrages, violence and murders which the Congressional reports show were over 2,100 in a few weeks preceding the election of 1868. It describes in vivid terms the terrorism of that year, and gives figures showing how amazingly the Republican votes were diminished in consequence. Among the cases instanced are the parish of Orleans, which in the spring of '68 gave 3,973 Republican votes, but in the fall gave only 1,178; Caddo, which in the spring gave 298 Republican votes and in the fall [illegible] St. Landry, where the Republicans had a registered majority of 1,07[illegible], and in the fall not one vote was cast for Grant, and Seymour got 4,787, and the Kukluxkilled and wounded over 200 Republicans, hunting and chasing them two days. The report refers to shooting the [illegible] prisoners. Then Republicans were led to the polls and compelled to vote the Democratic ticket, so that the Democrats obtained a supremacy. The colored men have illustrated that they naturally cling to the party which liberated them, wherever they have a free voice. This state of affairs led to the act of 1870, acquiesced in by both political parties, and passed as amended in 1872, creating a returning board authorized to sit in New Orleans, having supreme authority to canvass the votes cast throughout the entire State, and authorized, if convinced that riot, tumult, acts of violence, intimidation, armed disturbance, bribery or corrupt influence had prevented voters from registering or had materially interfered with the purity or freedom of the election at any of the polls or voting places, or had materially changed the result of the election, to exclude the votes cast at such polls or voting places from the canvass. This is substantially the law under which the present board organized. Nobody can deny the necessity of some such tribunal as a check on such violence as prevailed. In fact the powers of the board are much too restricted to afford full relief against the wrongs it was designed to prevent. It can never add to the returns the votes which would have been polled but for intimidation. To illustrate this the report refers to the five bulldosed parishes where there is in each case a large Republican majority in all of them. The entire registration of white voters this year was 55,180, colored 13,244, a majority of 5,110. If Democrats should, by intimidation, get a majority in each, there should be immense gains if the board rejected all their votes. It would be powerless to administer complete justice by declaring for the Republicans such majority in each parish as they would have had but for intimidation. The returns excluded from the board will be found to be generally from parishes which would on a fair vote give a Republican majority. It should be borne constantly in mind that whilst that tribunal may, upon proof and in exercise of judicial discretion, reject votes for the causes mentioned, it cannot upon so doing count any not actually cast. It will therefore readily occur to any one that a careful selection of political managers of certain parishes known to have large Republican majorities, for scenes of intimidation and violence, in the belief that other Democratic parishes within the State would enable them to carry it for their party, even should their majorities in the parishes thus selected be rejected. It might well be a favorite method for achieving success, and as we proceed, it will be apparent that such was the mode adopted to carry Louisiana for the Democratic party, whilst from the very nature of the mischief to be remedied, the law could but partially repair it. The statute under which the board acts is so framed as to prohibit the rejection of votes cast at any poll or voting place, unless certain solemn formalities are first complied with, which must be supplemented by testimony of witnesses. The statutes organizing the board declared in substance that whenever, from any poll or voting place, there shall be received by the board the statement of any supervisor of registration or commissioner of election, confirmed by affidavits of three or more citizens, of any riot, tumult, acts of violence, intimidation, armed disturbance, bribery or corrupt influence, which prevent or tend to prevent a peaceful vote of all the qualified voters entitled to vote at such polls, the board shall proceed to investigate the facts, and if, from such statements and affidavits, they shall be convinced that such cases did not materially interfere with the purity and freedom of such election, or prevent a sufficient number of qualified voters from voting to materially change the result of the election, then the vote shall be compiled; otherwise it shall be their duty to examine further testimony in regard thereto, and to that end shall have power to send for persons and papers, if any of the examination board shall be convinced that such acts of violence, etc., did materially interfere with the purity and freedom of the election at such poll, or did prevent a sufficient number of qualified voters from registering or voting, to materially change the result, then the board shall not canvass or compile the votes of such poll, but shall exclude it from the returns.

The investigation of the committee shows that the board is entitled to respect until it violates its obligation. It gives a very favorable account of Wells, mentioning his loyalty during the war, when patriotism cost him much. It says the brilliant achievements and capacity of General Anderson are widely known and universally respected. Both are men of property and above venality. Casanove is an excellent business man of irreproachable character and habits. Kenner is young, intelligent, active and respected. The report proceeds to give the outline of the proofs of intimidation. The idea was to confine intimidation to a few large Republican parishes, and if thrown out, the Democrats would be gainers by the operation, because the Republican majorities would thus be overcome in those parishes. Those selected were "bull-dozed" parishes, where the geographical situation was well suited to this kind of infamy, being adjacent to Arkansas and Mississippi, so that it could be pretended the border ruffians depredated and murdered the negroes. Every species of cruelty was resorted to, and an actual Democratic majority was returned in a place 7,000 Republican. The report is signed by Sherman, Stoughton, Van Allen, Eugene Hale, Garfield, Cortlandt, Parker, Kelly, Sidney Clark and Wilson of Kansas.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 7, 1876.

Gold in New York, 108.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 91; selling, 92.

Silver Coin—buying, 94; selling, 95.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Coin Exchange on New York ¼ per cent. premium,

There is still a good degree of confidence and a quiet feeling in monetary affairs. Borrowers are not numerous in the market, and rates for loans and discounts are unchanged. There is some feeling that a permanent modification of rates will take place on the coast in the due course of business before the end of another season, and as one of those who believe that these rates have always been too high to promote the prosperity and growth of this section of our country, we are glad to chronicle the fact that capitalists, as well as others, see the necessity of a reduction to a figure more consistent with those prevailing at the East and in the countries of Europe. Not that they should be put down to those figures, but that the difference should be less than now.

Dr. Linderman, director of the United States mints, is on this coast on his annual tour of inspection. One of the objects of his visit was to purchase silver for the Pacific coast mints. Since his arrival he has purchased in San Francisco ,000,000 ounces of fine silver, and 300,000 ounces Dore silver, the latter to be delivered at the Carson mint. The amount of the sale is about $2,000,000. The price is not given, but is said to be the market rates. The sellers were Flood & O'Brien, of the Nevada Bank.

The Wheat Market.

The advance in wheat noticed last week has been fairly sustained, though at this writing there are indications that the market has some tendency to decline. Sales have been made at $1 90 in some instances, and we have heard of one or two purchases of choice lots for milling at an advance even on these figures. The quotations to-day are rather below, however, and in the absence of any downward movement abroad, we attribute the increasing indisposition of exporters to buy at full rates to the fact that they are less pressed for time to load the vessels on hand, and hence can proceed more cautiously in buying. The *Reporter* of this week estimates that the exports up to date have been 782,828 centals wheat, and 51,522 barrels flour to Great Britain, and 7,575 barrels flour to Hongkong, against, for like time last season, of 680,498 centals wheat and 9,442 barrels flour to Great Britain, and 2,020 barrels flour to Hongkong. Excess so far this season (flour reduced to wheat) 244,735 centals, and that the receipts at this point have been as follows since the commencement of the harvest season of 1876-7:

	August.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
*O. S. N. Co.	27,428	45,246	48,325	22,266
O. C. R. R. Co.	1,196	23,707	57,310	31,184
W. T. & L. Co.	203	6,598	27,78[illegible]	58,770
Independent Line	993	7,696	15,768	15,586
O & C. R. R. Co.	1,265	29,076	11,990	120 344
Totals	31,115	112,323	210,98[illegible]	143 170

*Upper Columbia river.

The above gives a grand total for the first four months of the season of 627,588 sacks, equal to 784,485 centals, which added to flour received (receipt by month under flour) for a like time gives the following:

Wheat, centals	784,485
Flour, reduced to wheat	252,556
Total	1,040,041

There are now 5 or 18 vessels of the grain fleet in the river, and those on the berth are having quick dispatch.

Other domestic products than breadstuffs have been in active demand, and generally prices have been kept up to former quotations, with an advance for some commodities, as will appear by our quotations.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—Market unsteady and a wide range of prices prevailing; choice shipping or milling $1 8[illegible]@$1 87½; common $1 75@1 80 per cental.

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands, $5 50 ₩ bbl; good outside and country brands, $5 00@$5 25; fine and superfine, $[illegible] 25@4 50.

OATS—Surprise, 50c per bushel; good white 45 to 47½c; black, 42½c.

POTATOES—Market well supplied at 25@40c per bushel.

ONIONS—As to quality, $1 25@1 50 ₩ 100 lbs.

HAY—Choice timothy, baled, $16@$17; loose, $13 @$14.

LARD—Oregon made, fresh, in tins, 15c ₩ lb; in kegs, 14c.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 4@5c; pitless, 10@11c ₩ lb.

DRIED APPLES—In sacks 5c, kegs 6½ ₩ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 15@18c ₩ lb; brine, 22@25c; roll, 25@28c; fancy dairy, 30@35c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ₩ lb.

BACON—Market weaker, at 16@17c for sides; 16@17c for hams, and 11c for shoulders.

CHICKENS—Have been coming in very plentifully, quotable at $2 50@$3.

EGGS—Quotable at 25 cts per dozen.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ₩ lb on foot 1¾c; dressed hogs, 6@7c ₩ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ₩ head.

WOOL—Choice Wallamet valley 20@25c; Eastern Oregon and Walla Walla, 12@18c, all according to quality and condition.

BARLEY—Choice brewing, $1 20@1 25; feed, $1 15 @$1 20 ₩ cwt.

MILL FEED—Bran, $16@18 ₩ ton; shorts, $22 50@$25; chopped, middlings, etc., $27 50; oil cake meal, $37 50@$40.

HOPS—Quotable at 18@20c.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 13c ₩ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green salted, 4@6c; elk, 10 @12c ₩ lb; deer, 16@25c ₩ lb for dried, and 50@75c each, green; mink skins, $1 50 each; otter, $[illegible]@5 each; beaver, 75@$1.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship will sail for San Francisco on Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, with freight and passengers.

The British bark Kohinoor cleared yesterday for Queenstown.

The British ship Desdemona has cleared at Astoria for Liverpool direct.

The Br bark Cochrina cleared yesterday for Queenstown, making the thirty-fifth vessel of the grain fleet to clear this season against twenty one up to a corresponding date in 1875.

The following vessels have arrived this week: Selem, Sutterworth, Adele Sabine, Gungner, Ella, Loch Fleet, Glencoe and Lupata. They are all foreign vessels.

The Br. Ship Vale of Doon has been taken to load flour for Liverpool.

The Br bark Alice Davies has been chartered to load wheat for Liverpool.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—Arrived—Str Geo. W. Elder, Astoria; str City of Panama, Victoria; ship Commodore, Seattle; ship Highland Light, Philadelphia; ship B g Bonanza, Liverpool; ship Voyager, Liverpool; bk Helen W. Almy, Honolulu; Fr bk Qu[illegible], Bordeaux; ship Continental, New York; Br ship Wasdale, Liverpool; Br ship Mitmit, Liverpool; ship Reaper, Liverpool; Br ship Agnes Oswald, Glasgow; Italian brig Nuovi Ghillio, Callao; ship Lookout, Sehome; bk Childace, Callao; Br str Gaelic, Yokohama.

Sailed—Schr [illegible], Port Blakely; str Empire, Coos Bay; Br bk Comorin, Cork.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—Flour—Extra jobbing, $6@7, according to brand.

Wheat—Firm at $2 05@2 12½; sales at both figures.

Barley—Feed, $1 15@1 25; brewing, $1 20@1 30.

Oats—Light to choice heavy, $1 65@1 95.

Hay—$9@16.

Potatoes—90c down to 40c.

Butter—Fresh roll, 30@40½.

Eggs—Fresh California, 45c.

Gold—107½.

Legal tenders—92¼@92½.

Silver—Trade dollars, 99@$1; halves 93½@99.

Liverpool wheat to day 10s 10d@11s 1d for average California 11s 1d@11s 3d for club.

EXPORTS.

Per Br bark Cochrina, dispatched to Queenstown for orders by Corbitt & Macleay Dec. 6th—54,361 bushels wheat; value $57,009.

Per Br bark Kohinoor, dispatched to Queenstown for orders by Henry Hewett & Co. Dec. 6th—25,787 bushels wheat; valued at $26,403.

Per iron ship Desdemona, cleared from Astoria Dec. 4th with the following cargo, for Liverpool: 11,409¼ bbls of flour, $62 749; 6,263 cases of beef in tins, $52,010; 223 cases salmon, $1,338; 260 cases mutton, $2,730; 45 cases ox tongues, $3[illegible]5; 20,480 centals of wheat, $40,960; 10 hlf bbls salmon, $70. Total value of cargo, $160,172.

MARX & JORGENSEN,

No. 26 North Front Street, Portland, Ogn.

Sole Agents for

CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.,

St. Louis, Mo.

AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,

Stonewall Old Fashion Copper Whisky.

Nelson Co., Ky.

Snow Hill Fire Copper Bourbon,

Paris, Ky.

Importers of Foreign Wines & Liquors.

Depot of Julius Dressel's

SONOMA VINEYARD.

CHAS. E. BRAY,

Professor of Music,

Will furnish Balls and Parties with Music of the first quality, as heretofore. Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDES', or at residence Fourth and Morrison streets.

At Cost for [illegible] Days.

SPLENDID GOODS

FOR THE

APPROACHING HOLIDAYS!

AT

C. C. BARRETT'S.

Elegantly Bound Gift Books, Standard Works in every Variety of Binding, Family Bibles, Pocket Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, Catholic Prayer Books, Juvenile Toy Books, Games, Alphabet and Building Blocks, in Endless Variety.

Also, call special notice to our Large Stock of

Staple and Fancy Stationery,

Photograph Albums, Writing Desks, Portfolios, Glass Inkstands, Gold Pens and Pencils, Chess Boards, Bone and Wood Chessmen, Russia Leather Portmonnaies, Purses and Wallets, Globes and Maps.

Latest Styles

Plaid, Granite & Rep Papeteries

Perpetual Diaries, Reward Cards, Pictures, Opera Glasses, Work Boxes, Fine Pocket Knives, Bank Books, Memorandum and Pass Books.

LARGEST STOCK OF TOYS IN THE CITY.

n6dtf and

DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSET,

(FORMERLY SANITARY CORSET.)

With Skirt Supporter & Self-Adjusting Pads.

Secures Health and Comfort of Body, with Grace and Beauty of form.

Three garments in one. Approved by all physicians.

HAS BEEN AWARDED THE GOLD MEDAL at the Centennial Exhibition, for being the best Promoter of Health, Comfort of Body with Grace and Beauty of Form. Two million five hundred thousand now being worn by the most intelligent ladies of our land. London Cord $2 00; Satteen $1 75; Child's Waist $1 50. Dr. Warner's Health Corset and Child's Waist sent by mail post-paid, if no agent near you.

MRS. M. A. WARNER, Portland, O.

PRICE REDUCED—Great American. 25 cts Stationery Package; one for 20 cts; four for 75 cts; six for $1. Ladies' Alpaca Suits, $8, at WARNER'S.

ASTONISHING RESULTS

FROM THE USE OF WARNER'S HAIR PRODUCER. Heads that were perfectly bald three months ago are now covered with a heavy growth of Hair. Falling hair entirely checked in every case yet treated. Address or call at 51 Morrison st.

MRS. E. S. WASS,
Practical Hair Worker.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

The Holidays are Approaching

AND YOU WILL WANT JEWELRY & WATCHES at the very lowest prices. My expenses in every way being light, and having purchased goods from first class houses at low prices, I am enabled to undersell all others.

I PROPOSE TO DO WHAT I SAY.

A. BESCHEINEN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

127 First st., Monastes' Building.

Repairing done promptly and satisfactorily.

JOHN B. MILLER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

No. 93 First St., National Bank Building,

Has just received a large and well selected stock of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches

Manufactured by the most Celebrated Makers in Europe and America. Also,

Watch Chains and Jewelry, Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

CLOCKS of all descriptions known to the trade. Watches and Jewelry cleaned and repaired and warranted.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors, with Dinner at 12 M. Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietors.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

SALEM, OREGON.

To the Citizens of Salem and the Traveling Public: THE RUMOR THAT I AM IN THE CHEMEKETA Hotel is false. I am still keeping the Commercial Hotel as usual, at $1 00 per day, board and lodging, according to room. I keep no second-class house in the State. Call and see for yourself; and if not satisfied no charges made.

d2c1m WESLEY GRAVES, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,

Oak Street, 2d door west of Neppach's Drug Store.

WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN the business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent dish of

Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters

prepared in every style known to epicureans. We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity. WALLER & SON.

EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. J. FLEUROT..........PROPRIETRESS.

THE DINING HALL

Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private Stairway from the Ladies' Parlor leading thereto.

It has been determined to spare no pains in making this

The Best Restaurant in the City.

Free Coach to and from the House.

REMOVED

To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows Hall,

FOURNIER & WILBRON'S

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to.

THOMPSON'S 2-BIT HOUSE.

No Deception There. Hi yu Muck-a-Muck and here's your Bill of Fare,

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; also for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every other day, with plenty of hot tea and coffee for dinner, water if you call for it, with fresh rolls and cakes in abundance. Now's your time to get the rinkles out of your bellies after the hard winter.

Board and Lodging, per Week, $5 00
Board, $4 00; Day, $1 00.

N.B.—Having started a Labor Exchange, I request the owners of Fisheries, Sawmills, Bosses in Logging Camps, and Farmers in want of hands; old Farmers, Ranchers and Batches, in want of wives and housekeepers, to send me word by post or otherwise, and I will try to supply their wants. No pay required.

Sailors will find this Temperance House with every chance of employment on shore.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,

Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 50
Board per week	4 50
Board and Lodging, per day	1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

BANKS.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE......London.
BRANCHES.......Victoria, B. C., San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA ......Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London, Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND........Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND........British Linen Company.
ENGLAND........National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business.

Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 per ct.) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FREDK. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange.

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG,
PARIS, BERLIN,
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President......HENRY FAILING.
Cashier......JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS; payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE WEST SHORE, OREGON'S

HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED PAPER, SHOULD be in EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

WE FURNISH 20 PAGES OF THE CHOICEST reading.

EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS BEAUTIFUL Illustrations of SCENERY AND OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST—OVER 50 OF them in a year.

SHALL OUR MONEY GO AWAY FROM HOME WHEN WE HAVE TALENT AND Artists OF MERIT AMONG US? THE RESOURCES OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST is something.

EVERY RESIDENT OF THIS SECTION IS interested in, and THE WEST SHORE pays particular attention to that department.

It is a most Excellent Family Journal,

And just the kind of Paper to send abroad. Now is the time to

WEST SHORE

Subscribe so as to obtain OUR HOLIDAY NUMBER, which will be a Mammoth 24 page Paper, with over 50 Engravings. It will be sent to every subscriber without extra charge, or for 30 cents to non-subscribers. Money can be paid to any Postmaster, or sent direct to this office in a registered letter, at our risk.

Subscription, per annum, $1 50. Specimen copy, 20 cents. L. SAMUEL, Publisher,
d1d6 w1m Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY

For 1877.

IN PRESS, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON or about JANUARY 1, 1877, the

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1877,

Embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland; together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the city.

This being the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the Publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING for NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHWILER will solicit for Advertisements, and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past fourteen years.

Please report all alterations in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, 41 First street.

Good Advertising!

$8,250 40 worth of space in various newspapers distributed through thirty States, will be sold for $700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A list of the papers, giving daily and weekly circulation and printed schedule of rates, sent free on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row, New York.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of A. S. McClure. Whereas the said A. S. McClure having been adjudged a bankrupt under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1867. Notice is hereby given that the said A. S. McClure has filed his petition for a discharge from all his debts provable under said Act, and that the 2d day of December, 1876, at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in Portland, District of Oregon, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition, when and where the creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

RALPH WILCOX,
n1d3s Clerk of U. S. District Court.

K. of P.—EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 1,

MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock, in Castle Hall, corner of First and Taylor streets. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

J. P. ROGERS, C. C.
GEO. S. H. JACKSON, K. of R. and S. s12dJal

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of [illegible] G.

RAILROAD.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
as follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	[illegible] P. M.
Roseburg	5:40 A. M.	Portland	4:[illegible] P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN,

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	[illegible] P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	[illegible] A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS, AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	[illegible]:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Supt.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	[illegible] A. M.	Tacoma	6:00 P. M
Tacoma	7:00 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco; Cabin......$[illegible] 00 | Steerage......$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN EWERY. A. P. DELIN. J. H. ARNOLD.

EWERY, DELIN & ARNOLD,

Cabinet Makers & Undertakers

DEALERS IN

Metallic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases and all kinds of Undertakers' Goods.

All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order.

Furniture Repaired.

Corner Washington and Second Sts., Portland, Ogn.

H. COOKE. C. P. CRAFT

COOKE & CRAFT,

UNDERTAKERS,

and Dealers in Undertakers' Goods,

77 Second St., bet. Washington and Stark,

Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 94.

LAW CARDS.

J. M. M'BRIDE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Montague's Brick, First street, Portland.
n17d3m

H. H. NORTHUP. W. B. GILBERT.

NORTHUP & GILBERT,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Room No. 8 Dekum's Building,

Portland, Ogn. n16 tf

SYL. C. SIMPSON. JNO. B. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & PECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Glisan's Building corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

J. SIMON & CO.,

11 Front Street,

Dealers in

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

German, French and American

WINDOW GLASS,

Crystal Sheet, Enameled, Stained and Cut GLASS. All Sizes of

LOOKING GLASS.

Glazing done to order, at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

L. HEXTER. L. MAY.

HEXTER & MAY

Have just opened at

88, 90 and 92 FRONT ST.,

An Entire New and Large Stock of

TINWARE,

Metals, Stoves and Ranges,

TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,

Japanned Ware, House Furnishing Goods

Special Orders Promptly Executed.

IN ADMIRALTY.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE OF SALE.—United States of America, District of Oregon, ss: Whereas, an order was issued on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1876, by the Hon. District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, in a cause pending in said Court, wherein William Gallagher, C. F. Williams, et al., are the plaintiffs, and a vessel called the "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture are defendants, commanding that, in order that speedy justice be done in the premises, the said "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture should be sold, in accordance with a decree of said Court therein entered on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1876. Now, therefore, I hereby give notice that, in pursuance of such order, I will on SATURDAY, the 9th day of December, 1876, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at Flanders' wharf, foot of B street, in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, in said District, sell the said vessel "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture at Public Auction, to the highest bidder therefor for cash in hand in U. S. currency.

ABNER W. WATERS,
Marshal of the United States for the District of Oregon.

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 24, 1876. n24td de9

CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,

Cor. Third and Ash streets, Portland, P. O. Box 135

DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty Billiard, Virginius Pool Tables, etc., etc.

HOUSE MOVING.

WM. D. ALLEN.

HAVING SECURED A LARGE ADDITION OF Machinery to my already extensive set of the latest improved Tools for raising and Moving Buildings and other heavy bodies, and having full experience in the business, I am prepared to do the same with dispatch. Those having work in my line will please consult me before letting contracts, as I am prepared to do work at a still greater reduction in prices. Office and residence, southeast cor. Sixth and Alder, Portland. o3d5m

MONEY.

$85,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY Property. W. LAIR HILL.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAIL.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

AJAX.

PETER MACKIE..................Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1876.

At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO,

VIA TACOMA.

THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL Steamship

"DAKOTA,"

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

FRIDAY, DEC. 8, AT 5 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco

Cabin............$25 00 | Steerage............$ 00

Tickets for sale at Office of Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

WILLAMETTE

TRANSPORTATION AND LOCKS CO.'S

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from foot of Oak Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at [illegible] A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS And Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 6 A. M.

For L[illegible] Towing Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Supt.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

[illegible]

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Skamokawa and Oneonta—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

CITY OF SALEM

Will Leave Oak Street Wharf for

HARVEST HOME

[illegible]

Thursday, December 28, 1876,

At 5 o'clock A. M.

[illegible] KOOTZ & CO.

[illegible], Portland Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

[illegible], Master.

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. Towing done between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sunday.

MARKETS.

[illegible]

Pork and Beef Packers,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

We have Superior Facilities for Smoking, Rendering, Covering, Coloring and sugar curing Meats.

Government Provisions strictly Attended to.

Brick Building, 184 Front St., Cor. Main,
n9d3m Portland, Oregon.

W. W. SPAULDING,

PORK PACKER,

Packing House—On G, bet. Fourth and Seventh.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. d&w

A. E. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27, and 28 Central Market,

Dealer in all Kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Prices paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

CHRIS. LOCHOFF,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

J. F. KELLER,

Cor. Second and [illegible] streets,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. K. GILLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

Salem Flouring Mills Co

SALEM, OREGON,

Millers & Exporters

OF

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

WHEAT

bought at

Portland Agency, Ankeny's Buildings.

A. W. KINNEY, Agent, Salem. M. J. KINNEY, Agent, San Francisco.

EVERDING & FARRELL

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed,

BACON,

Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.

FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

M. W. [illegible]

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street, between Front and Beale,

SAN FRANCISCO.

W. SPAULDING [illegible] inserted in circular [illegible] REPAIRING, in all its branches; Hammering, Re-Toothing, [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS [illegible] Mulay, Gang, Buck, [illegible] kinds, together with a good [illegible] hours at lowest market [illegible] Cast-Steel faced PLANING [illegible] ING CUTTERS always on hand [illegible] short notice.

N. B.—KNAPP, [illegible] mission Merchants, Portland, [illegible] authorized Agents for Oregon, [illegible]

Orders sent through [illegible] wise filled at same rates as if [illegible]

To the [illegible]

[illegible] ment of [illegible] cured [illegible]

SEMINAL [illegible]

Seminal Emissions, [illegible] This solitary vice, or [illegible] practiced by the youth [illegible] unlimited extent, [illegible] ty, the following [illegible] combatted by scientific [illegible] low countenance, [illegible] the head, ringing [illegible] of leaves and [illegible] the loins, weakness of [illegible] blunted intellect, [illegible] approaching [illegible] quaintances, [illegible] memory, [illegible] tions about the face, [illegible] coughs, consumption, [illegible] frequent [illegible]

Persons at a distance [illegible] by describing [illegible] symptoms, [illegible] and have [illegible] describing [illegible] with Full [illegible] Dollars coin, [illegible] office or through [illegible] medicine will be [illegible] Union. Address [illegible]

NERVOUS AND [illegible]

DR. ST [illegible]

ESSENCE [illegible]

CURES NERVOUS [illegible] Seminal Weakness, [illegible] tency, the result of [illegible] excesses in mature [illegible] produce the following [illegible] youness, seminal [illegible] dreams, Pimples on [illegible] Defective Memory, [illegible] the heart, Loss of [illegible] males, Confusion of [illegible] Paralysis, etc., rendering [illegible] happy.

THE ESSENCE [illegible]

WILL CURE all the [illegible] ments, and WILL [illegible] positively and [illegible] is the only sure and [illegible]

Price, $3 per bottle, and [illegible] Sent to any address, [illegible] receipt of price, which [illegible] registered Letter or [illegible] and only of [illegible]

No. 266 Kearny [illegible] co. Office hours, from 9 [illegible] Sundays from 10 to 1 [illegible]

YOUNG [illegible]

[illegible]

No. 11 [illegible]

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY [illegible] sessment roll for the [illegible] city filed and will [illegible] office until January [illegible] applications for correction [illegible] Particular attention [illegible] section of Ordinance No. 1,1[illegible] Section 2. Any person [illegible] by the assessment, valuation [illegible] may apply to the Common [illegible] the same. Such application shall [illegible] erty subject to taxation, [illegible] by, in the hands of, or [illegible] applicant, and a concise [illegible] item or items claimed [illegible] which said application [illegible] by oath or affirmation [illegible] filed with the Auditor [illegible] ry following the [illegible] ment Roll.

Portland, Dec. 1, 187[illegible]

AYER'S [illegible]

ALL SIDES [illegible]

Mixed Ready [illegible]

Has Stood the Test [illegible]

AND HAS NO [illegible]

Send for Price List and Sample Card [illegible]

C. A. DAVIS & [illegible]

71 Front Street, Portland, [illegible]

Wholesale Druggists

And Dealers in Paints, Oils, [illegible]

GENERAL AGENTS FOR [illegible]

PORTLAND

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

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W. H. BRACKETT, [illegible]

M. P. Deady, President. [illegible]
H. Failing, Vice [illegible]
[illegible]
H. W. [illegible]
Henry A. Oakes, Librarian [illegible]

VOL. XVI.—NO. 266.

THE OREGON FRAUD.

What is said of it by the Eastern Press and Congress.

Grover is not sustained by Democratic Senators.

Morning Oregonian.

X—NO. 236. PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1876. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

ELECTION NEWS.

The Electoral Colleges.

[illegible] C., Dec. 6.—The electors cast [illegible] and Hendricks. The pro[illegible] in due form. No objections [illegible].

[illegible] Dec. 6.—The electors cast the [illegible] and Hendricks.

[illegible], Nov. 6.—The electors cast [illegible] for Hayes and Wheeler.

[illegible] I., Dec. 6.—The Presidential [illegible] and cast four votes for [illegible].

[illegible] Dec. 6.—State electors voted [illegible] Hendricks.

[illegible] 6.—Electoral College voted [illegible] Wheeler.

[illegible] Dec. 6.—Electoral College voted [illegible]. Frost was repre[illegible], and Conway, Republican [illegible] certificate, which was tabled.

[illegible] Dec. 6.—The electors voted for [illegible].

[illegible] Dec. 6.—The electors voted [illegible] and Wheeler to-day. The [illegible] certificates from McEnery [illegible] Hendricks. [illegible] himself duly elected, [illegible] to the people of Louisiana, [illegible] complimenting them on [illegible] expressing confidence in [illegible] of truth and justice.

[illegible]—The Democratic elec[illegible] voted for Tilden and Hen[illegible] elected messenger.

[illegible] 7.—A Tallahassee special [illegible] give Hayes' electors [illegible] Drew by 24 votes, but [illegible] a majority of 5 on joint [illegible]. Cocke refused to [illegible] electors certificates and pro[illegible] the action of the other two [illegible] issued certificates to the [illegible] who cast their votes for [illegible]

[illegible] of South Carolina.

[illegible] 6.—The Democratic electors [illegible] the vote of the State for [illegible]ricks, and entered a protest [illegible] against Secretary of State [illegible] him not to deliver the [illegible] to Speaker Mackey, as the [illegible]. The Mackey house [illegible] a third reading, allowing the [illegible] by any officer quali[illegible]. The law requires [illegible] to perform that duty. The [illegible] appointed a committee [illegible] was referred the legality [illegible] counties of Edgefield and [illegible]

[illegible] in New Mexico.

[illegible] 6.—The official canvass of [illegible] New Mexico at the recent [illegible], for Congress, 9,591; [illegible]

[illegible] for Tilden.

[illegible]—Nearly all the journals [illegible] has gone over to Tilden. [illegible]—The *Tribune's* Albany [illegible] recent indications from [illegible] almost conclusively [illegible] to be waged in Con[illegible] succession. Tilden [illegible] from the action of [illegible] of West, that Conk[illegible] with this subject [illegible] significance from the [illegible] by a prominent [illegible] College, that the [illegible] of Seymour's ad[illegible] is a preface to a [illegible] made by Conkling in [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] special says that [illegible] of the House, after [illegible] of the case, will [illegible] Belford, member. [illegible] Thus far they find the [illegible] of course entitled.

[illegible] Slander.

[illegible] *Tribune's* Washing[illegible] Cox and Holman, [illegible] the blunder of the [illegible] Colorado, and expect an [illegible] to correct it by [illegible] the House.

[illegible] Throat-Cutting.

[illegible] bitterly disappointed [illegible] had gone Republi[illegible] threatening and excited. [illegible] confirmed, Morrison re[illegible] to Garfield in New [illegible] the people would be [illegible] inside of a hun[illegible] this to-day, and [illegible] of it than ever.

[illegible] Missouri.

[illegible]—The report of the pro[illegible] electors of this [illegible] yesterday, shows that [illegible] Republican elector for the [illegible] letter to Gov. Hardin [illegible], on the ground that [illegible] elector, was ineligible, [illegible] received the highest [illegible] in that district. [illegible] by Gov. Hardin, [illegible] had already been [illegible] the session of the col[illegible] communication setting [illegible]bility, and claiming [illegible]. This the college de[illegible]quently George H. [illegible] of the Republican State [illegible] a protest to the college [illegible] of any person to act [illegible] Frost, as being illegal [illegible] State; also against Gen. [illegible] allowed to vote or act [illegible] and not legally en[illegible] the refusal of the col[illegible] to act as an elector. The [illegible] detail the grounds on [illegible]. This protest was [illegible] vote of the college and [illegible] for President and Vice [illegible]

[illegible] Thinks of It.

[illegible]—The *Journal* pub[illegible] with Gov. Hendricks on [illegible] thinks the action of the re[illegible] Florida, South Carolina and [illegible] accordance with the law of [illegible] federal constitution, but [illegible] will do justice and assert the [illegible] constitution. He does not [illegible] President can declare who is [illegible] the two houses of Congress are [illegible] to be count, furnishing [illegible] the correct reading of the bal[illegible] on the 22d joint rule, which he [illegible] in operation since 1858. He [illegible]bility of the house declaring [illegible] and the senate Hayes, and [illegible] would be of a most serious [illegible] entail upon all parties the [illegible]lity.

[illegible] over Oregon News.

[illegible]—The *Journal's* Washington [illegible] Democrats as well as Repub[illegible]shed at the action of the Gov[illegible] giving a certificate of election [illegible] Democratic electors. Democrats [illegible] know the inside object to be [illegible] they don't expect this vote to be [illegible] to compel the Senate to con[illegible] of the face of certificates of the [illegible] and investigate the matter. By [illegible] hope to bring up the cases of [illegible] Florida and Louisiana. Lead[illegible] said they didn't believe any [illegible] arise from the action of Grover [illegible] would take no notice of the pre[illegible] of votes sent here by Cronin, [illegible] and count the votes returned [illegible] elected electors.

[illegible] Dec. 7.—The news from Ore[illegible] excitement this morning, [illegible] is the absorbing topic. Re[illegible] have, in a great measure, [illegible] the alarm, and now the gen[illegible]rial. This altered tone is [illegible] presentation of facts and [illegible] made by Sargent's speech [illegible] by [illegible]chell's conversation [illegible] to fellow-Senators, and his [illegible] thorough investigation of the matter by the Senate committee on privileges and elections. Sargent introduced this subject in the pending political debate by challenging the Democrats who had assailed the Southern returning boards to defend the action of Grover, who, he said, was the returning board in Oregon, in attempting to steal a vote for Tilden to destroy an entire electoral college to defeat the undisputed will of a sovereign State. He cited decisions of the New York Court of Appeals and California Supreme Court, that the ineligibility of a candidate cannot be held to elect another who received only a minority of the votes cast; and then, with marked effect referred to a decision of the U. S. Senate establishing the same principle in the case of Abbott vs. Vance, a decision in which every Democratic Senator concurred. He also argued that Grover had not complied with the plain requirements of the Oregon law to deliver certificates to the electors at their appointed hour of meeting. The general feeling of all disinterested persons here, however, is that all trouble and possible conflict concerning the electoral votes should be avoided by the speedy enactment by Congress, and prompt ratification by State legislatures, of Edmunds' proposition for a constitutional amendment authorizing the U. S. Supreme Court to count the vote and decide all controverted questions. This proposition will come up as the next business in the Senate, and no doubt is entertained of its passage by that body.

The Situation in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 7.—The Senate and Democratic House passed a bill authorizing any qualified officer to administer the oath to the governor. A few minutes after 1 o'clock the members of the Senate marched to the Republican House, where Chamberlain was inaugurated and sworn in by the probate judge, when he delivered a short inaugural. The Democratic House appointed a committee to inform the Senate and Gen. Ruger that it was a legal House under the decision of the Supreme court, and requested the latter to withdraw the troops from the State House.

Situation in Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Dec. 7.—A *quo warranto* was issued and served on the Hayes electors yesterday before they cast their votes; also a writ of injunction was obtained in behalf of Governor Drew against the members of the canvassing board, and an order granted restraining them from completing the canvass on the basis of the vote canvassed by a majority of the board for electors. Attorney General W. A. Cocke, a member of the canvassing board, protested against the action of the board in certifying to the majority of votes in favor of the Hayes electors, and denounced the same as a criminal and gross falsification of the returns on file in the office of the Secretary of State. He also gave certificates of election to the Tilden electors, stating therein that the returns on file canvassed by the board, showed a clear majority for the Tilden and Hendricks electors. The Democratic electors met at the capitol in the office of the Attorney General, and cast the vote of the State according to law. They also signed a petition to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, stating their legal election and praying that they be recognized as electors. The Republican electors cast their votes for Hayes and Wheeler. C. F. Pearse, colored, was selected as messenger to carry the returns to Washington.

Address of the Democratic Visitors.

LIVE OAK, Fla., Dec. 6.—The visiting Democrats to-day issued an address to S. J. Randall and the House of Representatives, saying that they have the grief of seeing the Tilden electors, who were chosen, counted out and Hayes counted in. They denounce it as a preconcerted fraud, well promulgated and understood at the polls, and finally carried out by the returning board. They say it is manifest, first, that Tilden had a majority of all the votes cast; second, that Tilden electors had a majority over and above the radical count after the fraudulent votes had increased it; third, that the majority declaring for Hayes is fictitious, fraudulent and manufactured, and a flagrant violation of the law. The board were shameless enough not to conceal their swindle. Congress must determine whether this assault upon the rights and liberties of freemen, protected by the federal administration hitherto, shall be allowed at the capital. They present a sad picture of the corruption and distress under carpet-bag rule in Florida.

The Florida Committee Go to Work.

Woodburn, of Nevada, at the request of his Republican colleagues, accepts the appointment on the Florida investigating committee, vice Garfield, resigned, and started for Tallahassee to-night. The House is unlikely to do any important business before the Christmas recess, when the committee is expected back.

Senator Jones will Stick to Business.

Senator Jones, in view of important matters pending before the Senate, has abandoned the intention of visiting Nevada this winter.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.

On motion of Morton, it was ordered that the testimony taken by a special committee to examine into the question of Chinese immigration, be printed.

Withers called up his resolution asking the President to explain the presence of Federal soldiers in Petersburg on election day.

Logan moved its reference to the military committee.

A lengthy debate followed, Withers opposing referring, Logan asserting there was no evidence the troops were there improperly or that they committed any wrong. Might not the President send troops anywhere in the United States for a lawful purpose?

Withers said the purpose of the resolution was to discover whether the troops were sent lawfully or not.

Thurman read from the revised statutes to show that the burden of proof rested on the President as to the legality of sending.

Logan asserted the entire legality of the proceeding and the troops in no wise interfered with the election.

Thurman referred to English laws, which forbid the stationing of troops within a mile of polling places on election day.

Logan ridiculed this doctrine and said the statute meant that troops should not be used for intimidation on election day.

Withers, at the request of Logan, modified his resolution, making it respectfully request the President to state whether the troops were stationed in Petersburg on election day; under what authority, and for what purpose.

Morton defended the President's action in the case.

Sargent, in his reply to Thurman's reference to English law, said elections in England furnished no parallel to elections in the Southern States. In England the rights of both sides were protected. What were the events which happened in the Southern States, during the recent Presidential election? The air was full of reports and statements of intimidations and wrongs toward Republican voters. It was not well to be so sensitive about the use of the army when it was known rifle clubs had taken possession of the polls in the South. He regretted that the strong arm of the United States was not at Hamburg, S. C., last spring, and regretted there was not some power within striking distance when Eliza Pinkston's husband was killed in Louisiana before her eyes, her babe killed, she violated and cut so badly as to hardly resemble a human being. He argued that Republicans in the South had been prevented from voting, and there had been necessity for interference by the army. He commended the President of the United States for the action he had taken, and the Senate of the United States should not, by passing this resolution, throw out the implication that he acted improperly.

Johnston said his resolution related to Virginia, not to South Carolina or Louisiana. If the Senator from California or anyone else said there had been intimidation or fraud in Virginia which justified interference by U. S. troops he labored under a great mistake. There had been no Kuklux, no rifle clubs in Virginia, and the only intimidation practised there had been by colored Republicans against colored Democrats. The troops were a menace.

Hogan made a brief argument, paying a tribute to the soldier.

Morton referred to the riot at Petersburg a few years ago. He presumed the President had good cause for sending troops there. He would, however, support the resolution though he opposed it at first.

Thurman said Logan intimated that those who favored the resolution were enemies of the army. He asserted the army's worst enemies were those who desired them to interfere in elections, and referred to the condition of Rome under Cæsar as a despotism whose liberty was overthrown by a military chieftain.

Edmunds claimed the U. S. army must support the courts when legally called on, and the President should always have sufficient force at his command to execute the laws. He believed the President had good reason for sending troops to Petersburg. The resolution was then agreed to.

The Chair presented the President's message and accompanying documents. It was moved to be printed and laid on the table.

Sherman objected to printing the documents, but not the message. Sherman explained that the communication was prepared at the request of the President, asking certain gentlemen to visit New Orleans and report. He explained the meeting and action of the two committees before the returning boards, and declared the canvass was open and public with every opportunity for the Democrats and candidates' counsel to inspect and object. This was the result of such action by the board and the report of testimony. He declared the testimony established both the legality of the count and its justice. Such was the terrorism, intimidation, etc., that the public would believe any other return by the canvassing board was a reproach to our civilization. He could not now say whether the board acted right in specific polling places, but the finding of the board was justified by law and the testimony and by the highest principles of justice and honor. Answering Eaton he said, all the published testimony taken by the Democratic committee accompanied the communication, with few exceptions, being unobtainable matter. He considered it the President's duty to submit this to Congress, and favored publication of all the evidence. The board had been misrepresented.

Bogy said he believed the Louisiana election had been orderly and fair. The depositions sent by the President to the Senate violated the law of Louisiana, which provided that any evidence of fraud should be sent within 24 hours after the election. He referred to the Pinkston testimony, saying a grosser imposition never was practiced in this country, her case had no reference to politics, and he was astonished that Sargent alluded to it. Had he been satisfied Louisiana voted for Hayes he would say so. He was fully convinced Tilden carried it.

Stevenson objected to printing this matter and moved its reference to committee on printing. It was a question of popular liberty now, not of the election of Hayes or Tilden. The latter carried Louisiana by 6,000 or 7,000 majority. Many negroes voted the Democratic ticket.

Sherman asserted if Mrs. Pinkston's evidence was true, her husband was murdered on account of his politics. He vindicated the action of the returning board and its personnel, which was honorable, dignified and courageous throughout.

West denied that the negroes voted the Democratic ticket. It was an absurd idea. There was 15,000 colored majority in Louisiana, which showed the State was not Democratic. He rejoiced that others had learned of the murders and outrages he had so long told to the Senate of his State.

Stevenson said the Senate declared when refusing a seat to Pinchback, there was no legal government in Louisiana. How, then, was the returning board immaculate?

After further discussion the motion to print depositions was referred to the printing committee.

The chair announced as new members of committee on elections, Howe, Boutwell and Kernan.

Edmunds moved to consider his constitutional amendments for counting the electoral vote.

Merrimon objected, as the 22d joint rule being in force requires resolutions, etc., not acted on at the close of the first session, to be taken up and acted on when no adjournment had occurred. The proper order was unfinished business.

The chairman ruled the joint rules not in force. Merrimon appealed and addressed the Senate, but the Senate soon adjourned.

House.

Springer moved that the message be referred to the select committee on Louisiana.

Conger requested either that the testimony be read or printed for information of members.

Springer objected.

Pending action Woodburn was appointed on the Florida select committee, vice Garfield excused.

After discussion the Speaker decided that members could not be required to vote on this paper before being read, as it was in the nature of information and a step towards correct legislation. The reading of Sherman's report and others occupied nearly an hour.

Wood expressed surprise at such a message from the President. It was extraordinary and unprecedented. The President, except this eight years' experience, had seen proper to send to the House this unauthorized communication from persons of no official position. The President's only motive must be to suggest that the House had authority to institute careful inquiry into the Presidential election in advance of the regular presentation of the great subject. Wood objected to the message as partisan. His first impulse had been to move the document be returned to the President. He now moved it be laid on the table with accompanying documents.

Hoar said his side desired to debate the subject, but being undebatable Wood's motion was adopted by 158 to 80, a party vote.

The House then adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The Chair presented Carl Schurz' communication praying that a constitutional amendment be presented which shall give the counting of the votes to the Supreme court; laid on the table, the motion of Edmunds having been already reported.

Anthony, of the printing committee, reported in favor of printing the depositions accompanying Senator Sherman's report on the election.

Saulsbury dissented from the majority report, declaring *ex parte* testimony should not be disseminated.

McDonald favored printing all testimony of both sides concerning the South Carolina, Louisiana and Florida elections.

Sherman answering Merrimon, said there were three classes of testimony presented with the communication. First, oral, taken before the board and proceedings of the board; second, papers, sworn statements; third, testimony taken legally on interrogations and cross interrogations.

Eaton opposed printing other testimony than what was taken by the regular Congressional committees in a regular way.

Thurman didn't wish to suppress any facts, but disliked to forestall public opinion. He would not object to the publication of this, together with the forthcoming testimony concerning the Louisiana returning board. This was the third time they had thwarted the will of the people of that State, and now the matter concerned the whole republic. He wanted to scrutinize the testimony on which this extraordinary result has been reached. Sherman hadn't mentioned the secret sessions of the board, and the resolutions which converted 7,000 Democratic majority into 3,000 Republican majority. That was done in the worst kind of secrecy. The very determination of the board not to fill the vacancy from the 84,000 Democrats who voted in the State showed there was a wrong purpose. A Democrat would have witnessed the secret work of the board. All the whitewashing could not conceal or hide this guilt. He protested against the majority of the Senate giving this one sided evidence to the country until all could be given.

Morton said the singular spectacle was presented of the Democrats denouncing the returning board as a fraud and yet objecting to the publication of the evidence which determined their action. The Democratic visiting committee at New Orleans had refused the invitation of the Republicans to publish jointly the evidence laid before the board. They wanted testimony to make up a case not before the board. They confessed they were dissatisfied with their own case, if the returning board acted unfairly, bring forward the proof.

Thurman upheld the Democratic committee in refusing to furnish their testimony to the Republicans. They were not invited to join Republicans in making up a verdict to return to the President, but merely to let Republicans do it. He hoped Congress would act circumspectly now; that form of government and the constitution was being tested.

Morton said the Democratic statement could not be straightened by any ingenuity of the other side. When the Republicans invited the Democrats to lay the whole case before the country, the latter refused, and when the Republicans offered to publish it the Democrats asked them not to do so.

Sherman defended his committee, which presented all the objectionable evidence. On this testimony the returning board made its decision.

Thurman reaffirmed this was the report of an official body, and this was not an authorized report. Where was the statute authorizing it?

Edmunds said the second article of the Federal constitution ordered the President to transmit from time to time information of the state of the Union. It was his bounden duty, and he obeyed it by inviting citizens to go to New Orleans and get such information and report. He then presented the result to Congress. It was unprecedented to refuse to print a message sent in by the President.

House.

The resolution offered by McCrary for the appointment of a joint committee in reference to the decision of the question of the Presidential election, was referred to the judiciary committee.

Woods' resolution calling on the President for copies of his orders to the military officers in the South, was objected to by Kasson, and the House adjourned, the Democrats remaining for a caucus and action on the report of the committee on the course to be pursued, pending the present political complication.

The appropriation committee will report a bill appropriating $21,000 for the expenses of the special committees on elections.

The postoffice appropriation bill will be considered Saturday.

To-day Luttrell introduced a bill to quiet land claims in California.

McCrary introduced the following resolution:

WHEREAS, There are differences of opinion as to the proper mode of canvassing the electoral votes for President and Vice President, and the manner of determining questions that may arise as to the legality or validity of returns made of such votes by the several States; and,

WHEREAS, It is of the utmost importance that all differences of opinion, all doubts or uncertainty on these questions should be removed, to the end that the votes may be counted and the result declared by a tribunal whose decision all will respect as final; therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to act in conjunction with any similar committee appointed by the Senate to prepare and report immediately such measure, either legislative or constitutional, as may, in their judgment, be best calculated to accomplish the desired end; that said committee have leave to report at any time.

After a short discussion the resolution was referred to the judiciary committee, with leave to report at any time.

Frye presented the protest of the Colorado legislature against the refusal of the House to admit to his seat the member elect from that State. Referred to the judiciary committee.

McCrary reported a bill to amend the Pacific Railroad act, by making the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad in Nebraska a branch of the Union Pacific Railway, and requiring both roads to be operated conjointly.

Frye made a point of order, that as it would affect a land grant road, it must first be considered in committee of the whole.

The speaker overruled the point, as the bill appropriated neither land nor money.

Frye said his only motive was to have a full discussion of the bill, which was a very important one as affecting the interests of the government and the U. P. R. R. He desired its consideration postponed.

Crounz opposed postponement, as only another means to defeat the bill.

McCrary proceeded to explain and advocate the measure. He contended that Congress had a clear right to pass the bill, first, under the general power to alter or amend the charter of the Union Pacific Railroad, and second, because the President might now exercise his prerogative to fix terms and conditions on which other lines should connect with the Union Pacific.

The morning hour expired, and the bill went over till next morning hour.

Atkins, member of the appropriation committee, reported the pension bill, adding $38,000,000. He would call it up to-morrow.

Monroe desired to make a motion concerning a bill of last session.

The Speaker decided it conflicted with joint rules, and was not admissable.

Mills offered a resolution calling on the President for information about the removal of the Sioux to Indian Territory; adopted. House adjourned.

THE BROOKLYN HOLOCAUST.

Heartrending Details.

Appalling Loss of Life—Estimated 350.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

At 5 o'clock, 220 bodies were taken from Park Theater terribly burned, bruised and distorted. A look into the pit at this time still showed a considerable pile of corpses lying crosswise like stacks of wood, and there were apparently still 50 or 60 corpses remaining. As night approached, two calcium lights were placed in position and the work of removing the ghastly forms of the dead continued. They were under the galleries but no estimate could be made of the number. The charred remains of the victims were taken out in front and rear of the theater and rapidly loaded in boxes and placed upon the undertaker's wagon. Still the pile of bodies did not seem to diminish. Although the fire originated on the stage the loss of life to the theatrical company was not extensive. Two lives lost. Two young men in the flower of their professional life, Harry S. Murdoch and Claude Burroughs. These two were playing respectively, Pierre, the cripple, and Picard, valet to the chevalier. At the moment when fire was discovered Murdoch was before the curtain playing with Miss Kate Claxton. As soon as the panic occurred and a general rush was made to escape, Murdock and Burroughs ran to their dressing rooms to get clothes to wear on the street, their garments being very scanty in the play. Their dressing-rooms were on the same side of the stage, and on the right wing as viewed from the auditorium, and consequently farthest from the stage door, even had that means of exit not been locked by the panic stricken janitor. The dressing rooms were arranged in tiers, approached by a narrow stairway which led up to the painter's bridge, which spans the stage. Murdoch's room was on the second tier, and Burroughs' on the third. Before they emerged the staircase was one sheet of flame, so eagerly and so rapidly did the fire do its work. All chance of retreat was cut off, and the unfortunate men were driven back by the roaring flames step by step. Still supposing, in the agony of their peril, that by some chance means of escape from the other side of the bridge might offer, they ascended the trembling structure. They were last seen by J. J. Study, a member of the company, who had left his dressing room a few seconds before them and fought his way through the flames to a place of comparative safety, from which he was enabled to make his escape. Once on the bridge, their position was hopeless; they could not descend by the way they came up and there was no other means of escape but to leap. At half-past 10 o'clock this evening the bodies of the two men were dragged from the ruins and both were identified by remnants of the dress worn on the stage. Only the trunk of Murdoch remained.

When the panic occurred on the main floor of the theater, Thos. Rockford, chief usher of the establishment, was in the lobby. The performance was almost over, and he was about making arrangements for departure of the audience. At the cries of fire, he rushed into the auditorium, and, taking in the terrible situation, endeavored to quiet the people about him; seeing they were too thoroughly alarmed, he ran to the doors leading into Flood's alley, which connects with Johnson street and Myrtle avenue, and opened them so the people might escape that way. This diverted many from seeking escape through the main entrance. All who were on the right hand side of the parquette and balcony escaped through these doors. The opening of the doors created a tremendous draught, which so increased the flames that the players were compelled to abandon the stage and escape as best they might. They had remained there to the last, but seeing that it was now a question of life and death, they retreated. The flames shot out on all sides of the stage, enveloped the proscenium, and smoke began pouring in volumes into the parquette. Burroughs and Murdoch were the last to leave. Probably not more than five minutes elapsed between the beginning of the panic and envelopment of the stage and parquette in flames. By this time nearly all of those in the lower part of the house had escaped. The crowd from above came pouring down into the lobbies which were soon densely crowded. The stairways were choked up, and there seemed to be no way in which they could be relieved. Many succeeded in escaping by the regular means of egress into Washington street, but that staircase was also soon crowded, and escape by that way was impossible. The greatest loss of life must have been among those in the family circle or top gallery. Those who happened to be seated near the doors succeeded in gaining the stairways and lower part of the house, but there were many who got no further than the second floor where they died. The flames made such rapid headway that the floors fell in before assistance could reach them. The shrieks of women, and shouts and imprecations of men, and pitiful cries of children were heard below, but there was no human relief for their heartrending situation. To have human beings perish almost in sight of their fellows is something terrible beyond description. There were two hundred persons in the theater, and five hundred in the galleries.

This evening notwithstanding the popularity of Miss Muller in the latest play at Union Square theater, the proprietors ordered that theater to be closed and a placard draped in mourning was placed at the entrance, stating that in consequence of the terrible disaster in Brooklyn there would be no performance this evening.

At a late hour last night 285 bodies had been recovered. Kate Claxton loses $10,000; Ida Verney, $8,000 and Shook & Palmer, lessees of the theater, $30,000. The city authorities are in session to make arrangements for interment in Greenwood cemetery of the dead not identified.

The *Times* says Fire Marshal Kennedy, who has made an exhaustive examination of the circumstances attending the fire, is of opinion that at least 350 persons perished in the flames.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The fire at Brooklyn dwarfs the Presidential question. All the journals' pages are devoted to details, though scarcely anything is known not already telegraphed.

The *Sun* says E. B. Dickinson, secretary of the national committee, was the last man to leave Brooklyn theater.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The dimensions of the awful calamity which has befallen the city of Brooklyn and consequent loss of life have not yet been realized. Enough is known, however, to make it certain that the catastrophe ranks among the most fatal ever recorded. According to the statements of all parties who profess to know anything as to the origin of the fire, it began on the stage. The business manager says a piece of canvas of which trees were made was broken from its fastenings and hung from the flies immediately over one of the border lights near the center of the stage. The canvass had begun to smoulder and the paint on it to crackle, and the carpenter was directed to ascend to one of the grooves and remove the dangerous object. He could barely reach it with his hand, and he drew it hastily up, and the rapid motion through the air of the half ignited and highly inflammable canvass, caused it to burst into flame, which rapidly spread to the adjoining material, equally susceptible. All efforts to extinguish the flames were abortive, and the carpenter had to retire to save his own life.

The scene in the gallery after the alarm was raised was heartrending and horrible.

Vivid Description by an Eye-Witness.

Alfred A. Jones gives the following account of the scene: I was seated next to the front row, but seeing that something was wrong on the stage, I moved up to the entrance of the tier. While my back was turned shrieks were heard, and the mass of people in the gallery arose in wild confusion. I cannot describe the scene as it was. They were climbing over seats, gripping each other by the clothes and struggling frantically to get ahead of one another. I saw one man smash a fellow in the face who would not yield to him in the passage, and a big powerful woman tore her way through, and came towards me with scarcely any clothes on her back, and with blood streaming from her nostrils. Two decent looking boys sat together in the front row, and I saw them clambering over seats and squeezing their bodies through the crowd. One of them was thrown down and the other turned and called him wildly by name. I got down among the first that escaped, and did not wait to see what happened.

A tall stout man who said he was truckman, gave a very vivid description of the scene when the uproar began. He said: I was seated in the aisle about the middle of the gallery and three or four seats from the front. I never saw anything like it. All the people in the gallery seemed to be crowding on top of one another. There were men who seemed perfectly frantic. The yells and shrieks I shall never forget to my dying day. "My wife is down stairs!" One man cried out, "Let me get her out." "We are all safe if you'll only be orderly." At the same time, however, he was making most strenuous efforts to get through the throng. The weakest went down one after another and the strongest rushed recklessly over them. I could actually hear the limbs cracking as men jumped on the writhing, struggling and helpless mass beneath them. The cries that ascended amid the uproar, were heartrending. "My God, have mercy on me," a voice repeated several times. One man managed to crawl from a heap of prostrate bodies, but the struggling throng rushed against him and he spun around towards me, and fell almost at my feet. I tried to lift him, but he groaned once or twice and gave a few gasps and then it was over. When I saw it was to be life or death I made for the door. I have been telling it that took place in a few seconds but there's a picture on my mind I can not paint. When I got out I walked over bodies three or four deep.

Emile Munser was among [illegible] of the gallery. He gives the following account of the calamity: I got in front row near the stage. I saw the fire from the very first. As I looked at it to the gallery, the scene was the most terrific one could conceive. Men and boys were tearing one over another, and the shrieks and oaths were awful. One man clambered up the heap and was spun round and round on the heads of the throng, and he was flung with a crash. I could distinctly hear against the back of the gallery. Every one was for himself, and men seemed to become wild beasts. They were thrusting and tearing one another with their hands, and worse than that. I will tell you directly. Seats were filled with prostrate human beings, and as successful strugglers forced their way over gasping forms that lay all around, others, who had been rushed to insensibility fell as they lost the aid of the living. There was nothing for it but for myself and some others who had waited to walk over the piles of bodies on the floor. They were slippery with blood. Hands and feet were protruded here and there, which showed that life was still in some of them. In a time the smoke was dense, and the rush and shouting from the lower part of the house were terrible. I and some others managed to get to the stairway, and we went down in a mass—how I could not tell you. This I have been describing took place in less than two minutes. One man who got out in the crowd just before me showed me his arm, which had been bitten almost to the bone.

What are accepted as the relics of the two actors are merely two black cinders. Around the trunk of one was a scorched buckskin undershirt, and beside the other was a piece of brass, apparently portions of a stage dress. It is feared that when a careful search is made in the ruins the bodies of a good many men who left the frenzy from the gallery will be discovered.

Identification of the Bodies.

The *Eagle* publishes the following list of names identified: Richard Curran, Hugh O'Berney, [illegible] Russell, Mary Mulvaney, [illegible] Turner, August Ambers, H. [illegible], Steven [illegible]llan, Jos. Looney, C. [illegible], I. Hecht, Abram [illegible], L. O. Strande, Abraham Dietz, Heron Dietz, S. Dempsey, Thomas Widmer, Mrs. Ann Martin, Jas. Jos. Rogers, John Maginnis, Isaac [illegible], Mrs. [illegible]berry, Robt. Jackson, A. Stebon, Wm. [illegible] Barret, Geo. F. Freel, John Mahoura, Matilda Ward, Wm. Hartman, Geo. Lolle, F. D. [illegible]ouis, Jas. J. Culle[illegible], C. J. Jacob, James Cassidy, Joseph Farrel, Chas. [illegible] Stiles, Josh Tracy, Jas. [illegible] Garvey, H. [illegible] McNally, Louis [illegible], Becker, P. H. Grady, Nicholas Courcy, Wm. A. Gray, Sam'l Calhoun, Richard [illegible] Kaley, Sam'l C. Davis, Geo. Humphry, Pat [illegible]lagher, Henry M. Bance, W. W. [illegible]urton, James L. Ennan, Jno. V. Charles, Mr. Kramer, John [illegible] Otis, Chas. Jas. Layden, Harry S. Murdoch, Wm. Pryatt, E. Gassey, Francis Mealt.

The coroner's jury was impaneled this morning and held a private session at the station house to view the burned theater. They took no evidence, and at noon adjourned to meet at the coroner's office Saturday evening.

[illegible] Palmer, one of the lessees of the theater, gives the following: "The number of persons in the theater Tuesday evening was 485 persons in upper gallery, 600 persons in the dress circle, [illegible] parquette, [illegible] musicians; total, [illegible], not including dressers and other subordinates; in all about 1,450 persons. A fault in the construction of the building, and one to which there is reason to believe the dreadful loss of life in the gallery is in a large measure due, was the use of painted cloth for the ceiling. This canvas caught easily and burned rapidly overhead. The flames followed it, the vent hole at the top making sort of funnel for the fire right over the heads of the people in the gallery. It seems more than probable that the smoke and fire in the midst of which they were thus placed, destroyed the lives of many persons who might otherwise have escaped, even if the last square stairway provided for them."

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The official report of the special committee, states that 295 bodies were taken from the ruins of the Brooklyn theater.

Fire Marshal Keady resumed investigation this afternoon. G. A. Weisner testified he was in the theater. He saw the flames burning the scenery and rushed forward to open the doors. The actors quieted the audience a moment; he waited at the doors till the spectators were all out, then closed the doors to keep the draught out; people were coming down from the gallery, but suddenly stopped; he saw what the matter was; got to the first flight of stairs. In his own words: there was a lady who got her leg caught in the balluster; a man fell over her. Others falling over him made a heap which those in the rear were unable to pass. There were 50 or 60 persons in the heap at the foot of the second flight of stairs. The stairs were open all the way down from that point, and the above stairs were vacant four or five steps. At this time the smoke was very dense. It was not three minutes after the fire broke out till the curtain was lowered and took fire, and this had the effect of sending the flames up to the gallery. I looked at it for three seconds, and then closed the door of the parquette. Persons were piled up in a heap, and cried to me to help them. I told some in the rear to fall back, and I got a man out. Seeing these got out, they all rushed forward again and blocked the passage. I tried to extricate a woman whose leg was caught in the railing, but she was held fast. An usher came up to assist. We made a small place among them. We tore the dresses off some, but we got them out. Then I went to the dress circle and found a woman there, took her out. There must have been other persons there, for I heard cries, but could not see them on account of the smoke. I knew there must be several others in the dress circle, who were overtaken by the fire. I was then getting weak. I dropped to the floor to get fresh air. The smoke was black smoke, and had a very suffocating smell. I am an old fireman and never experienced smoke so suffocating. I was not in the smoke more than a minute, yet I could not breathe. First and second galleries, even the stairs were at this time filled with suffocating smoke. No human being could live in that smoke two minutes. I heard a thumping noise as if some persons were jumping out of the windows. At the time it was utterly impossible to get to the top of the gallery. I was nearly suffocated when I got out. I knew the people were all taken from the dress circle stairs, but I heard cries just then; I called out, "Who are you?" but got no answer. Even when I got down on the floor, I heard a thumping noise as if [illegible] jumping out of the upper gallery. If they had jumped from the gallery into the dress circle, the smoke was so dense I could not have seen them. There was no breathing on the stairs while I was there. I am pretty sure all in the dress circle did not get out alive.

The evidence of this officer is the clearest description of the terrible struggle by the audience to escape from the burning building yet given. There was even a larger crowd around the morgue this morning than yesterday. A dense mass of people occupied the sidewalk in front of the dead house. There was a spirit of levity perceptible. The fire was an event two days old. Permits for admission were demanded from persons who could satisfy officers they had lost friends or relations by the fire. They were allowed to enter from time to time, passing the front door through the room second on the right, which contained 30 bodies lying on the floor. None were identified.

Liberality of Boucicault.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—Dion Boucicault gives $5,000 to the Brooklyn sufferers. All other popular actors ready to give.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Revival in the Iron Trade.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The York *Herald* says there is an unexpected revival in the iron trade.

Spanish Affairs.

A telegram from Bilboa says the requirements of the government are causing considerable excitement. It is believed the deputies of the municipalities throughout the Basque provinces will resign. Several deputies and senators have returned to Bilboa recently from Madrid.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—Bullion in the Bank of England decreased £500,000 the past week; amount withdrawn from bank of balance £53,000; proportion of bank reserve to liability, 52¼ per cent.

Extradition.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—There is very little doubt that Brent will be extradited at the end of 15 days. Winslow and Gray are supposed to have gone where they cannot be extradited, but English detectives and U. S. representatives are still trying to trace them.

[illegible] CONCEDED!

The Times on the General Result.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The *Times* prints the following prominently: Hayes and Wheeler have received the 185 votes necessary to election. Several attempts were made to defeat the will of the people, notably in Louisiana, South Carolina and Oregon. Bribery was the method employed in the two former States, and a conspiracy, which missed of its object, was the method resorted to in the last named State. In Florida the concurrence of the Democratic member of the board seems to have been something of a surprise to visiting Democrats. In South Carolina the two chief events of yesterday were the meeting of the Republican electors and the decision of the supreme court that Wallace was the [illegible] speaker of the lower House of the legislature. What the Democrats propose to do is not known. Our dispatch from Washington shows the mistake they made in trying to set up a separate House. They can do nothing now in conformity to law. In New Orleans the chief event was the meeting of the electoral college. The statement was positively made by one of its members that he had been offered $100,000 to vote for Tilden. An attempt was also made to buy one of the Republican electors of South Carolina for $100,000. Both attempts failed, and the votes of the men who had been thus approached were cast for the man they had been elected to vote for.

The *Times* editorial says: Hayes has received a majority of the electoral votes of the United States. The choice of the electoral colleges will be concurred in, as it has always been by the people of the United States. Disappointed partisans, [illegible] and place hunters, who undertake to question the decision legally reached and lawfully [illegible], accept the responsibility for disregard of the constitution, weakening of the public credit and disturbance of business which their action will involve. The long and bitter wrangle over a question which should have been set at rest within 24 hours after the close of the polls on 7th of November, ought now to cease. It can no be further extended without infinite damage to the best interests of the country, as well as to the political future of those who for the [illegible] ends, insist in keeping it open. That it will [illegible] the factors [illegible] of yesterday in Oregon [illegible] matter. One of the Republican electors was found to have occupied the position of postmaster at the date of his election, and thus to become ineligible. The disqualification was discovered, but in any case it was clear that it would only create vacancy in the Electoral College which it would become the duty of the two other electors legally chosen to fill. This, Gov. Grover undertook to prevent them from [illegible]. He assumed that the disqualification of Watts necessarily involved the election of Cronin, Democratic candidate for elector, who has [illegible] the highest number of votes [illegible] the minority, and in spite of the protest of the [illegible] certificate of election to Cronin. Not content with this [illegible] the State was directed to place in Cronin's hands, [illegible] as his own [illegible] D mocrats would [illegible] Electoral College [illegible] to vote [illegible] Republicans [illegible] person [illegible] went on [illegible] by [illegible] position [illegible] was no longer [illegible] to fill the vacant place, and [illegible] the only legally constituted electoral college of Oregon the vote of the State was cast for Hayes and Wheeler. [illegible] legally constituted. Cronin proceeded to [illegible] college of [illegible] Republican [illegible] his vote for Tilden and Hendricks. The history of constitutional [illegible] and approval of this [illegible] managers. As they were [illegible] $10,000 for a [illegible] there is no doubt but [illegible] success of [illegible] which has been [illegible]. Unfortunately [illegible]. People may appreciate the absurdity of [illegible] electors who were not chosen at all presuming to speak for Oregon, than of one claimant [illegible] to vote in the vote with three electors who were chosen according to law. If the moral sense of the country cannot be trusted to rebuke the reckless [illegible] who have schemed by this and similar devices to get possession of the Government in the spirit of [illegible] playing with loaded dice, then so much the worse for the future of the country.

The [illegible] Declares [illegible] Elected.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The *Herald* editorial: The regular certificates which will be forwarded to the President of the Senate, authenticated by the governors of the several States, give 185 votes for Hayes and Wheeler, and 184 for Tilden and Hendricks. On the face of the certificates Hayes is therefore elected. We judge it probable that the result will stand. At all events, the burden of proof is now on the side of the Democrats; the *prima facie* case against them, but whatever may come afterward, it is altogether probable Mr. Hayes will be the next President.

The *World* says, further, editorially: the Democrats may gain party advantage by agitating the subject and exposing evidences of fraud, but it is against all probability that they will succeed in making Tilden the next President of the United States. They may lay the foundation for breaking up the Republican party, but they are not likely to prevent the inauguration of Hayes. However strongly the Democrats may be convinced they have been cheated out of the election, they will not go to the length of violence or revolution, but after resorting to every constitutional and peaceful means of remonstrance they will at last accept the situation and attempt to make political capital out of the frauds which have been practiced upon them. The Democratic party is better prepared for ruling the country in future, than it would have been if Tilden had been declared elected and had come into office with a hostile Senate, and embarrassed by the notorious split in the Democratic party on the currency question. If the country shall be convinced the Democratic candidate is defeated by fraud, the Republican party will find that it has dug its own grave.

The Tribune on the Oregon Fraud.

The *Tribune* editorial, reviewing the political situation in which Hayes was fully elected, says in Oregon there is danger of an amusing kind. One Democratic elector having been counted in on the ground of the ineligibility of a Republican postmaster, the Republicans refused to act with him, when he began in solitary grandeur to fill the vacancies. The dispatches do not state whether the Republicans joined in the ballot in which Tilden received one vote, or whether the Democratic elector, in the goodness of his heart, filled the vacancies with Republicans. One fact of importance is that the Democratic elector has the Governor's certificate. It is not likely, however, to be of much service to him. In Vermont there was a Democratic lunatic loose. He wanted Solace's place, filed his protest, voted for Tilden, signed his certificate, appointed himself his own messenger to Washington, and is probably at reaching his way with the charitable design of making it hot for Congress. This episode has none of the serious character of the Democratic maneuver in Oregon. That attempt to defeat the clearly expressed will of the people by the party which loudly demands that it will be allowed expression elsewhere, lays bare its rasping and unscrupulous insincerity.

The Sun Names the Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The *Sun* intimates that if Hayes is elected the following will be his cabinet: Secretary of State, Evarts; Secretary of the Treasury, Bristow; Secretary of the Interior, Blaine; Attorney General, Settle; Secretary of the Navy, Carl Schurz; Secretary of War, Don Cameron; Postmaster General, Jewell.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—N Con Va 75c, Ophir 43½, G & C 13, B & B [illegible], Mexican [illegible], California 49, Chollar 81, Jacket 16½, Point [illegible], Con Va 47, H & N 7¼, Savage 10½, Imperial 265, Alpha 35, S Nevada 12, Belcher 11¼, Utah 1¾, Exchequer 2¼, Seg Belcher [illegible], Overman 114¼, Justice 29¼, Buckeye 2, Union 12, Caledonia 12¼, Knickerbocker 45c, Globe 20c, Baltimore 3, S H [illegible] 10, New York 1¼, Challenge 2¼, Dayton 3¼, Rincon [illegible], alia 3½, L Washington 3½, Kossuth 1½, [illegible] 2, Ward 75c, [illegible], Trojan 75c.

EVENING BOARD—Valley 80c, R & E [illegible], Belmont 2[illegible], K K Con 3, Leopard 3, N Bel [illegible], Gila 75c, Panther 35c, Hussey 40c, G [illegible], G Thomas 1½, Manhattan [illegible], Grand Prize [illegible], Modoc [illegible], N Coso [illegible], Coso Con 12½c, [illegible], S Chariot [illegible], Leeds 2, Overman 11[illegible], C 123, Justice 26¼, Imperial [illegible], Con Va [illegible], Jacket 17, California [illegible], [illegible], Caledonia [illegible], [illegible], Savage [illegible], Julia 61, Mexican [illegible].

Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. [illegible].—Dr. [illegible] J. [illegible], a German, aged [illegible], [illegible] evening at his residence, [illegible] taking morphine. [illegible] Deceased was secretary of the [illegible] Aid Society, [illegible] now with [illegible] street. He leaves a wife and [illegible].

Pool Selling on the Great Race.

Pool selling on the [illegible] race for [illegible] began this evening. [illegible] bidding lively. Mollie McCarthy [illegible] from the first, [illegible] $75; Josie C $21.50; [illegible] Skaggs $12; Lola [illegible] $11; [illegible]. Subsequently Mollie sold at $[illegible]. Interest in the race [illegible] strong. [illegible]

[illegible]

The P. M. S. S. Co. [illegible] legal proceedings [illegible] notice of the [illegible] steamship [illegible] this morning.

[illegible]

The Mexican consul [illegible] there is any truth in the report [illegible] from New York via [illegible] that [illegible] has captured the city of [illegible] President Lerdo and [illegible] considers the story a canard.

[illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—[illegible] a ghastly discovery [illegible] No. [illegible]

[illegible]

J. G. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] McCarthy, [illegible] scrape mill [illegible] this morning, [illegible]

EASTERN [illegible].

[illegible]

NEW YORK, Dec. [illegible]

[illegible]

An Idiot [illegible]

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. [illegible].—[illegible] residing in the family of [illegible] Gorham, was left in [illegible] charged the body [illegible]

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7.—J. H. [illegible] embezzlement is barred. [illegible]

WASHINGTON [illegible].

[illegible] Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The President [illegible] following nominations to the Senate: [illegible] Knowles, associate justice of the supreme court of Montana; Chas. [illegible]wald, receiver of public moneys at Colfax, W. T.

Democratic Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The Democrats of the house met in caucus to-day upon the present political situation, [illegible] indignation at the President's message [illegible] ern States, concerning [illegible] were especially severe. [illegible] committee to report to an adjourned [illegible] to-morrow, [illegible] that should [illegible] prospective political [illegible] to the suggestion for the [illegible] dent. The committee [illegible] gentlemen: Representatives [illegible] Holman, Scales and Warren and Speaker [illegible]

The House committee [illegible] ing to-day on the [illegible] investigation of the recent election in [illegible] Mississippi, South Carolina, Florida and [illegible] Sub committees of two members were [illegible] report to the full committee [illegible]

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THIS FRIDAY EVENING, [illegible]

The Charming and ever Popular English Opera, omitting the first act, the

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To conclude with the Celebrated 2d Act of

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The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 8, 1876.

A TIME FOR MODERATION.

Naturally there is much indignation felt by the public over the result of the contests and protests at Salem. Whatever may be the right of the matter, in a strictly legal view, the popular mind will not stand upon fine points of law but will take notice only of the general fact that advantage has been taken of their mistake in voting for a candidate who was legally ineligible, to cause an electoral vote from this State to be counted for Tilden in face of the fact that the people had declared against him by a large majority. This will be the shape popular sentiment will take, and from this it will not be turned by any amount of argument. Thus, grave as was the error into which the Governor and Secretary of State were betrayed, apparently by their dangerously strong party prejudices, they are likely to stand from this time forward in even a less favorable light than the real facts of the case justify. If it be once admitted that they had authority to inquire into the question of Dr. Watts' eligibility at all, the mind accustomed to legal reasoning and acquainted with the legal precedents bearing on the case, will admit that there is nothing in their decision which ought to excite indignation, though they have reached a conclusion which is not sustained by the preponderance of American precedent. The right to decide implies the right to consider all the precedents, and to follow that which most commends itself to the mind of the deciding tribunal. Looking at the case, therefore, simply as one of law, there is nothing in the action of the Governor and Secretary except the fact of their assuming jurisdiction of the question in the first instance. That they did assume such jurisdiction, we repeat, seems to us to prove they were so blinded by partisan feeling that they could not or would not understand the plain definition of their duties as laid down in the statutes of the State.

It is not our intention, however, to pursue this matter farther at present, nor to make any additional suggestion, except to say that moderation is much more desirable now than inflammatory declamation. The whole country, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, is in a state of excitement over events connected with the recent election, and thoughtful persons are more anxious about the safety of our institutions and the preservation of peace than they have been since the close of the great war. The call of patriotism at this time, in Oregon as well as at the South, is a call to moderate counsels and peaceful measures, not to threats and violence, to sobriety and not to the madness of excited passion.

After Oregon, Florida. The electoral vote of that State is quite as badly muddled as that of Oregon. The Hayes electors, with the certificate of a majority of the returning board, but in contempt of a restraining order from the Circuit Court, met on the 6th and cast their votes for Hayes. The Tilden electors, with a certificate of a minority of the returning board, but without the embarrassment of an injunction, met at the same time and cast their votes for Tilden. So there are two sets of electoral votes sent up from that State. What will be the end of all these complications, it would be rash to attempt to predict. It is becoming apparent, however, that all thought of electing a President at this time by a mere ministerial count by the President of the Senate of the votes certified to him, must be abandoned. There is something to be done before the certificates are counted, namely, to find out which among the contradictory certificates are the right ones; and that will hardly be left to any one man to decide. But the two branches of Congress are as sure to have antagonistic views of what ought to be done, as they are to be present when the time for counting arrives. What then is to be done? The question is unpleasantly suggestive. It is easy to see a dozen ways in which a most serious conflict may arise, but it is not so easy to see how it is to be avoided. Still we have faith that there is patriotism enough in Congress to secure some adjustment which will avert the threatened calamity. The Senate is Republican and partisan, the House partisan and Democratic. But when the members are brought face to face with the dangers of the situation, we can not but believe there will be enough found in both branches who are able to rise above partisanship, for the safety of the country, to devise and carry out some acceptable plan of accommodation and adjustment.

Events sometimes run together in a very awkward way. For example, a St. Louis dispatch, which will be found in this paper, shows the Republicans of Missouri demanded that the Democratic governor of that State should do for them exactly the same thing on account of the doing of which by the Democratic governor of Oregon for his friends the Republicans of Oregon are holding indignation meetings; and that, failing to get their request granted, they adopted all sorts of strategical tactics to get in the vote which stands on precisely the same ground as Cronin's. This does not prove that the thing is right, but it does show that it makes all the difference in the world whose ox is gored.

The Springfield *Republican* of November 24th has the following very just notice of the attack recently made upon Judge Deady through the columns of the Chicago *Times*, to which we have heretofore referred at length:

> Judge Deady, the United States district judge in Oregon, has lately been grossly assailed in Washington dispatches to the Chicago *Times*, in connection with the trial and conviction and subsequent pardon of mail robbers in that State. Only an Eastern audience, ignorant of the judge, could lend credence to any such charges for a moment. On the Pacific coast, he is known, as he is, as one of the most accomplished and cultivated of gentlemen, and one of the most impartial, intelligent and just of judges. The attack upon him seems to have been simply the slopping over of some of the dirty politics of Oregon whose scum is apt to rise to the surface at Washington.

The Philadelphia *Times* says, "the Democracy of Vermont may attract public attention for a moment" by their effort to get in a Democratic vote in place of that of the Postmaster Sollace, but that "no electoral vote from Vermont will be counted for Tilden." The same may be said of Oregon.

Philadelphia is a growing city. Its taxes, its bonded loans, and its annual deficiencies are all reported in a growing condition.

The rash German who has been attempting to translate 'Eli Perkins' book into his vernacular, has perished miserably.

OREGON'S ELECTORAL VOTE.

The Proceedings in the College.

Cronin's Outrageously Illegal Part in the Programme, and how he Carried it out.

He Refuses to show Cartwright and Odell their Certificates, and Declares they never shall see them.

Cronin Withdraws from the College and forms his Rump Concern with Millie and Parker.

In the confusion and excitement attendant upon the political transactions at Salem yesterday, we failed to obtain a full report of the proceedings which took place in the room where the electoral college assembled. From the electors themselves we get full particulars of all that occurred. Our former report was only incorrect in reference to the statement that Cartwright and Odell refused to act with Cronin. What was done will be told below.

On Wednesday morning the electors Messrs. Cartwright, Odell and Watts called upon Governor Grover and also upon Secretary Chadwick, in reference to certificates. They were shown into the room by Governor Grover, who said to them: "This room is assigned to you for the meeting of the College," an assertion which was repeated by Mr. Chadwick. The electors asked Mr. Chadwick if it was not the custom to hold the College in private. He replied that it was, that he had once served as an elector, and it was held in private. He further told them that there was the key in the door, and they could lock it if they desired. He also assured them that their certificates would be delivered to them at noon precisely, it being then about half past eleven, and they not yet knowing that the governor had decided to deny Watts the certificate and give it to Cronin. The Secretary withdrew from the room. Mr. Odell spoke to Mr. John Minto and requested him to act as messenger for the college and told him to take charge of the door, which Minto did, the door not yet being locked. Minto was not there as United States Marshal or in any other official capacity, but only upon the request of Odell. While the half hour before noon was passing Cronin came in and soon following him came Klippel and Laswell; and then the door was locked. The hour of noon having arrived, and the alleged certificates having been handed through the door to Cronin as before stated by Mr. Chadwick. The document Cronin immediately placed in the inside pocket of his coat, saying that it was the electors' certificates. Cartwright, Odell and Watts each first requested and then demanded that they be allowed to see the alleged certificates. The request and demand were utterly refused by Cronin. When the demand was made, Cronin said, "You might as well have this understood first as last, you never will get them." Cronin then proceeded to read from the document which he said was the certificate, stating that W. H. Odell, J. C. Cartwright and E. A. Cronin had received the following number of votes at the election for Presidential electors held Nov. 7, 1876 to wit: W. H. Odell 15,206 votes, J. C. Cartwright 15,214, and E. A. Cronin 14,157, and that they were duly elected Presidential electors for the State of Oregon. At this juncture Mr. Cartwright arose from his seat and moved around toward where Cronin was standing, as if to take the paper from Cronin's hand, though he made no motion except to step toward Cronin. When the latter stepped further back, quit reading and put the document in his pocket. Neither Cartwright, Odell or Watts read a word from the certificate, if such it was or even were near enough to it to read it at any time. After Cronin had put the paper into his pocket, Cartwright moved that the college organize and that W. H. Odell be elected President thereof. The motion was put and carried and Mr. Odell took the chair and appointed John C. Cartwright Secretary. The President of the college then made another formal demand on Cronin to produce and lay before the college the papers alleged to be certificates. Cronin again peremptorily refused to comply. Here Watts arose and requested a hearing before the college, which was granted. He stated that he was present on the State canvass by the Governor and Secretary of State on the 4th inst., as were also Messrs. Odell, Cartwright, Cronin, Klippel and Laswell; that the Secretary of State, at the conclusion of the canvass said that at the late election W. H. Odell received for elector 15,206, J. W. Watts 15,206, J. C. Cartwright 15,214 and E. A. Cronin 14,157, and that he was the J. W. Watts referred to as being one of the three persons having received the highest number of votes cast, and did receive 1,049 votes more than E. A. Cronin, who was now sitting as a member of the college, and that said Cronin, as he well knew, did not receive more votes than he (Watts) received, but received 1,049 less, and that he (Watts), therefore, claimed to be elected as one of the electors. Watts then tendered his resignation as a member of the college, and it was accepted. The president then stated that there was a vacancy in the college, as Oregon was entitled to three electors. Here Cronin asked Cartwright and Odell if they refused to recognize him. They said "No" positively; they refused nothing, but demanded to know by what authority he assumed the right to act as a member of the college. He said "by virtue of a certificate of election." The president demanded to see the certificate, and was refused by Cronin. The president then again stated that there was a vacancy in the college, when Cronin arose from the seat with the college and retired to another part of the room. The vacancy was then filled by the election of Dr. Watts, and the college proceeded to cast the vote for Hayes and Wheeler, as has been reported. Cronin, after a consultation with his defeated colleagues—Klippel and Laswell—had Parker and Miller called in and went on with the Democratic programme. What was said and done by this rump college, formed by Cronin, has already been given. The electors having made a full and correct record of their proceedings, and procured certified copies of the official vote of the State as shown by the Governor's canvass, together with certified copies of the returns from each, all attested with the seal of the State, attached them to their vote for President and Vice President, and forwarded them to the president of the U. S. Senate at Washington, D. C.

The above is a full and particular account of all that took place in the room bearing on the case. When the vacancy in the college was declared, Watts offered to withdraw but as Klippel and Laswell were present and declined to go out, he remained also. Laswell and Klippel apparently took no part in the proceedings except as spectators, and were present without any color of right, considering that the college was private, and the room certainly under control of the majority who had given them no invitation to be there. We suppose they went as a sort of body guard for Cronin, the very disgracefulness of the act he was about to perform making a coward of him. We apprehend, however, that there was no danger as the Republicans are law-abiding, and have full confidence in the legally constituted authorities to correct all abuses and to thwart even this attempted outrage on the people's rights.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to the *Daily News* from Berlin reports that the Russian war office has decided not to permit correspondents to join the army of occupation until it has crossed the frontier. A proposition to submit their reports to a species of censorship was rejected by the Czar himself.

Another diplomatic note from Gortschakoff, explaining the cause and object of military intervention, is expected soon.

The publication of the *Ruski Mir* has been suspended by the government, on account of articles which have appeared in that journal on the composition of the army.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The *Standard's* Pesth correspondent says the Roumanian government has refused to allow the transmission by telegraph of political telegrams since Tuesday. The archives of Bucharest have been removed to Tirgovesti. Four regiments of Roumanian troops and eight batteries of artillery have been concentrated at Kalonat.

The *Standard's* special from Vienna announces that the Austrian minister of finance has concluded a loan of 50,000,000 florins with the Rothschilds.

A phrenologist says the principal bump on George Washington's head is adhesiveness. He alludes to George's head on a postage stamp.

NEW TO-DAY.

ENGLISH BEAVERS, BLACK and BLUE, for Ladies' Sacks, Boys' Overcoats, and for Gents' wear. For sale at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

FOR RENT.

A ROOM FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, with or without board, in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to business. Address J. A. P., Oregonian office.

GER. B'K "WALTER SIEGFRIED."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE ABOVE NAMED vessel must be presented in duplicate at the office of the undersigned consignees before 3 P. M. Friday, 8th inst., or they will not be allowed.
HENRY HEWETT & CO.

BRITISH SHIP "LOCH FLEET."

NEITHER CAPT. ROBERTSON NOR THE UNdersigned Consignees of the above named vessel, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.
HENRY HEWETT & CO.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, MY WIFE, HORTENSE SUTHERland, has left my bed and board without any cause or provocation, I do hereby warn the public against trusting her on my account from this date, Dec. 7th, 1876.
JOSEPH SUTHERLAND.

FOR TILLAMOOK!

THE SCHOONER KATIE L. HERON,

Will receive FREIGHT on and after to-day, Dec. 7th. For particulars apply to SPEADING & FARRELL.

POOL SELLING ON THE

At the Cosmopolitan Hotel Friday Evening, Dec. 8.

Oregon Furniture M'f'g Co.

COR. FIRST AND YAMHILL STS., PORTLAND, OREGON.

Manufacturers and Dealers in FURNITURE, BEDDING, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS.

Furniture for Parlor, Bedroom, Dining-room Library, Kitchen.

Make a specialty of Furniture made in Oregon Ash, Maple, Alder, Spruce, and other Oregon Woods.

Buy your Furniture of us and your money will not be sent away; we pay it out for labor and lumber.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

A LARGE INVOICE OF

Standard and Miscellaneous Bound Books,

Ex Alaska will be sold on SATURDAY, Dec. 9th, at Salesroom, at 1 o'clock.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

NEW GOODS.

Condensed Coffee,
" Milk,
" Chocolate.

For sale by
HACHENEY & STAMME,
Dealers in First Class Groceries,
Corner Taylor and First sts.

Special Holiday Sales

SALE OF

Fine Watches and Jewelry, Ornamental and Fancy Goods, Paintings and Chromos, and a large variety of Goods suitable for the Holidays. Toys and Fancy Goods direct from the importer, will be sold in lots to suit. Dealers, Societies, Committees and Pater Families can obtain their Holiday Goods at low rates.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

TO THE CITIZENS OF WASHINGTON TERRItory and others—I have this day engaged Mr. C. B. FARLEMAN to act as my Agent in Washington Territory for the treatment of Hemorrhoids or Piles, by the "WIGHTMAN PROCESS." Persons suffering from the above terrible disease will do well to call and see him as he visits your towns and cities. Mr. Farleman will be at the Occidental Hotel, Seattle, W. T., on Tuesday, Dec. 12, and stop one week only, and then visit other towns on the Sound.
DR. C. F. WIGHTMAN.
N. B.—Mr. Farleman is perfectly competent, as he treats the disease under my direction.

South Fourth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to establish the grade of South Fourth street, at the intersection with Sheridan street, at 158.5 feet above the base of grades.
By order of the Common Council.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.
Dec. 8, 1876.

South Fourth Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve that part of South Fourth street lying between the south line of College street and the centre line of Sheridan street, by grading, planking the roadway full width between curbs and the construction of sidewalks, crosswalks, aprons and box gutters where necessary. That portion of the street lying six feet each side of the center line to be improved at the expense of the Oregon Central Railroad Company.
By order of the Common Council.
W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.
Dec. 8, 1876.

DISTRICT OF OREGON, ss.—At Portland, Oregon, the seventh day of December, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of The Oregon Iron Works, of Albina, in the county of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, within said district, which has been adjudged a bankrupt upon petition of its creditors, by the District Court of said District.
GEO. WOODWARD, Assignee.

REMOVED.

T. RODGERS HAS REMOVED TO HIS NEW Store on First Street, between Main and Madison, where he has opened a fresh Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES,

and intends to sell them at prices to suit the times. Owing to the little expense I am under enables me to sell Goods at prices that will

DEFY COMPETITION.

I am also manufacturing Ladies' and Children's WORK to order, which I make a specialty, and will warrant a first class Shoe and a PERFECT FIT or no sale. Give me a call.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER, 8, 1876,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

Furniture, Carpets, Dry Goods, Clothing and Merchandise.

ALSO

40,000 Cigars assorted brands, in lots to suit.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

BY ORDER OF THE PROBATE COURT, MADE on the 29th day of November, 1876, I will sell at Public Auction, on the place near Cathlamet, in Wahkiakum county, Washington Territory, on Tuesday, the 19th day of December 1876, at 11 A. M., all the personal property belonging to the estate of Charles McCall, deceased, consisting in part of: 1 horse, 6 steers, 5 cows, 4 heifers, 6 calves, 10 hogs, chickens, 6 stands bees, potatoes and other vegetables, farm tools, furniture, stoves, etc., etc. Terms of sale, Cash.
MARIA J. McCALL,
Administratrix.
Cathlamet, Dec. 2, 1876.

STOVES.

SOAP STONE STOVES.

A FEW OF THESE SUPERIOR STOVES, FOR sale by GEO. ABERNETHY,
Second st., bet. Salmon and Taylor.

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERsigned consignees of the Br. Ship "Herna," will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel.
ALLEN & LEWIS.

JUST RECEIVED AT J. F. D. WRINKLE & Co's NEW

Corner Salmon and First Streets.

A LARGE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS:

In all the New Shades, at 25c per yard and upwards.

FINE FRENCH BLACK CASHMERES 40 in. wide, $1 per yd.

FINE FRENCH COL'D CASHMERES, in all the new shades, at reduced rates.

BLACK ALPACAS, 25c per yd. and upw'ds

BLACK and COL'D EMPRESS CLOTHS.

A full Stock of Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS, in all widths.

COTTON and WOOL FLANNELS, at prices below competition.

WATERPROOFS, in Plaids and Plain colors, 15c to $1 25 per yd.

FELT SKIRTS, 75c and upwards.

COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY, all qualities.

A good quality Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 00 per pair.

Best quality French Two-Button KID GLOVE, $1 50 per pair.

1000 Articles of FANCY GOODS, too numerous to mention.

Ladies' and Gents' FURNISHING GOODS, all prices.

We guarantee our Goods to be just as represented and we DEFY COMPETITION.
J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
Cor. First and Salmon sts.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Sugar Toys, Sugar Hearts,
Crystal and Toys and Hearts,
Glazed Toys and Figures,
Fancy Boxes, Cornucopias,
Wax Candles, Candle-holders,
Christmas Tree Ornaments,
Flower and Dove Baskets,
Gelatin Goods,
French and American Candies,
Walnuts, Almonds, Filberts, etc.,
Plain and Ornamental Cakes,
Lebkuchen and Pfeffernuesse,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION!

Easter Eggs and Sea-water Bay Shells,

IN EVERY STYLE,

AT

ALISKY & REGELE'S
Premium Candy Factory,
No. 105, FRONT STREET.

CHRISTMAS BALL

The First Annual Ball, under the auspices of Neomah Tribe No. 1, Imp. O. R. M. Will be given at

TURN HALLE,

ON

MONDAY, DEC. 25, 1876.

Honorary Committee:
ELI MORRILL, Sachem, Multnomah No. 3.
A. SCHUMAN, Sachem, Willamette No. 5.
E. J. JEFFERY, Rep. Great Council U. S.
J. B. PILKINGTON, P. D. P. S.
Le F. A. SHAW, Past Great Sachem.
W. H. UTTER, Great District Deputy.
G. FRANZ, P. S.

Committee of Arrangements.

W. A. HART S. S.,	M. C. BROWN, J. S.,
JAS. O'LIDDY, P.,	H. HYDE, S. B.
WM. CHURCH, S.	

Reception Committee.

W. H. UTTER, D. G. S.	BEN NORDEN,
E. MENDENHALL,	G. KUDSCHER.

Floor Managers.

WM. CHURCH,	H. HYDE,
C. C. PHILLIPS,	JAS. C. LIDDY.
THEO. BAKKER.	

No expense will be spared to make this the ball of the season.

TICKETS $1 50

Can be procured from Members of the Committee of Arrangements or at the Door.

DANCING SCHOOL.

Prof. L. K. HALPRUNER

Has opened his Dancing School, at

CITY RIFLES HALL.

Children's Classes Saturday afternoon.

GRAND SOIREES every SATURDAY Evening.

School Taxes for 1876.

IN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, MULTNOMAH county, are now due and payable, and I am commanded by a warrant from the Board of Directors of said District, dated November 1, 1876, to collect the same within sixty days from the date of said warrant, and a recent law of the Legislature, approved Oct. 20, 1876, makes it my duty to return to the County Clerk the Delinquent List of all Taxes remaining unpaid at that time, and the law further authorizes the County Clerk to issue his warrant together with the Delinquent List, to the Sheriff, commanding the said Sheriff to collect the same by seizure and sale of property, adding thereto his costs, besides costs of advertising.
Office—88 Front street, with Parrish & Cornell, Real Estate Brokers. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
GEO. W. MURRAY,
Clerk of School District No. 1.

TO MUSIC TEACHERS.

I HAVE RECEIVED SAMPLES OF THE

Automatic Piano Hand Guide,

Invented by Mr William Bohrer, endorsed and recommended by the most distinguished Pianists and Piano Professors of Europe and America.
Call and examine. Illustrated Catalogues sent on application.

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE,

Sole Agency for the

Steinway Pianos and Burdett Organs.

45 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

NOTICE.

Oregon Steamship Comp'y,

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE NO PERSON will be allowed on the Company's Dock during the landing of passengers and baggage from the San Francisco steamers without a pass from this office.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.
Portland, Ogn., Dec. 4, 1876.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS KNOWING THEMSELVES TO be indebted to the undersigned will call at my store, 73 First street, and settle within thirty days, as I am closing up my business.
JENNIE MACNAMARA.

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

BRITISH BARK "VALE OF DOON," CAPTAIN R. E. Barber, from Callao. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned Consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.
RODGERS, MEYER & CO.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

NEW PARIS STORE.

MRS. E. ACH

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISco with a New Large and Well Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR

Of every description, and

WILL OPEN

The Stock for the inspection of the Public

Wednesday, November 22,

in the New and

FINE BRICK BUILDING,

Cor. Morrison and Second Sts.

MRS. ACH is prepared to undersell any other house—rent being low and Goods being purchased at lowest figures.

STAMPING, BRAIDING, & EMBROIDERING

Done to order and in the best style.

Remember the Place and Do.

P. van FRIDAGE.

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.

A Complete Stock in Every Department of

Fall and Winter Styles

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDER CLOTHING.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER
PORTLAND, OREGON.

FLECKENSTEIN & MAYER

12 FRONT STREET,

Jobbers and Wholesale Dealers

IN

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

A Very Large Assortment

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Branch House of LIVINGSTON & CO., San Francisco

PIONEER BAG FACTORY.

W. C. NOON.

FRONT AND VINE STREETS,

Bags, Sails and Tarpaulins

Made and Repaired.

Fishermen supplied with Boat Sails at lowest rates.

Large supply of Ship Duck and Canvas in store.

SOL'S RESTAURANT:

THE BEST ON THE PACIFIC COAST AND THE only one in Portland with

Four Elegant Parlors Attached.

For the use of Families and Private Parties.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

Eastern Oysters a Specialty.

OPEN UNTIL 2 O'CLOCK A. M.

BOOTS & SHOES AT COST!

For the Next 30 Days,

AT THE

City Boot and Shoe Store,

83 FIRST STREET.

A. DIELSCHNEIDER is my authorized Agent to conduct and carry on for me said Business.
ELIZABETH DIELSCHNEIDER.

HOLIDAY GOODS,

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOKS,

STATIONERY

And Fancy Goods,

NOW ARRIVING AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S,

73 FIRST STREET,

RICHARD KNOLL,

DEALER IN

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,

THIRD STREET,

Opposite Masonic Temple, Portland, Oregon.

A Specialty in J. Gundlach & Co's Celebrated Brands of Wines,

Also, WEINHARD'S BOTTLED BEER.

East Portland Assessment Roll.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE ASsessment Roll for the City of East Portland for the year 1876, has been returned to the Board of Trustees by the City Assessor, and will remain open for inspection at the office of the Recorder and Auditor until the first day of January, 1877. All applications for the correction of errors in the valuation and listing of property must be filed with the Recorder prior to that date.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
I. N. SANDERS, Recorder & Auditor.
East Portland, Dec. 6, 1876.

PACIFIC WOOD YARD,

FOOT OF MAIN STREET,

ALL KINDS OF WOOD CONSTANTLY ON hand, sawed and unsawed, and delivered to any part of the city.
R. H. RILEY.

NOTICE.

WE CAUTION EVERYBODY NOT TO BUY a Wheat Receipt given by us to Dr. T. A. Davis for 1,586 28/60 bushels and dated October 21, 1876, as we have bought the Wheat.
E. & H. SELLER,
Harrisburg.

WANTED.

A NURSE GIRL. CALL AT CORNER OF MORrison and Sixth streets.

WANTED.

2,000 TWO THOUSAND DRESSED HOGS, of the Best Grain Fed, heavy and light, for which the highest Market Price will be paid, in large or small lots, delivered at the Pork House of HARVEY & SAMBER
Portland, Nov. 3, 1876. 180 Main street.

TO LET.

TO LET.

ELEVEN ROOMS, IN SUITS or SINGLE rooms, corner of Ash and First streets. Apply to ALEX. P. ANKENY.

A HOUSE TO RENT,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS. Enquire at THOMPSON HOUSE, or to L. PARRISH, House Agent.

ROOMS TO LET

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, WITH OR without Board, cor. Fifth and Jefferson streets, by MARY WETZOFF.

TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT, BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

THE STORE AND DWELLING NOW OCCUpied by Jackson, at Freeport, Cowlitz county, W. T., together with the Stock and Fixtures. A person with small capital can do a safe and profitable business at the place.

FOR SALE.

PARTIES ENGAGED IN THE BUSINESS CAN find a well selected stock of Winter Hats, Bonnets and Trimmings, with a good assortment of Flowers and Fancy Notions, also, Counters, Shelving and Cases, for sale on offers for the next thirty days, low for cash. Address H. E. ... SONS, 105 Third street, box 479.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED ON THE COLUMBIA RIVER, TWO miles above Sulliman's landing, opposite Vancouver, and only 7 miles from Portland. The farm consists of 324 acres, part in cultivation and a good stock range, besides an excellent orchard. On the Farm are a dwelling, barn and warehouse in good condition. Also good water. The Stock includes 26 head of milch cows, a good work horse, sheep and hogs, in addition to farming tools, is complete. Will be sold at a reasonable figure. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE.

ONE VERY FINE FAMILY HORSE; One Buggy and Harness; One Basket Phaeton, two-seated; two Saddles. Apply to D. W. BURRINGTON, at Marquam & Co's, 96 Front street.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ONE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Dwelling and Stock in Warehouse, at Claquato, situated, N. P. R.R. County Seat of Lewis county. 400 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber. 120 acres of Land 1½ mile north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms enquire of Messrs. ALLEN & LEWIS, or GEO. J. HOGUE, Claquato, Lewis Co., W.T.

Toys! Toys and Fancy Goods!

S. W. CORNER FRONT AND ... STS.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES ATTENTION TO HIS Large and well Selected Stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS

Consisting of

FANCY GOODS, ...

WRITING DESKS,

... BOXES,

SHELL ... BOXES,

... TOYS,

OAK ... ,

TOYS, ...

All of which I am offering to the trade

AT REDUCED RATES.

Country Dealers are requested to examine my stock, before purchasing.

KUMMEL & GOTH,

56 First Street, between Stark and Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Manufacturers Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS.

Offer a Complete Stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

a great variety from the costly RUSSIAN SABLE down to the cheap French Coney.

An Extra Fine Quality of

SEAL and MINK SACQUES.

A Large Assortment of

FUR TRIMMINGS,

A Fine Lot of

BUGGY AND BUFFALO ROBES.

Every Article Guaranteed.

All of which will be sold at extremely LOW PRICES.

KARL SEELIG & CO.,

Importers & Wholesale Dealers in

Fine Brandies, Wines & Cigars.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE this day been appointed Sole Agents for Jesse Moore & Co.'s Louisville, Kentucky, Celebrated

WHISKIES,

which we import direct from the Manufacturers, and are therefore able to offer them to the trade at Great Reduced Rates.
Jesse Moore & Co's Brands of Whiskies are considered to be the Purest and Best in the Market, and no Drug Store, Saloon or Family should be without them.
KARL SEELIG & CO.
S. W. cor. Second and Morrison sts.

SANTA CLAUS' EMPORIUM.

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!

WILLIAM BECK & SON

Have just received the Finest Stock of

TOYS & FANCY GOODS

In the State, consisting of all the latest Novelties of '76.

Corner Front and Alder Streets.

JAPAN TEA.

THE CELEBRATED

BRAND

HAS THE HIGHEST EXTENDED REPUTATION of any Tea consumed on the Pacific Coast.

For sale by all Tea Dealers in California, and at Wholesale in Portland, Oregon, by ALLEN & LEWIS and W. K. LEVERIDGE & CO.

C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
Importers, San Francisco

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,

Successors to

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in

Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Etc., Etc.,

Nos. 75 FRONT and 76 FIRST STREETS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

DR. WILSON'S

OFFICE REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT his residence B and Fourth streets, entrance on B street.

AUCTION ...

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

COR. OF FRONT AND ...

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND ...

Sale Days—Wednesday and ...

At Private Sale

Large assortment of Groceries ...
Liberal advances ...
To parties declining business ...
that I will purchase ...
A. B. RICHARDSON

Regular and Peremptory ...

JEWELRY

Furniture, Groceries, Merchandise,

WEDNESDAY, ...

At 10 o'clock ...

BEDROOM, DINING-ROOM AND ... FURNITURE.

ALSO,

200 bxs CANDLES.
175 bxs SOAP.
150 cs OLIVE OIL.
75 hlf bbls SUGAR.
A. B. RICHARDSON ...

North British and ... Fire Insurance

OF LONDON AND ...

CAPITAL ...
Reserve and Surplus ... Jan. 1st, 187...
Total ...
Premium Receipts ...
Losses Paid in ... 8 years ...
EDWARD ...

OREGON ... Fire Insurance

Capital, ...
Assets, ...
Income, 1875, ...
Losses paid since ...

HAMILTON ...
MAN...
78 First Street, ...

UNION Insurance Co.

FIRE AND ...

Capital, ...
Assets, exceed ...

BRANCH OFFICE ...
First National Bank ...
W. ...

THE ... Lives Insurance ...

COMPANY OF ...

FIRE AND ...

Cash Assets, ...

PETER DONAHUE, ...
CHARLES ...

This Company ... the Lowest ... The undersigned ... Agents for ...

General Agents ...
N. B.—Agents ... Territory.

E. J. JAMES ...

IMPORTER ...

Commission ...

AGENTS FOR ...

OFFER ...

TENNENT'S ALE ...
HALL'S ...
IND COOPE & CO' ...
Read Bros. & Co ... pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, ...
RED CAPE OIL ...
Kennessey, ...
GRAND ...
Scotch and ... bulk.
DRY PRIVATE CUVEE ... pints and quarts.
The Finest ... ported to this ... prices.
CURRY POWDER and ...
SAUCES.
SALAD and COD LIVER ...
EPSOM SALTS and ... NESIA.
SAGO and TAPIOCA ...
CORN BRUSHES, ... MATTRESS ...
PIANOS.
PAINTS and VARNISH ...
CHLORIDE OF LIME ...
WHEAT & OAT SACKS ...
Seaming and Bag ...

200 Each of 11 & 12 ...

Best Eastern ...

FOR SALE LOW ...

Shelf and Builders' Hardware

MECHANICS' TOOLS

etc., etc.

JOHN B. ...

67 FRONT STREET, ...

E. M. ...

MRS. E. S. WA...

No. 50 Morrison St., Butterick's ...

HAS JUST RECEIVED A SPLENDID ... ment of HAIR GOODS, ... offering at astonishingly reasonable ...

Price List—Finest Quality ...

22 inches	2½ ounces weight	...
24 "	3 "	...
20 "	3½ "	...
26 "	4 "	...
28 "	4½ "	...
30 "	5 "	...

A handsome collection of CURLS ... The Margarita Wave is the latest ... She begs to announce that she ... ments with a first class Wig Maker ... to receive orders for every kind of Wig ...

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

BRITISH SHIP "SELINE," CAPTAIN ... from Buenos Ayres. Neither ... nor the undersigned consignees of the ... vessel will be responsible for any ... by the crew.
RODGERS, MEYER ...

CITY.

[illegible] Report.—From the treasurer's [illegible] the following sums were [illegible] Catholic Fair held last week in

[illegible] Herman, Misses Annie [illegible]	$ 806 70
[illegible] Carrol, N. O'Neil [illegible]	532 85
[illegible] Mary Maher, Ellen Ry[illegible]	651 10
[illegible] Burke	286 70
[illegible] Mrs. Cahe[illegible] and Miss [illegible]	213 90
[illegible] Raleigh, Mary Car[illegible] Smith	89 65
[illegible] Emma Showers and [illegible]	108 60
[illegible] Cashen, F. [illegible] McCann	350 00
[illegible]	244 45
	$3,229 45
	229 45
[illegible] the air	$3,000 00

[illegible] Report.—From the records of the [illegible] Station of Observation, Portland, [illegible] 7, 1876:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
[illegible]	30,270	30,240	30,240
[illegible]	30,265	30,260	30,260
[illegible]	32°	41°	38°
[illegible]	100	68	81
[illegible]	N.	N.W.	N.
[illegible]	3	4	8
[illegible]	Foggy.	Fair.	Clear.
[illegible]			45°
[illegible]			30°

[illegible]—We learn that Messrs. [illegible] of the board of canal com[illegible] out a writ of mandamus [illegible] River Transportation [illegible] requiring it to show [illegible] list of the tonnage pass[illegible] and locks should not [illegible]

[illegible] Wilcox, and a number of [illegible] of Knights of Pythias [illegible] City this (Friday) evening [illegible] instituting a new lodge at [illegible] will proceed by the ex[illegible] City, and not by steamer [illegible]

[illegible]—During the past [illegible] treasure has been shipped by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s ex[illegible] gold notes, $7,214; gold [illegible]; bullion, $30,-

[illegible]—The three lodges of Good [illegible] have appointed joint [illegible] the purpose of arranging for a [illegible] entertainment, on Sat[illegible] last.

[illegible] the Waverly [illegible] that arrangements [illegible] E. Corbett's stables for [illegible] all should be in [illegible]

[illegible] COURTS.

[illegible] COURT—DEADY, J.

[illegible] motion of U. S. attor[illegible] information against the [illegible] Farish, U. S. commis[illegible] 31st September, [illegible] next Saturday at 10

[illegible] J.

[illegible], Dec. 7, 1876. [illegible] vs. Martin Stansbery; [illegible] and Gleeson; [illegible] answer to com[illegible] allowed ten [illegible]; motion for a new [illegible] vs. Peter Shalbinon; [illegible] A. Pease; cause dis[illegible] W. Lair Hill; cause dis[illegible] Ellis; decree of di[illegible] vs. Coombs et al; re[illegible] M. Carter et al; sale [illegible] Multnomah county; peti[illegible] allowed. [illegible] Ann Pengally; sub[illegible] submit; brief by [illegible] C. H. Perkins et al; [illegible] confirmed. [illegible] Spalding; mo[illegible] sustained. [illegible] Gates; appeal from [illegible] following fees. [illegible] cause dis[illegible] Multnomah county; on [illegible] submitted. [illegible] vs. Calvin H. Reed; cause [illegible] admitted to citizenship.

[illegible] HOSPITAL BOARD.

[illegible] recently held at the [illegible] church by the members of [illegible] for the purpose of electing [illegible] year, General J. E. [illegible] secretary, and Mr. George [illegible] the committees as ap[illegible] Rev. G. F. Plummer [illegible] and Dr. R. Glisan. [illegible] Mr. James Laidlaw [illegible] Sanders, and Mr. George [illegible] Gen. J. H. Eaton, [illegible] P. J. Dawson. [illegible] was appointed vice presi[illegible] the by-laws of the board [illegible] election of twelve mem[illegible] Wednesday of November [illegible] under two heads [illegible] the jurisdiction; the [illegible] parish; and the heads [illegible] church guilds. These, [illegible] bers of the board, who [illegible] of the church. [illegible] who have paid the sum [illegible] within a year previous [illegible] electors elect the four [illegible] the board. [illegible] all moneys belonging [illegible] pays the same upon the [illegible] signed by any one mem[illegible] committee. [illegible] meetings of the board are to be [illegible] quarterly, and special meetings [illegible] any three members of the [illegible] days' notice.

[illegible] NOTES.

[illegible] one that Indian summery.

[illegible] will convene at Salem next [illegible]

[illegible] Oregonian now ready—subscribe [illegible]

[illegible] is receiving freight at [illegible]'s wharf.

[illegible] Club give their first party of [illegible] Hall this evening.

[illegible] the great California race this [illegible] at Cosmopolitan Hotel.

[illegible] the hopeless female inebriate [illegible] in the city jail on a charge of [illegible]

[illegible], who arrived a short time [illegible] has been adjudged insane and [illegible] asylum.

[illegible] will be the feast of the Immaculate [illegible] of the Blessed Virgin Mary; [illegible] obligation to hear mass. Services [illegible] Cathedral at 7, 8 and 10 A. M., [illegible] at 7:30 in the evening.

[illegible] AMUSEMENTS.

[illegible] that even the "Grand Duchess of [illegible] was produced by the opera troupe [illegible] larger attendance than on [illegible] The performance was really [illegible] A communication elsewhere [illegible] well known citizen, who is [illegible] what is necessary to [illegible] seekers, and is enthusiastic [illegible] of the troupe, pre[illegible] here.

[illegible] $7 50 up at Kohn's.

AN INDIGNANT PEOPLE.

MEETING TO EXPRESS CONDEMNATION OF THE ACTION OF GOVERNOR GROVER AND SECRETARY CHADWICK. STIRRING SPEECHES. AN ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD. THE GOVERNOR BURNED IN EFFIGY.

There was but very limited notice given late in the afternoon yesterday, of the purpose to hold a meeting of the people of this city, to express their opinion of the occurrence at Salem on Wednesday, by which it was attempted to defraud a majority of the people of this State of their choice of Presidential electors made at the ballot box one month ago.

At the hour appointed, however, Turn Verein Hall, the place chosen for holding the meeting, was filled with an enthusiastic crowd of men who felt that a wrongful act had been committed by the State officials upon their rights as American citizens.

The meeting having been called to order, W. S. Newbury was chosen chairman, and H. B. Oatman appointed secretary. On motion, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting upon the subject which had called it together.

THE SPEECHES

By Messrs. Gibbs, Williams, Watts, Caples, Dolph, Mallory, Yocum and Mason were earnest and enthusiastic, but, at the same time, were temperate in tone, and advised the people to submit the matter to the peaceful modes of redress, assuring them that if the Democracy anticipated any fruits from the attempted fraud they would find it a false hope, and while the acts of the Governor, Secretary of State and Mr. Cronin would fail to accomplish the object which was sought, the names of those who perpetrated the outrage would be handed down to the future in the history of Oregon covered with ignominy and infamy. Their act in other lands and perpetrated upon a less patient people, would meet with the punishment which it deserved, but there was no legal way to reach them but by an everlasting condemnation of their acts and the consignment of their characters to political degradation forever hereafter. The questions of law touching the electoral vote were discussed by some of the speakers with great clearness, and the usurpation of judicial functions by the executive denounced in severe language.

Ex-Governor Gibbs recited a number of cases in point occurring in this State, where the courts, the constitutional convention and the legislative assembly had decided exactly to the reverse of Gov. Grover's decision, when he gave the certificate of election to a man who received a minority of the votes. And it has been held in a vast majority of cases that a minority could not elect and never held otherwise in case of a Presidential elector.

Dr. Watts gave a clear and detailed statement of all that occurred in the electoral college room at the Capitol, excoriated Senator Kelly and announced that he had been converted in reference to his opinion to Cronin, whom he had once regarded as having some sense of honor and fairness.

Williams denounced the act of the State officials and Cronin as an outrage upon the right of the people to choose their officers, subversive of the liberty of the country and revolutionary in its character.

Dolph felt that it was the most solemn occasion upon which he had ever addressed the citizens of Portland. The action of Grover, Chadwick and Cronin would put the kuklux of the bulldosed parishes to blush, for while the kuklux only tried to disfranchise a few parishes and defraud a few thousand Republicans of their votes these men had attempted to steal the vote of a whole State. Mallory was scathing in his denunciation of the greatest outrage ever attempted to be perpetrated upon any people in the United States, or almost in the world. Caples asserted that the act was not the act of the Democratic party, that Grover was not a representative of that party, but had been foisted upon it by fraud and the use of the party machinery. His description of the manner in which Cronin assumed to be the electoral college of Oregon excited uproarious mirth. Yocum assured his hearers that they had no reason to fear that the act would result as the Democracy expected. Any man with a thimbleful of brains or a spark of patriotism could not but see the fraud of the whole thing, and when the votes were counted at Washington it would be found that Oregon had been cast as the people had voted they should be, for Hayes and Wheeler, and Mr. Cronin's rump vote would go to the waste basket.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

At the conclusion of the speaking the following resolutions were submitted and adopted by a rising vote, only two persons in the vast crowd, as far as our reporter could see, remaining seated when the question was put:

Whereas, L. F. Grover and S. F. Chadwick, entering into a conspiracy to rob the people of the State of Oregon of the rightful results of the late Presidential election, have criminally attempted to thwart the *will of the people* as expressed by them at such election, by attempting to *foist* upon them an *elector overwhelmingly defeated at the polls* for such office; therefore be it

Resolved, That by thus violating their respective oaths of office, and prostituting the high stations occupied by them, they have forfeited the confidence and respect of the people of the State of Oregon, *irrespective of party*, and deserve the condemnation of all honorable men everywhere.

THE EFFIGY

Was hung in the street, and as the crowd was emerging from the hall it was set on fire, and with various derisive exclamations concerning the State officials the crowd dispersed.

MILITARY NOTES.

Second Lieutenant Chas. F. Bonesteel, 21st infantry, having reported at these headquarters in compliance with paragraph 2, special orders No. 162, current series, from division headquarters, from graduating leave of absence, will join his company at Camp Harney, Oregon.

Second Lieutenant Wm. E. Miller, 1st cavalry, en route to join his station—Fort Lapwai—will report to the commanding officer, Fort Vancouver, to take charge of and conduct to Fort Walla Walla all enlisted men at Fort Vancouver belonging to companies of the 1st cavalry and 21st infantry stationed at Forts Walla Walla, Lapwai and Colville. The commanding officer, Fort Walla Walla, is authorized to send in charge of Lieutenant Miller any enlisted men at that post belonging to Fort Lapwai.

UP THE COLUMBIA.

Telegraphic reports from up the Columbia at 6:30 P. M. yesterday, indicate the following state of the weather:

Walla Walla—Cloudy and dense fog, thermometer 30°.

Wallula—Cloudy; snowing a little; thermometer 28°; river has fallen an inch since morning.

Celilo—Cloudy and snowing a little; wind from the East; thermometer 30°; looks more like winter than any day yet; river fell one inch to-day.

Dalles—Cloudy; trying to snow.

Umatilla—Snowing light; thermometer 29°;

Cascades—Clear and cool; wind blowing a gale from northeast; thermometer 32°.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Rodgers, the well-known manufacturer of boots and shoes, has removed to First street, near Main, where he will be happy to wait on old patrons.

The reason why J. F. D. Wrinkle & Co. offer goods at such low figures, is that they pay a low rent and buy at lowest cash prices. We refer with pleasure to their latest announcement.

PERSONAL.

We acknowledge a call last evening from Hon. J. H. Laswell of Eastern Oregon.

Senator James K. Kelly will start for Washington this morning. He will go overland via The Dalles, Boise City and Kelton.

Buy your wife a beautiful set of silverware at B. L. Stone's.

Fashionable custom made suits of every variety at Kohn's Clothing Palace.

Pacific Boot and Shoe House have just received a large lot of new and stylish goods per steamer Ajax, comprising some of the best work ever brought to this city, and need only to be seen to be appreciated. Give them a call, and they will be most happy to show you their beautiful goods.

J. N. Crabb will sell pools on Friday, 8th December, at the Cosmopolitan Saloon, on the great four mile and repeat race, to be run at San Francisco December 9th. Will have the first dispatches of each heat run.

THE OPERA.

City Editor Oregonian:

Whether it is because the citizens of Portland have been so often deceived by one horse shows, claiming to be first-class, or whether it is because they are utterly lacking in appreciation of real merit, that they have not filled Ankeny's theater the past two nights, we will not attempt to discuss. Suffice it that when the Marston opera troupe (so-called) was here, the theater was on several nights—especially the first two—filled to its utmost capacity. Big posters, bigger promises and a great deal of brag preceded that opera (?) company, and our citizens, after witnessing their performances, without reserve confessed their disgust and disappointment. How is it now? Mr. Titus, famous as an operatic manager, brings hither, without any grand flourish—indeed without exerting himself to obtain a subscription list in advance, but depending solely on the good sense and judgment of Portlanders, having himself confidence in the ability of his company to please its audiences—a troupe of more than ordinary merit; indeed, as was proven by their first performance, a first-class operatic company, lacking only the chorus and a grand orchestra, and yet the citizens of Portland seem to be almost totally indifferent to their presence. In consequence of past disappointments, it was perhaps excusable that there was not a crowded house on the opening night, but those who were present were agreeably surprised, and the writer ventures to say he never saw in a Portland theater a better pleased audience. After nearly every act the curtain was rung up again, and when the spectators departed, they did so fully believing that the next night would witness a crowded house. In this they erred, for last night saw no augmentation in the number present, the audience being in the main the same that was present on the opening night. Notwithstanding this fact, "La Grande Duchess" was capitally rendered, and lacking the choruses, was given entire. The company were in excellent spirits and in good voice, and it was really too bad that the house was not jam full. After the many promises that a good company would be patronized, it must be confessed that the promises have not been very sincere. Let no empty benches greet the performers from now on. The writer has reason for saying that, the present season is profitable, the agent, Mr. Titus, as also Mr. Gray, will be only too glad to furnish for a short season a complete opera company, including chorus and orchestra, but it can not be done with such encouragement as has been afforded thus far.

APPRECIATION.

Mr. J. B. Brouillette, Arcade saloon, has just received on the steamer *Ajax* a large assortment of fine cigars.

Ulsters and Overcoats at Kohn's.

Only one price at B. L. Stone's.

For gents' clothing go to Kohn's.

Monastes has received a ship load of Fancy goods. China dinner sets, $25.

Great reduction in Clothing at Kohn's Clothing Palace, cor. First and Morrison streets.

No paste jewelry at B. L. Stone's.

Truly brilliant—the diamonds at B. L. Stone's.

The coffee served by Barnes is good for all. Try a cup at your leisure.

The young man who said there was [illegible] went and took a nip of Noble Whisky to learn the good result. Millard & Vanschuyver are agents, 39 Front street.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. English papers on file, and everything cosy.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M. D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Having purchased the interest of W. H. Andrus, Esq., in the Occidental Hotel, I will be happy to meet my friends in future at this house. THOMAS SMITH.

Dr. Halpruner, chiropodist, is prepared to receive persons at his office, No. 105 First street, for the treatment of all complaints of the feet. Corns, bunions, etc., operated on; also feet treated by the month or year.

W. L. Adams, A. D., A. M., LL. D., corner of First and Salmon streets, is curing the most inveterate chronic diseases of all kinds at a low price, by medicated, electric lightning cream baths, and by combining the German and French with the American improved practice, mixed with a little common sense. His treatment is, in the main, entirely original, and works almost miracles, as his numerous patients will attest. Is extraordinarily successful in treating female complaints.

Sore eyes speedily relieved. The worst form of piles cured, and the most malignant cancers eradicated root and branch without the use of the knife, or the money refunded.

Know all people by these presents, that I, *Santa Claus*, arrived per steamer *Geo. W. Elder*, and have left my *Budget of* Toys and Christmas Presents with Wm. Beck & Son, for distribution in the city of Portland. SANTA CLAUS.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership existing between Joe Oppenheimer and Henry Ackerman, better known as Ackerman's Dollar Store, will be dissolved January 1, 1877. It is imperatively necessary that our stock be disposed of before that time. It being a very large and complete one, comprising in the main elegant Holiday Presents, Crockery, Glass and fine Plated Ware, it will be readily seen that great sacrifices must be made to dispose of it all within the time set.

The attention of the public, and especially of dealers throughout the State, is called to the above.

ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.

RETURNED HOME

Dr. Halpruner has returned to the city from a professional trip up the valley. Persons suffering with any complaints of the feet can have the same treated on or about the 4th or 5th. The Doctor will have his office finished in Aliszy & Hegely's new building, 105 First street.

Returned.

Dr. Wightman has again returned to this city, where he can be seen at his rooms by those suffering from the Piles or Hemorrhoids, or other diseases of the rectum.

N. B. The "Wightman Process" gives immediate relief, and cures in a very short time without the use of the knife, caustic or ligature. Persons living at a distance and suffering, can receive the remedy by express, C. O. D. (No Mail). All letters containing stamp for return postage will be promptly answered. Rooms on Third street between Washington and Alder. P. O. Box 241, Portland, Oregon.

DR. C. W. WIGHTMAN.

CHIROPODIST.

It has been long needed here to have a good chiropodist permanently located where the people can go and have their feet put in good repair. This city has one who has located himself permanently, and who is undoubtedly one of the most skilled chiropodists we ever heard of. With his wonderful medical discoveries he always gives perfect satisfaction, and his prices are quite reasonable.

J. H. BRENNER

Will give the best references in the city as Teacher of

VIOLIN, PIANO & ORGAN.

Northwestern Brass and String Band
Plays the Latest and Best Music.
Prof. PARRISH .... Prompter.
Office—At GRAY'S Music store. nid3m

A. L. FRANCIS,
Dealer in
PIANO AND ORGANS,
Portland, Oregon.

Extra Inducements Offered.

First-class Instruments Sold on Installments, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Old ones taken for part payment. Will visit all parts of the State and Washington Territory.

Pianos and Organs Tuned and Repaired.
Address P. O. Box 255.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

[illegible] & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such, I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. L. HATCH.

LETTER FROM SALEM.

INDIGNATION MEETING AT REED'S OPERA HOUSE—SPEECHES—RESOLUTIONS DENOUNCING COURSE OF GOV. GROVER—MINOR MATTERS.

SALEM Dec. 6, 1876.

No sooner had Governor Grover announced his decision in the Watts case to-day than posters were issued calling an indignation meeting to meet at the Opera House this evening. It was responded to much more general than any one supposed it would be, and at 7:30 o'clock every available seat in the vast building was occupied, while hundreds were unable to secure them. The people turned out almost en masse, a large number of ladies being present with their escorts. Jacob Conser, Esq., was elected president, and Hon. Richard Williams, Hon. J. N. Dolph and others occupied seats upon the platform. Hon. Richard Williams, Congressman elect, was the first speaker introduced, and right lustily did he sail into Gov. Grover for the course he had taken in this national affair. U. S. District Attorney Coghlan, of California, in response to repeated calls, appeared, and with pleasing grace, although earnest disapprobation, did he review the governor's action. Hon. J. W. Watts was then introduced, "which was postmaster" being the opening words of his address. This, of course brought down the house, and he managed to keep his audience amused and interested during his remarks. Briefly and concisely he related the incidents connected with casting to-day's electoral vote, each of which was cast under peculiar circumstances. W. H. Odell was then called on and he added his mite to the intensity of feeling already manifested, and when at length Hon. J. N. Dolph was introduced, the crowd was in just the right mood to listen to his remarks, which cut like caustic. He assailed the Executive front and on all sides, announcing to-day's outrage, but the "cap sheaf" to others heaped upon Oregonians in the past. He made a hasty review of Grover's administration during the past six years, finding therein much to criticise and condemn. He showed no mercy and his remarks were seconded, or sanctioned rather, by almost the entire audience, judging by their frequent and enthusiastic applause.

The committee on resolutions consisting of Hon. J. N. Dolph, Judges Lawson and Joanson, presented the following, which were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, The conduct of Governor Grover in attempting to rob the people of Oregon of their choice of an elector to whom they had given over 1,100 majority of their votes is a glaring outrage upon their rights; is striking a blow at the fundamental principle upon which the government rests—the free suffrage of the citizens—is a direct violation of his oath to support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Oregon and his oath of office, and for which conduct he has rendered himself unworthy to sit among honorable men as a Senator of the United States, and we request that he be, for criminal, dishonorable and unworthy conduct, refused a seat in that honorable body.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Oregon in attempting to steal the electoral vote of Dr. John W. Watts and transfer it to E. A. Cronin have proved themselves capable of as great frauds as their rebel confederates in Louisiana or Florida, and fully justify the charge made by President Grant in his message, that a large percentage of the people remaining in the Union sympathized with the rebellion and made an enemy in the rear almost as dangerous as the more honorable enemy in the front.

Hon. G. W. Lawson followed with a few well-timed and characteristic remarks, which were favorably received, after which the meeting adjourned. It was a display of public indignation unparalleled, perhaps, in the history of our State, and indicated most forcibly the sentiment of the people regardless, perhaps we might say, of partisan feeling. It was with difficulty that the more sedate class of our citizens could restrain and prevent some of Grover's bitterest enemies from hanging his body in effigy in front of his own residence. Numerous threats were made that such a thing would be done, but we are inclined to believe this would have met the disapproval of by far the majority in this our fair city.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Another wedding in town to-day, the parties being James R. Coleman and Miss Eliza Gilbert, both well and favorably known in this city.

The weather is clear and the mornings decidedly frosty.

The Chemeketa Hotel has been literally overrun with politicians during the past few days, and now that the die is cast, they will no doubt migrate in hot haste.

The W. U. Telegraph Co. have occupied new and much more convenient quarters in the Chemeketa block. Gus Wheeler, who manipulates lightning, is one of the most efficient operators on the coast.

Master Willie G. Woodruff has accepted a situation in Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher, parents of our worthy M. "Pap" Thatcher, arrived here from Illinois on the last steamer, and will probably remain in Oregon. The old gentleman is [illegible] years old and looks every inch an American.

Strong Nerves an Attainable Blessing.

There are many who have never known the blessings of strong nerves, having been born with weak ones. Those who have, and through disease, or some other cause, have suffered a loss of nerve power, can by contrast more fully appreciate the magnitude of that loss. The true way to repair it is to invigorate the system through the medium of improved digestion, secretion, and the establishment of a regular habit of body, three results invariably accomplished by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which insures the thorough conversion of the food into pure, nourishing blood, from which the nerves, in common with every other part of the bodily economy, gather vigor, the grand prerequisite of health. The great objection to sedatives and narcotics is that they not only exert no tonic influence, but are always followed by a horrible reaction. Such is far from being the case with the Bitters, the primary action of which is most salutary, and whose after effects are beneficial in the extreme.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.
CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows' Temple)

PROGRESS CLUB ROOMS.

I have taken charge of the Progress Club Rooms, and cordially invite the former guests of the Club and my acquaintances. Lunch from 12 to 1 P. M. The fine Hall and Rooms will be rented to Clubs, also for private Parties, Balls, etc.

H. BRENNER.

FINN[illegible]IN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE.

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

OMNES PROSINT.

WM. PFUNDER,
APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,
Ankeny's New Market Theater Block
Portland, Oregon.
Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

August Flower.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effects: such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Gnawing and Burning Pains at the Pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, Coated Tongue and Disagreeable Taste in the Mouth, Coming up of Food after Eating, Low Spirits, etc. Go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for a bit; large size 75 cents. Try it—Two doses will relieve you. Agents' Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

There is probably no way in which we can benefit our readers more than by recommending to them for general use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. It is adapted to almost all the purposes of a Family Medicine and as a specific for coughs, colds, whooping cough, soreness of the chest, lame stomach, rheumatism, spitting of blood, and all lung difficulties, it has no equal that we ever saw or heard of.

The propriety of giving condition medicine to horses, cattle and sheep was discussed and admitted by many of the Agricultural Societies throughout the State last Fall, and we believe that every case but one they decided in favor of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*. Good judgment.

THROUGH MILLIONS OF MINUTE ORIFICES expels the perspiration. If these become obstructed, skin diseases ensue or the general health suffers. Both these undesirable consequences are averted and the skin preserved or rendered clear and radiant by GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

Seeing is Believing.

If ladies who do not use the fragrant "Sozodont" will compare teeth with those who do, they will see in an instant, more reasons for adopting it than can be composed into a newspaper paragraph.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy, luxuriant hair, prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM preserves and restores the complexion; removes freckles, tan and sallowness; makes the skin soft, white and delicate. Its application cannot be detected.

[illegible] ESTABLISHMENT!

NEW FIRM!

NEW [illegible]!

NEW GOODS!

NEW STORE!

The Old Regime Upset!

PE[illegible]

KE[illegible] & MA[illegible]

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers

[illegible]

IN [illegible]

[illegible]

N. W. CORNER

[illegible] AND [illegible] STREETS

[illegible] has just returned from the East and San Francisco markets with a large and varied stock, consisting

The Most Select Novelties

DRY & FANCY GOODS,

[illegible]

Fine & Fashionable Clothing,

NEWEST and [illegible] Styles

BOOTS & SHOES,

FRESH AND [illegible]

GROCERIES,

And Everything requisite in a First Class Establishment.

REMARKABLE, BUT TRUE!

That the above gives but a faint idea of

The Immense Stock

We have in Store, for we have spared no possible exertions to present those who favor us with their patronage, with the Most

Complete and Freshest Goods

that could be procured in the

Leading Markets of the World

And feeling assured that our Display will be

EMINENTLY SUPERIOR

to any similar event in this city, we cordially invite THE PUBLIC to an inspection of our New Establishment.

OUR MOTTO

Is to [illegible] by strict attention to business and [illegible] all our customers we will endeavor to secure the confidence and patronage of all; and the Public may feel certain that our prices will be always

BELOW COMPETITION.

Agents for

[illegible] UGALL BROS.' [illegible] DRESS [illegible]

[illegible]

We are now in receipt, per Steamer "Ajax," of an Elegant Lot of Seventy-five [illegible] from New York consisting of all the Latest Styles and Novelties.

ALSO, TEN PIECES

[illegible]'s Unrivaled Black Cashmere.

A New Line of BLACK SILKS, of the Celebrated Make of Bonnet's, Ponson's & Guinet's, that we are offering at Very Low Figures.

A Beautiful Lot of NEW TIES, CARDINAL CUFFS and COLLARS, SLIPPER PATTERNS, Etc., Etc.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

[illegible] Astonishing Victories for 1876.

[illegible]

WHEELER & WILSON

HAS TAKEN THE TWO HIGHEST MEDALS AND TWO DIPLOMAS AT THE CENTENNIAL Exposition—The Gold Medal at the California State Fair—The First Premium at each of the County Fairs in California—The Three Medals at the Oregon State Fair given for the Best Family Sewing Machine, Best Manufacturing Machine, and best series of Samples—First Premium at the Washington Territorial Fair—First Premium at Walla Walla—First Premium at Hillsboro and First Premium at Union county Fair.

See the machine for yourself, and believe not opposing Agents who [illegible] believe the defects of the old Wheeler & Wilson are in the [illegible] Shuttle—Plate level with the Table, and patent Oil Guards, preventing the [illegible] soiled by the dripping of oil down the needle bar.

Send orders to

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.

[illegible]

THE FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE OFFICE

HAS REMOVED TO

SHERMAN & HYDE'S MUSIC STORE.

No. [illegible] First Street, near corner of [illegible]

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE INVOICE OF

NEW AND ELEGANT MACHINES,

[illegible]

SMITH BROS.' [illegible]

[illegible]

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Saw Mill, Grist Mill and [illegible] Machinery, [illegible] and Pattern Making.

[illegible]

[illegible] IRON WORKS

CORNER [illegible]

[illegible] Founders, [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]OM,

And the Celebrated

"[illegible]A" BEER

AT THE

[illegible],

FIRST & PINE STREETS.

[illegible]

Well-[illegible] Beer [illegible] Wines and Liquors. [illegible] and see me.

DAN HORN,
[illegible] Pine Building.

LIVERY AND [illegible]

[illegible]

OFFICE AT [illegible]

S. W. Corner of Second [illegible]

All business [illegible]

ORDERS FOR [illegible]

[illegible]

Livery, Hack & Feed [illegible]

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR [illegible]

[illegible]

Northern Pacific Railroad Co.

Pacific Division.

Office of General Superintendent and Assistant Land Commissioner.

KALAMA, Washington Territory, Nov. 7, 1876.

CONSTRUCTION OF THE PUYALLUP COAL [illegible].

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO BARgain [illegible] 50,000 [illegible] Cross Ties; 240 acres Grubbing and Clearing and for Piles, Timber and Lumber required for construction of a Railroad between New Tacoma and the Puyallup Coal Fields.

Full Particulars [illegible] points of delivery, etc., will be furnished on application to [illegible] SPRAGUE,
[illegible] General Superintendent.

OREGON BAKERY.

LIEBE & HOELBING,

(Successors to F. Opitz,)

First street, next [illegible] of Pine, Portland,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

CRACKERS, [illegible] CAKES & PASTRY.

[illegible] FISK,

ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST,

No. [illegible] Street,

[illegible] OF [illegible] OF ORES AND [illegible] metals. Prompt attention paid to orders from all parts of the country. [illegible] Gold Dust and Gold Bars.

The Pacific Boot & Shoe Store

HAVING CHANGED HANDS, ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to GEO. A. PEASE & CO. will see the necessity of immediate settlement. All [illegible] to be paid to the new firm at the old stand, No. 77 First street.

[illegible] GEO. A. PEASE & CO.

[illegible] WOOD YARD

FOOT OF [illegible] STREET.

[illegible] & TAYLOR.

[illegible] WOOD,

Sawed and [illegible] constantly on hand and delivered in any part of the City.

CORRECT TASTE

IN THE OPINION OF THOSE WHO HAVE THE ability to criticise, is [illegible] conspicuous

RED FRONT

that pleases every one in the [illegible]

[illegible]

However, this is simply a question of taste, and as all will admit that the chief end of advertising is to get one's name before the public,

HIMES, THE PRINTER,

after long and painful deliberation, [illegible] method of informing all the Oregonian readers that he has removed his extensive Book and Job Printing Office across the hall from his old place, where, with increased facilities, and a

BUSINESS OFFICE

level with the street, for the purpose of preventing his numerous customers from

LOSING BREATH

by climbing up a long flight of stairs, he is amply prepared to turn out exquisite specimens of all that is neat and artistic in Commercial, Legal and Social

JOB PRINTING.

(To be continued.)

WARRANTED.

The CUTLERY made by

LOUIS J. GEORGE,

First street, between Salmon and Main.

All kinds of Cutlery and Surgical Instruments repaired or made to order.

AT SUNSET.

The shadows fall across the wall,
The lovely twilight shadows;
While fades away departing day
Along the slopes and meadows.
The cricket, shrill, chirps on the hill,
And in the peaceful valley
The homely kine within the shine
Of the last sun rays dally.

A softened light is on the height,
And, with the gloaming blended,
The shine and shade together laid
Tell that the day is ended.
The farewell ray that fades away
Touches the earth with glory,
And bids good night to vale and height.
So ends the day's short story.

O, hour divine! whose softened shine
Precedes the night and shadows,
Whose mellow light fades from our sight,
Creeping across the meadows!
How softly falls along the wall
The heart's ease of thy bringing,
While on the hill the whippoorwill
Its evening song is singing.

O, sunset hour! thy mystic power
Brings back old forms and faces,
And at the hearth our lost of earth
Fill up the vacant places.
White, childish feet adown the street
Come at thy gracious calling;
They gather here, our loved, our dear,
While sunset shades are falling.

Ah, dream in vain! O, bitter pain!
Our souls with sorrow stirring—
Along life's track they come not back
At sunset's hour recurring.
Beneath the cross we suffer loss,
Our hearts are sad and lonely—
The endless day fades not away,
Ours is the sunset only.

—*E. Norman Gunnison.*

LOUISIANA.

Report of the Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The President's message to-day merely announces that the transmits the report of Sherman and others on Louisiana matters. Sherman's report, after relating the causes which took the committee to New Orleans, and mentioning the courtesy of the board in inviting their attendance at its sessions, and in giving every facility for investigation and scrutiny, gives a succinct history of the creation of the returning board committee, and says that after the whites of the South had, by rebellion, forfeited the right to participate in the government they had been compelled, as a condition of restored citizenship, to assent to constitutional amendments giving their late slaves rights of citizenship. The annals of the South specially show there was a wide spread and persistent determination to prevent the colored race from exercising the elective franchise except at their will. This was evidenced by outrages, violence and murders which the Congressional reports show were over 2,100 in a few weeks preceding the election of 1868. It describes in vivid terms the terrorism of that year, and gives figures showing how amazingly the Republican votes were diminished in consequence. Among the cases instanced are the parish of Orleans, which in the spring of '68 gave 3,973 Republican votes, but in the fall gave only 1,178; Caddo, which in the spring gave 298 Republican votes and in the fall [illegible]; in St. Landry, where the Republicans had a registered majority of 1,07, and in the fall not one vote was cast for Grant, and Seymour got 4,787, and the Kuklux killed and wounded over 200 Republicans, hunting and chasing them two days. The report refers to shooting the 11 prisoners. Then Republicans were led to the polls and compelled to vote the Democratic ticket, so that the Democrats obtained a large majority. The colored men have illiterate, that they naturally cling to the party which liberated them, wherever they have a free vote. This state of affairs led to the act of 1870, acquiesced in by both political parties, and passed as amended in 1872, creating a returning board authorized to sit in New Orleans, having supreme authority to canvass the votes cast throughout the entire State, and authorized, if convinced that riot, tumult, acts of violence, intimidation, armed disturbance, bribery or corrupt influence had prevented voters from registering or had materially interfered with the purity or freedom of the election at any of the polls or voting places, or had materially changed the result of the election, to exclude the votes cast at such polls or voting places from the count. This is substantially the law under which the present board organized. Nobody can deny the necessity of some such grounds as a check on such violence as prevailed. In fact the powers of the board are much too restricted to afford full relief against the wrongs it was designed to prevent. It can never add to the returns the votes which would have been polled but for intimidation. To instance this, the report refers to the five bulldozed parishes where there is in each case a large Republican majority in all of them. The entire registration of white voters this year was 55,180, colored 13,244, a majority of 5,110. If Democrats should by intimidation get a majority in each, there should be immense gains if the board rejected all their votes. It would be powerless to administer complete justice by declaring for the Republicans such majority in each parish as they would have had but for intimidation. The returns excluded from the board will be found to be generally from parishes which would on a fair vote give a Republican majority. It should be borne constantly in mind that whilst that tribunal may, upon proof had in exercise of judicial discretion, reject votes for the causes mentioned, it cannot upon so doing count any not actually cast. It will, therefore, readily occur to any one that a careful selection of political managers of certain parishes known to have large Republican majorities, for scenes of intimidation and violence, in the belief that other Democratic parishes within the State would enable them to carry it for their party, even should their majorities in the parishes thus selected be rejected. It was as well be a favorite method of achieving success, and, as we proceed, it will be apparent that such was the mode adopted to carry Louisiana for the Democratic party, whilst from the very nature of the mischief to be remedied, the law could but partially repair it. The statute under which the board acts is so framed as to prohibit the rejection of votes cast at any poll or voting place, unless certain solemn formalities are first complied with, which must be supplemented by testimony of witnesses. The statutes organizing the board declared in substance that whenever, from any poll or voting place, there shall be received by the board the statement of any supervisor of registration or commissioner of election, confirmed by affidavit of three or more citizens, of any riot, tumult, acts of violence, intimidation, armed disturbance, bribery or corrupt influence, which prevent or tend to prevent a peaceful vote of all the qualified voters entitled to vote at such polls, the Board shall proceed to investigate the facts, and if, from such statements and affidavits, they shall be convinced that such cases did not materially interfere with the purity and freedom of such election, or prevent a sufficient number of qualified voters from voting to materially change the result of the election, then the vote shall be compiled; otherwise it shall be their duty to examine further testimony in regard thereto, and to that end shall have power to send for persons and papers, if any of the examination board shall be convinced that such acts of violence, etc., did materially interfere with the purity and freedom of the election at such poll, or did prevent a sufficient number of qualified voters from registering or voting to materially change the result, then the board shall not canvass or compile the votes of such poll, but shall exclude it from the returns.

The investigation of the committee shows that the board is entitled to respect until it violates its obligation. It gives a very favorable account of Wells, mentioning his loyalty during the war, when patriotism cost him much. It says the brilliant achievements and capacity of General Anderson are widely known and universally respected. Both are men of property and above venality. Casanove is an excellent business man of irreproachable character and habits. Kenner is young, intelligent, active and respected. The report proceeds to give the outline of the proofs of intimidation. The idea was to confine intimidation to a few large Republican parishes, and if thrown out, the Democrats would be gainers by the operation, because the Republican majorities would thus be overcome in those parishes. Those selected were "bull-dozed" parishes, where the geographical situation was well suited to this kind of infamy, being adjacent to Arkansas and Mississippi, so that it could be pretended the border ruffians depredated and murdered the negroes. Every species of cruelty was resorted to, and an actual Democratic majority was returned in a place 7,000 Republican. The report is signed by Sherman, Stoughton, Van Allen, Eugene Hale, Garfield, Cortlandt, Parker, Kelly, Sidney Clark and Wilson of Kansas.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 7, 1876.

Gold in New York, 108.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 91; selling, 92.

Silver Coin—buying, 94; selling, 95.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium.

There is still a good degree of confidence and a quiet feeling in monetary affairs. Borrowers are not numerous in the market, and rates for loans and discounts are unchanged. There is some feeling that a permanent modification of rates will take place on the coast in the due course of business before the end of another season, and as one of those who believe that these rates have always been too high to promote the prosperity and growth of this section of our country, we are glad to chronicle the fact that capitalists, as well as others, see the necessity of a reduction to a figure more consistent with those prevailing at the East and in the countries of Europe. Not that they should be put down to those figures, but that the difference should be less than now.

Dr. Linderman, director of the United States mints, is on this coast on his annual tour of inspection. One of the objects of his visit was to purchase silver for the Pacific coast mints. Since his arrival he has purchased in San Francisco ,000,000 ounces of fine silver, and 300,000 ounces more silver, the latter to be delivered at the Carson mint. The amount of the sale is about $3,000,000. The price is not given, but is said to be the market rates. The sellers were Flood & O'Brien, of the Nevada Bank.

The Wheat Market.

The advance in wheat noticed last week has been fairly sustained, though at this writing there are indications that the market has some tendency to decline. Sales have been made at $1 90 in some instances, and we have heard of one or two purchases of choice lots for milling at an advance even on these figures. The quotations to-day are rather below, however, and in the absence of any downward movement abroad, we attribute the increasing indisposition of exporters to buy at full rates to the fact that they are less pressed for time to load the vessels on hand, and hence can proceed more cautiously in buying. The *Reporter* of this week estimates that the exports up to date have been 782,828 centals wheat, and 51,522 barrels flour to Great Britain, and 7,575 barrels flour to Hongkong, against, for like time last season, of 680,498 centals wheat and 9,443 barrels flour to Great Britain, and 2,020 barrels flour to Hongkong. Excess so far this season (flour reduced to wheat) 244,735 centals, and that the receipts at this point have been as follows since the commencement of the harvest season of 1876-7:

	August.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
*O. S. N. Co	27,428	45,240	89,326	21,266
O. C. R. R. Co	1,136	23,707	57,810	81,184
W. T. & L. Co	203	6,598	27,78	58,770
Independent Line	993	7,096	15,768	16,586
O & C. R. R. Co	1,365	29,076	[illegible],990	120 344
Totals	31,115	112,323	210,98[illegible]	143 170

*Upper Columbia river.

The above gives a grand total for the first four months of the season of 627,588 sacks, equal to 784,485 centals, which added to flour received (receipt by month under flour) for a like time gives the following:

Wheat, centals	784,485
Flour, reduced to wheat	252,556
Total	1,040,041

There are now 5 or 18 vessels of the grain fleet in the river, and those on the berth are having quick dispatch.

Other domestic products than breadstuffs have been in active demand, and generally prices have been kept up to former quotations, with an advance for some commodities, as will appear by our quotations.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—Market unsteady and a wide range of prices prevailing; choice shipping or milling $1 8 @$1 87½; common $1 75@1 80 per cental.

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands, $5 50 ⅌ bbl; good outside and country brands, $5 00@5 25; fine and superfine, $4 25@4 50.

OATS—Surprise, 50c per bushel; good white, 45 to 47½; black, 40@42½.

POTATOES—Market well supplied at 25@40c per bushel.

ONIONS—As to quality, $1 25@1 50 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Choice timothy, baled, $16@$17; loose, $13 @$14.

LARD—Oregon made, fresh, in tins, 15c ⅌ lb; in kegs, 15c.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 4@5c; pitless, 10@14c ⅌ lb.

DRIED APPLES—In sacks 5c, kegs 6½ ⅌ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 15@18c ⅌ lb; brine, 22@25c; roll, 25@28c; fancy dairy, 30@35c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ⅌ lb.

BACON—Market weaker, at 16@17c for sides; 16@17c for hams, and 11c for shoulders.

CHICKENS—Have been coming in very plentifully, quotable at $2 50@$3.

EGGS—Quotable at 35 cts per dozen.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ⅌ lb on foot 1½c; dressed hogs, 6@7c ⅌ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ⅌ head.

WOOL—Choice Willamette valley 20@22c; Eastern Oregon and Walla Walla, 14@18c, all according to quality and condition.

BARLEY—Choice brewing, $1 20@1 25; feed, $1 15 @1 20 ⅌ cwt.

MILL FEED—Bran, $14@15 ⅌ ton; shorts, $22 50@$25; chopped, middlings, etc., $27 50; oil cake meal, $37 50@$40.

HOPS—Quotable at 18@20c.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 13c ⅌ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green, salted, 4@6c; elk, 10 @12c ⅌ lb; deer, 16@25c ⅌ lb for dried, and 50@75c each, green; mink skins, $1 50 each; otter, $4@5 each; beaver, 75@$1.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship will sail for San Francisco on Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, with freight and passengers.

The British bark Kohinoor cleared yesterday for Queenstown.

The British ship Desdemona has cleared at Astoria for Liverpool direct.

The Br bark Cochrina cleared yesterday for Queenstown, making the thirty-first vessel of the grain fleet to clear this season against twenty one up to a corresponding date in 1875.

The following vessels have arrived this week: Selem, Sutterworth, Adele Sabine, Gunguer, Ella, Loch Fleet, Glencoe, and Lupata. They are all foreign vessels.

The Br. Ship Vale of Doon has been taken to load flour for Liverpool.

The Br bark Alice Davies has been chartered to load wheat for Liverpool.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7.—Arrived—Str Geo. W. Elder, Astoria; str City of Panama, Victoria; ship Commodore, Seattle; ship Highland Light, Philadelphia; ship D G Bonanza, Liverpool; ship Voyager, Liverpool; bk Helen W. Almy, Honolulu; Fr bk Qu[illegible], Bordeaux; ship Continental, New York; Br ship Wasdale, Liverpool; Br ship Mi[illegible], Liverpool; ship Reaper, Liverpool; Br ship Agnes Oswald, Glasgow; Italian brig Nuovo Ghilio, Callao; ship Lookout, Sohome; bk Childace, Callao; Br str Gaelic, Yokohama.

Sailed—Schr Toujours, Port Blakely; str Empire, Coos Bay; Br bk Comorin, Cork.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 7—Flour—Extra, jobbing, $6@7, according to brand.

Wheat—Firm at $2 05@2 12½; sales at both figures.
Barley—Feed, $1 15@1 25; brewing, $1 20@1 30.
Oats—Light to choice heavy, $1 45@1 95.
Hay—$9@16.
Potatoes—90c down to 40c.
Butter—Fresh roll, 30@40½.
Eggs—Fresh California, 45c.
Gold—107½.
Legal tenders—92¼@92½.
Silver—Trade dollars, 93@$1; halves 93½@9-.
Liverpool wheat to day 10s 10d@11s 1d for average California 11s 1d@11s 3d for club.

EXPORTS.

Per Br bark Cochrina, dispatched to Queenstown for orders by Corbitt & Macleay Dec. 6th—58,361 bushels wheat; value $57,099.

Per Br bark Kohinoor, dispatched to Queenstown for orders by Henry Hewett & Co. Dec. 6th—33,787 bushels wheat; valued at $26,403.

Per Iron ship Desdemona, cleared from Astoria Dec 4th with the following cargo, for Liverpool: 11,409½ bbls of flour, $62 749; 6,263 cases of beef in tins, $52,310; 223 cases salmon, $1,338; 260 cases mutton, $2,730; 45 cases ox tongues, $3,5; 20,480 centals of wheat, $40,960; 10 hlf bbls salmon, $70. Total value of cargo, $160,172.

MARX & JORGENSEN,

No. 26 North Front Street, Portland. Ogn.

Sole Agents for

CHAS. REBSTOCK & CO.,

St. Louis, Mo.

AMERICA'S FINEST WHISKIES,

Stonewall Old Fashion Copper Whisky.

Nelson Co., Ky.

Snow Hill Fire Copper Bourbon,

Paris, Ky.

Importers of Foreign Wines & Liquors.

Depot of Julius Dressel's

SONOMA VINEYARD.

CHAS. S. BRAY,

Professor of Music,

Will furnish Balls and Parties with Music of the first quality, as heretofore. Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDES', or at residence Fourth and Morrison streets.

At Cost for Holidays.

SPLENDID GOODS

FOR THE

APPROACHING HOLIDAYS!

AT

C. C. BARRETT'S.

Elegantly Bound Gift Books, Standard Works in every Variety of Binding, Family Bibles, Pocket Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books, Hymn Books, Catholic Prayer Books, Juvenile Toy Books, Games, Alphabet and Building Blocks, in Endless Variety.

Also, call special notice to our Large Stock of

Staple and Fancy Stationery,

Photograph Albums, Writing Desks, Portfolios, Glass Inkstands, Gold Pens and Pencils, Chess Boards, Bone and Wood Chessmen, Russia Leather Portmonnaies, Purses and Wallets, Globes and Maps.

Latest Styles

Plaid, Granite & Crep Papeteries

Perpetual Diaries, Reward Cards, Pictures, Opera Glasses, Work Boxes, Fine Pocket Knives, Bank Books, Memorandum and Pass Books.

LARGEST STOCK OF TOYS IN THE CITY.

m6dt aul

DR. WARNER'S HEALTH CORSET,

(CANFIELD SANITARY CORSET.)

With Skirt Supporter & Self-Adjusting Pads. Secures Health and Comfort of Body, with Grace and Beauty of form. Three Garments in one. Approved by all physicians.

HAS BEEN AWARDED THE GOLD MEDAL at the Centennial Exhibition, for being the best Promoter of Health, Comfort of Body with Grace and Beauty of Form. Two million five hundred thousand now being worn by the most intelligent ladies of our land. London Cord $2 00; Sateen $1 75; Child's Waist $1 50. Dr. Warner's Health Corset and Child's Waist sent by mail post-paid, if no agent near you.

MRS. M. A. WARNER, Portland, O.

PRICE REDUCED—Great American. 25 cts Stationery Package; one for 20 cts; four for 75 cts; six for $1. Ladies' Alpaca Suits, $8, at

WARNER'S.

ASTONISHING RESULTS

FROM THE USE OF WARNER'S HAIR PRODUCER. Heads that were perfectly bald three months ago are now covered with a heavy growth of Hair. Falling hair entirely checked in every case yet treated. Address or call at 51 Morrison st.

MRS. E. S. WARE,
Practical Hair Worker.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!

The Holidays are Approaching

AND YOU WILL WANT JEWELRY & WATCHES at the very lowest prices. My expenses in every way being light, and having purchased goods from first class houses at low prices, I am enabled to undersell all others.

I PROPOSE TO DO WHAT I SAY.

A. BESENBINEN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

127 First st., Montastes' Building.

Repairing done prompt and satisfactorily.

JOHN B. MILLER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

No. 03 First St., National Bank Building,

Has just received a large and well selected stock of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches

Manufactured by the most Celebrated Makers in Europe and America. Also,

Watch Chains and Jewelry, Latest Styles,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

CLOCKS of all descriptions known to the trade. Watches and Jewelry cleaned and repaired and warranted.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors, with Dinner at 12 M. Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietors.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

SALEM, OREGON.

To the Citizens of Salem and the Traveling Public: THE RUMOR THAT I AM IN THE CHEMEKETA Hotel is false. I am still keeping the Commercial Hotel as usual, at $1 00 per day, board and lodging, according to room. I keep no second-class house in the State. Call and see for yourself, and if not satisfied no charges made.

d2c1m WESLEY GRAVES, Proprietor.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON,

Oak Street, 2d door west of Neppach's Drug Store.

WITH SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN the business the undersigned warrant their numerous friends an excellent lish of

Shoalwater Bay or Eastern Oysters

prepared in every style known to epicureans. We are prepared to supply Oysters in any quantity.

WALLER & SON.

EASTERN OYSTERS by every Steamer.

St. Charles Hotel Restaurant,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. J. FLEUROT..........PROPRIETRESS.

THE DINING HALL

Has been removed to the Ground Floor—a Private Stairway from the Ladies' Parlor leading thereto.

It has been determined to spare no pains in making this

The Best Restaurant in the City.

Free Coach to and from the House.

REMOVED

To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows Hall,

FOURNIER & WILBRON'S

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the house promptly attended to.

THOMPSON'S 2-BIT HOUSE.

No Deception There. Sit yn Muck-a-Muck and here's your Bill of Fare.

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; also for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every other day, with plenty of hot tea and coffee for dinner, water if you call for it, with fresh rolls and cakes in abundance. Now's your time to get the rinkles out of your bellies after the hard winter.

Board and Lodging, per Week, $5 00

Board, $4 00; Day, $1 00.

N.B.—Having started a Labor Exchange, I request the owners of Fisheries, Sawmills, Bosses in Logging Camps, and Farmers in want of hands, old Farmers, Ranchers and Batches, in want of wives and housekeepers, to send me word by post or otherwise, and I will try to supply their wants. No pay required.

Sailors will find this Temperance House with every chance of employment on shore.

METROPOLIS HOTEL.

Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repainted and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week	$6 50
Board per week	4 50
Board and Lodging per day	1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

BANKS.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital..........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE..........London.
BRANCHES..........Victoria, B. C., San Francisco and Portland.

AGENTS.

NEW YORK CHICAGO CANADA	Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA	London, Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND	Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND	British Linen Company.
ENGLAND	National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL	Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposit received on current account, subject to check.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits at six per cent (6 per ct) per annum for periods of three months and upwards.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K. TOWNSEND, Manager.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK,
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO.

Bills of Exchange.

Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

LONDON, HONG KONG.
PARIS, BASEL.
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent United States.

President..........HENRY FAILING.
Cashier..........JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in the Atlantic Cities.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS Drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN.

THE WEST SHORE, OREGON'S

HANDSOME ILLUSTRATED PAPER, SHOULD be in EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

WE FURNISH 20 PAGES OF THE CHOICEST reading. EVERY NUMBER CONTAINS BEAUTIFUL Illustrations of SCENERY AND OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST—OVER 50 OF them in a year.

SHALL OUR MONEY GO AWAY FROM HOME WHEN WE HAVE TALENT AND Artists OF MERIT AMONG US? THE RESOURCES OF THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST is something EVERY RESIDENT OF THIS SECTION IS Interested in, and THE WEST SHORE pays particular attention to that department.

It is a most Excellent Family Journal,

And just the kind of Paper to send abroad. Now is the time to

WEST SHORE

Send to obtain OUR HOLIDAY NUMBER, which will be a Mammoth 24-page Paper, with over 60 Engravings. It will be sent to every subscriber without extra charge, or for 50 cents to non-subscribers. Money can be paid to any Postmaster, or sent direct to this office in a registered letter, at our risk.

Subscription, per annum $1 50. Specimen copy, 20 cents. L. SAMUEL, Publisher,
d16d wlm Portland, Oregon.

PORTLAND

CITY DIRECTORY

For 1877.

IN PRESS, AND WILL BE PUBLISHED ON or about JANUARY 1, 1877, the

PORTLAND CITY DIRECTORY for 1877,

Embracing a General Directory of Residents, a Directory of East Portland; together with a Business Directory and other Statistics relative to the Progress and Present Condition of the city.

This being the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL ISSUE of the above work, the Publisher will spare no expense to render it FULLY RELIABLE and ACCURATE, his sole aim being to make the DIRECTORY useful to every citizen in Portland as a faithful annual index of the commercial condition of the city.

The CANVASSING for NAMES in this city and East Portland will be entrusted to reliable parties so as to ensure correctness in every detail.

Mr. A. BUSHWILER will solicit for Advertisements, and the Publisher hopes that the same patronage may be extended to the contemplated issue that has been received during the past fourteen years.

Please report all alterations in Firms or Business, Removals, etc., at the FRANKLIN BOOK STORE, 41 First street.

Good Advertising!

$3,250 40 worth of space in various newspapers distributed through thirty States, will be sold for $700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A list of the papers, giving daily and weekly circulation and printed schedule of rates, sent free on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row, New York.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

HAVING ESTABLISHED OFFICES IN ALL parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho Territories, we are prepared to do a General Express and Freighting business in all its branches.

Freight or Packages will be called for in any part of the city (by giving proper notice) and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the world, through our own and connecting Expresses, at Greatly Reduced rates.

COLLECTIONS MADE, and Commissions for Purchase of Goods, etc., etc., will receive prompt attention.

We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS, FARGO & CO

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of A. S. McClure. Whereas the said A. S. McClure having been adjudged a bankrupt under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1867. Notice is hereby given that the said A. S. McClure has filed his petition for a discharge from all his debts provable under said Act, and that the 20 day of December, 1876, at the office of H. H. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in Portland, District of Oregon, has been appointed for the hearing of said petition, when and where the creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

RALPH WILCOX,
D11d2s Clerk of U. S. District Court.

K. of P.—EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 1, MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in Castle Hall, corner of First and Taylor streets. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend.

J. P. ROOKES, C. C.
GEO. S. H. JACKSON, K. of R. and S. d2d1m

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. of F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of [illegible] N G

RAILROAD.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY), as follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	[illegible] P. M.
Roseburg	5:30 A. M.	Portland	[illegible]

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4:30 P. M.	Albany	[illegible] P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	[illegible] A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	[illegible] P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	[illegible] P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Supt.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	[illegible] A. M.	Tacoma	5:00 P. M
Tacoma	7:00 A. M.	Kalama	12:30 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:

Cabin..........$[illegible] 00 | Steerage..........$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

UNDERTAKER.

JOHN EWERY. A. P. DELIN. [illegible] ERANOLD

EWERY, DELIN & GARFIELD,

Cabinet Makers & Undertakers

DEALERS IN

Metallic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases and all kinds of Undertakers' Goods. All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order. Furniture Repaired.

Corner Washington and Second Sts., Portland, Ogn.

E. COOKE. [illegible] CRAFT

COOKE & CRAFT,

UNDERTAKERS,

Dealers in Undertakers' Goods,

77 Second st., bet. Washington and Stark,

Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 44.

NEW CARDS.

[illegible] M'BRIDE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Montgomery's Brick, First and [illegible] Portland. n17d3m

---

H. H. NORTHUP. [illegible] GILBERT

NORTHUP & GILBERT,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Room No. 8 Dekum's Building,

Portland, Oregon. n10 [illegible]

SYL. C. SIMON. [illegible] WALDO

SIMON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Dekum's Building.

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,

Attorneys at Law,

Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilman's Building, corner First and Alder Streets, Portland.

F. A. CHENOWETH,

Attorney-at-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

J. SIMON & CO.,

41 Front Street,

Dealers in

PAINTS, OILS, [illegible]

German, French, and American

WINDOW GLASS,

Crystal Sheet, Enameled, Stained and Cut GLASS. All Sizes of

LOOKING GLASS.

Glazing done to order at San Francisco Prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

L. HEXTER. L. MAY.

HEXTER & MAY

Have just opened at

88, 90 and 92 FRONT ST.,

An Entire New and Large Stock of

TINWARE,

Metals, Stoves and Ranges,

TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,

Japanned Ware, House Furnishing Goods

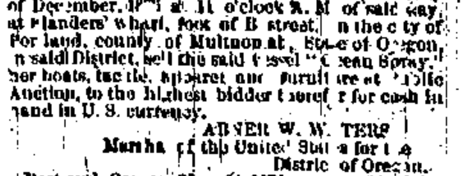
Special Orders Promptly Executed.

IN ADMIRALTY.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICE OF SALE. United States of America, District of Oregon, ss. Whereas, an order was issued on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1876, by the Hon. District Court of the United States for the District of Oregon, in a cause pending in said Court, wherein William Gallagher, C. F. Williams, et al., are the plaintiffs, and a vessel called the "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture are defendants, commanding that, in order that speedy justice be done in the premises the said "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture should be sold, in accordance with a decree of said Court therein entered on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1876. Now, therefore, I hereby give notice that, in pursuance of such order, I will on SATURDAY, the 9th day of December, 1876, at 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, at Flanders' wharf, foot of B street, in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, in said District, sell the said vessel "Ocean Spray," her boats, tackle, apparel and furniture, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder therefor for cash in hand in U. S. currency.

ABNER W. W. TERRY,
Marshal of the United States for the District of Oregon.

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 24, 1876 n24d[illegible]



CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,

Cor. Third and Ash streets, Portland, P. O. Box 185

DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the I. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty Billiard, Virginius Pool Tables, etc., etc.

HOUSE MOVING.

WM. O. ALLEN.

HAVING SECURED A LARGE ADDITION OF Machinery to my already extensive set of the latest improved Tools for raising and Moving Buildings and other heavy bodies, and having full experience in the business, I am prepared to do the same with dispatch. Those having work in my line will please consult me before letting contracts, as I am prepared to do work at a still greater reduction in prices. Office and residence, southeast cor. Sixth and Alder, Portland. o3d1m

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MONEY.

$5,000 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY Property. W. LAIR HILL.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S Steamer

AJAX.

PETER MACKIE..........Commander

Will leave Portland and Warehouse and Dock (Company's Wharf) at foot of F street, for the above port

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1876.

At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

G. O. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

P. C. STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO,

VIA TACOMA.

THE SPLENDID & DRY STEEL Steamship

DAKOTA,

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer Welcome on

FRIDAY, DEC. 8, AT 6 A. M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco:

Cabin..........$35 00 | Steerage..........$ 00

Tickets for sale at Office, Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets to Japan, China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from Company's Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 6 A. M.

For [illegible] Towing Vessels between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, [illegible]

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

ON AND AFTER [illegible]

PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT FOR THE DALLES—Daily (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, [illegible] and Clatskanie way—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Ainsworth's Wharf

[illegible]

[illegible] 10, [illegible]

At 5 o'clock A. M.

[illegible] & CO.

E. J. HALL, Portland Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet

THE [illegible] VANCOUVER,

[illegible], Master

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily (Sundays excepted) at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible],

[illegible] PACKERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

We have Superior Facilities for Smoking, Covering, Canvasing and [illegible] Beans.

Government Provisions strictly Attended to.

Brick Building, 1[illegible] Front St., Cor. [illegible], n9d3m Portland Oregon.

W. W. [illegible]

PORK PACKER.

Packing House—On G, bet. Fourth and Seventh.

Highest Cash Price paid for Fat Hogs. d&w

[illegible] JOHNSON,

Stalls 32, 37, and 38 Central Market.

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKERS OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Produce.

[illegible] HOLLOCH,

Washington St., near [illegible],

Is prepared to supply

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

[illegible] KELLER,

Cor. [illegible] and [illegible] streets,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. E. GALLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS, KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

Salem Flouring Mills Co

SALEM, OREGON,

Millers & Exporters

OF

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

WHEAT

Bought at

Portland Agency, Ankeny's Buildings.

A. W. KINNEY, Agent, Salem. M. J. KINNEY, Agent, San Francisco.

EVERDING & FARRELL

DEALERS IN

Wheat, Flour, Mill Feed,

BACON,

Hay, Straw, Oats, &c.

FRONT AND ALDER STS., PORTLAND

[illegible]

[illegible] ESTABLISHMENT,

27 and 29 Fremont [illegible] between Front and [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO.

W. SPAULDING [illegible] inserted in circular [illegible] REPAIRING, in all its branches, Re-Toothing, [illegible] CIRCULAR SAWS [illegible] Mulay, Gang, Buck, [illegible] finds, together with a [illegible] yours at lowest market [illegible] Cast-Steel faced PLANING CUTTERS always [illegible] short notice.

N. B.—KNAPP, [illegible] mission Merchant, Portland, [illegible] authorized Agents for Oregon, [illegible] Orders sent through [illegible] wise filled at same rates as if [illegible]

To the [illegible]

[illegible]

SEMINAL [illegible]

Seminal Weakness, [illegible] This solitary vice, or [illegible] practiced by the youth, [illegible] unlimited extent, [illegible] by the following [illegible] combatted by [illegible] low [illegible] the head, [illegible] of leaves and [illegible] the [illegible] blunted [illegible] approaching [illegible] memory, [illegible] tions about the [illegible] coughs, [illegible] frequent [illegible]

[illegible]

NERVOUS AND [illegible]

DR. [illegible]

ESSENCE [illegible]

CURES NERVOUS [illegible] Seminal Weakness, [illegible] tency, the result of [illegible] excesses in mature [illegible] produce, the following [illegible] Venereal, [illegible] dreams, Pimples on [illegible] Defective Memory, [illegible] the heart, Loss of [illegible] males, Confusion, [illegible] Paralysis, etc., [illegible] happy.

THE ESS[illegible]

WILL CURE all [illegible] ments, and WILL [illegible] positively and [illegible] is the only sure and [illegible]

Price, $5 per bottle, [illegible] Sent to any address, [illegible] receipt of price, which [illegible] registered Letter or [illegible] and only of

[illegible]

No. 446 [illegible] Office hours from [illegible] Sundays from 10 to 1 [illegible]

YOUNG [illegible]

[illegible]

CITY ADV[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY [illegible] assessment roll [illegible] duly filed, and will [illegible] office until January [illegible] applications for [illegible] Particular attention [illegible] section of Ordinance No. 1[illegible]

Section 2. Any person [illegible] by the assessment, [illegible] may apply to the Common [illegible] the same.

Such application [illegible] erty subject to [illegible] by, in the hands of [illegible] applicant, and a [illegible] item or items [illegible] which said application [illegible] by oath or affirmation [illegible] filed with the Auditor [illegible] ry following the [illegible] mon Ball.

Portland, Dec. 1, 187[illegible]

AVERILL [illegible]

ALL SIZES [illegible]

Mixed Ready [illegible]

Has Stood the Test [illegible]

AND HAS NO [illegible]

Send for Price List and Sample Card [illegible]

[illegible] DAVIS & [illegible]

71 Front Street, Portland, [illegible]

Wholesale Druggists

And Dealers in Paints, Oils, [illegible]

GENERAL AGENTS FOR [illegible]

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